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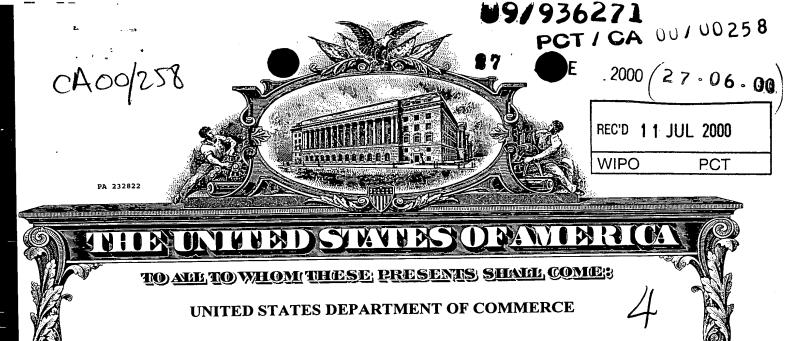
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REQUEST FOR PROVISIONAL APPLICATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(c)

BOX PROVISIONAL PATENT APPLICATION

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

Dear Sir:

1-4 This is a request for filing a Provisional application for patent under 37 CFR § 1.53(c) entitled NOVEL HUMAN KALLIKREIN-LIKE GENES by the following inventor(s):

Fåll Name Of Inventor	Family Name YOUSEF	First Given Name ny George	Second Given Name M
Residence & Citizenship	City Toronto	State or Foreign Country . Ontario Ganada	Country of Citizenship Egypt
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- \boxtimes Enclosed is the Provisional application for patent as follows: 42 pages of specification, and 16 sheets of drawings. 1.
- Ø A Verified Statement that this filing is by a small entity (37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) is attached.
- \boxtimes Payment of Provisional filing fee under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16(k):

Attached is a check in the amount of \$ 75.00. Please charge-Deposit Account No. 13-2725.

PAYMENT OF THE FILING FEE IS BEING DEFERRED.

 \boxtimes The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees as set forth in 37 CFR §§ 1.16 to 1.18 which may be required by this paper or credit any overpayment to Account No. 13-2725.

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6.		Also Enclosed:				
7.		The invention was made by the following agency of the United States Government or under a contract with the following agency of the United States Government:				
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		YO	JSEF et al.	•		
		Вут	heir Attorneys,	مار الرحم إنطيهايكم سجاحة		
	April 1, 1	310 90 S Min (612	RCHANT, GOULD, SMITH, EDELL, WELTER & SCHMIDT, P.A. Norwest Center outh Seventh Street neapolis, Minnesota 55402) 332-5300 Douglas P. Mueller Reg No. 30,300 DPM:vvh			

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MSH File: KALLIKREIN

TITLE: Novel Human Kallikrein-Like Genes

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to nucleic acid molecules, proteins encoded by such nucleic acid molecules; and use of the proteins and nucleic acid molecules.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Kallikreins and kallikrein-like proteins are a subgroup of the serine protease enzyme family and exhibit a high degree of substrate specificity (1). The biological role of these kallikreins is the selective cleavage of specific polypeptide precursors (substrates) to release peptides with potent biological activity (2). In mouse and rat, kallikreins are encoded by large multigene families. In the mouse genome, at least 24 genes have been identified (3). Expression of 11 of these genes has been confirmed; the rest are presumed to be pseudogenes (4). A similar family of 15-20 kallikreins has been found in the rat genome (5) where at least 4 of these are known to be expressed (6).

Three human kallikrein genes have been described, i.e. prostatic specific antigen (PSA or KLK3) (7), human glandular kallikrein (KLK2) (8) and tissue (pancreatic-renal) kallikrein (KLK1) (9). The PSA gene spans 5.8 Kb of sequence which has been published (7); the KLK2 gene has a size of 5.2 Kb and its complete structure has also been elucidated (8). The KLK1 gene is approximately 4.5 Kb long and the exon sequences and the exon/intron junctions of this gene have been determined (9).

The mouse kallikrein genes are clustered in groups of up to 11 genes on chromosome 7 and the distance between the genes in the various clusters can be as small as 3-7 Kb (3). All three human kallikrein genes have been assigned to chromosome 19q13.2 – 19q13.4 and the distance between PSA and KLK2 has been estimated to be 12 Kb (9).

A major difference between mouse and human kallikreins is that two of the human kallikreins (KLK2 and KLK3) are expressed almost exclusively in the prostate while in animals none of the kallikreins is localized in this organ. Other candidate new members of the human kallikrein gene family include protease M (10) (also named Zyme (11) or neurosin (12) and the normal epithelial cell-specific gene-1 (NES1) (13). Both genes have-been assigned to chromosome 19q13.3 (10,14) and show structural homology with other-serine proteases and the kallikrein gene family (10-14).

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In efforts to precisely define the relative genomic location of PSA, KLK2, Zyme and NES1 genes, an area spanning approximately 300 Kb of contiguous sequence on human chromosome 19 (19q13.3 –q13.4) was examined. The present inventors were able to identify the relative location of the known kallikrein genes and, in addition, they identified other kallikrein-like genes which exhibit both location proximity and structural similarity with the known members of the human kallikrein family. The novel genes exhibit homology with the currently known members of the kallikrein family and they are co-localized in the same genomic region. These new genes, like the already known kallikreins have utility in various cancers including those of the breast, testicular, and prostate.

The kallikrein-like proteins described herein are individually referred to as "KLK-L1 to KLK-L5", and collectively as "kallikrein-like proteins" or "KLK-L Proteins". The genes encoding the proteins are referred to as klk-l1 to klk-l5 or kallikrein-like genes or "klk-l genes".

Broadly stated the present invention relates to an isolated nucleic acid molecule which comprises:

- a nucleic acid sequence encoding a protein having substantial sequence identity preferably at least 60% sequence identity, with an amino acid sequence of KLK-L1 to KLK-L5 as shown in Tables 2 to 6;
- (ii) a nucleic acid sequence encoding a protein comprising with an amino acid sequence of KLK-L1 to KLK-L5 as shown in Tables 2 to 6;
- (iii) nucleic acid sequences complementary to (i);
- (iv) a degenerate form of a nucleic acid sequence of (i);
- a nucleic acid sequence capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions to a nucleic acid sequence in (i), (ii) or (iii);
- (vi) a nucleic acid sequence encoding a truncation, an analog, an allelic or species variation of a protein comprising with an amino acid sequence of KLK-L1 to KLK-L5 as shown in Tables 2 to 6; or
 - (vii) a fragment, or allelic or species variation of (i), (ii) or (iii).

Preferably, a purified and isolated nucleic acid molecule of the invention comprises:

a nucleic acid sequence comprising the sequence of Figure 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 wherein T can also be U;

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- (ii) nucleic acid sequences complementary to (i), preferably complementary to the full nucleic acid sequence of Figure 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6;
- (iii) a nucleic acid capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions to a nucleic acid of (i) or (ii) and preferably having at least 18 nucleotides; or
- 5 (iv) a nucleic acid molecule differing from any of the nucleic acids of (i) to (iii) in codon* sequences due to the degeneracy of the genetic code.

The invention also contemplates a nucleic acid molecule comprising a sequence encoding a truncation of a KLK-L protein, an analog, or a homolog of a KLK-L Protein or a truncation thereof. (KLK-L Protein and truncations, analogs and homologs of the KLK-L Protein are also collectively referred to herein as "KLK-L Related Proteins").

The nucleic acid molecules of the invention may be inserted into an appropriate expression vector, i.e. a vector that contains the necessary elements for the transcription and translation of the inserted coding sequence. Accordingly, recombinant expression vectors adapted for transformation of a host cell may be constructed which comprise a nucleic acid molecule of the invention and one or more transcription and translation elements linked to the nucleic acid molecule.

The recombinant expression vector can be used to prepare transformed host cells expressing KLK-L Related Proteins. Therefore, the invention further provides host cells containing a recombinant molecule of the invention. The invention also contemplates transgenic non-human mammals whose germ cells and somatic-cells contain a recombinant molecule comprising a nucleic acid molecule of the invention, in particular one which encodes an analog of the KLK-L Protein, or a truncation of the KLK-L Protein.

The invention further provides a method for preparing KLK-L Related Proteins utilizing the purified and isolated nucleic acid molecules of the invention. In an embodiment a method for preparing a KLK-L Related Protein is provided comprising (a) transferring a recombinant expression vector of the invention into a host cell; (b) selecting transformed host cells from untransformed host cells; (c) culturing a selected transformed host cell under conditions which allow expression of the KLK-L Related Protein; and (d) isolating the KLK-L Related Protein.

The invention further broadly contemplates an isolated KLK-L Protein comprising an amino acid sequence as shown in Tables 2 to 6.

The KLK-L Related Proteins of the invention may be conjugated with other molecules,

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such as proteins, to prepare fusion proteins. This may be accomplished, for example, by the synthesis of N-terminal or C-terminal fusion proteins.

The invention further contemplates antibodies having specificity against an epitope of a KLK-L Related Protein of the invention. Antibodies may be labeled with a detectable substance and used to detect proteins of the invention in tissues and cells.

The invention also permits the construction of nucleotide probes which are unique to the nucleic acid molecules of the invention and/or to proteins of the invention. Therefore, the invention also relates to a probe comprising a nucleic acid sequence of the invention, or a nucleic acid sequence encoding a protein of the invention, or a part thereof. The probe may be labeled, for example, with a detectable substance and it may be used to select from a mixture of nucleotide sequences a nucleic acid molecule of the invention including nucleic acid molecules coding for a protein which displays one or more of the properties of a protein of the invention.

The invention still further provides a method for identifying a substance which binds to a protein of the invention comprising reacting the protein with at least one substance which potentially can bind with the protein, under conditions which permit the formation of complexes between the substance and protein and assaying for complexes, for free substance, or for non-complexed protein. The invention also contemplates methods for identifying substances that bind to other intracellular proteins that interact with a KLK-L Related Protein. Methods can also be utilized which identify compounds which bind to KLK-L gene regulatory sequences (e.g. promoter sequences).

Still further the invention provides a method for evaluating a compound for its ability to modulate the biological activity of a KLK-L Related Protein of the invention. For example a substance which inhibits or enhances the interaction of the protein and a substance which binds to the protein may be evaluated. In an embodiment, the method comprises providing a known concentration of a KLK-L Related Protein, with a substance which binds to the protein and a test compound under conditions which permit the formation of complexes between the substance and protein, and removing and/or detecting complexes.

Compounds which modulate the biological activity of a protein of the invention may also be identified using the methods of the invention by comparing the pattern and level of expression of the protein of the invention in tissues and cells, in the presence, and in the absence

of the compounds.

The substances and compounds identified using the methods of the invention, and peptides of the invention may be used to modulate the biological activity of a KLK-L Related Protein of the invention, and they may be used in the treatment of conditions such as cancer (e.g. breast, testicular, and prostate cancer). Accordingly, the substances and compounds may be formulated into compositions for administration to individuals suffering from cancer.

Therefore, the present invention also relates to a composition comprising one or more of a protein of the invention, a peptide of the invention, or a substance or compound identified using the methods of the invention, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient or diluent. A method for treating or preventing cancer is also provided comprising administering to a patient in need thereof, a KLK-L Related Protein of the invention, or a composition of the invention.

The present inventors have also identified a novel gene homologous to myelin associated protein designated UG. Therefore the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid molecule which comprises:

- (i) a nucleic acid sequence encoding a protein having substantial sequence identity preferably at least 60% sequence identity, with an amino acid sequence as shown in Table 7;
- (ii) a nucleic acid sequence encoding a protein comprising with an amino acid sequence of as shown in Table 7;
- (iii) nucleic acid sequences complementary to (i);
- (iv) a degenerate form of a nucleic acid sequence of (i);
- (v) a nucleic acid sequence capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions to a nucleic acid sequence in (i), (ii) or (iii);
- (vi) a nucleic acid sequence encoding a truncation, an analog, an allelic or species variation of a protein comprising with an amino acid sequence of as shown in Table 7; or
- (vii) a fragment, or allelic or species variation of (i), (ii) or (iii).

The invention further contemplates an isolated UG Protein comprising an amino acid sequence as shown in Table 7.

The general description herein relating to the klk-l nucleic acid molecules, and KLK-L

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Proteins and KLK-L Related Proteins, antibodies, methods, and compositions are applicable to the novel UG protein and nucleic acid molecule.

Other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description. It should be understood, however, that the detailed description and the specific examples while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention are given by way of illustration only, since various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from this detailed description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will now be described in relation to the drawings in which:

Figure 1: An approximate 300 Kb of contiguous genomic sequence around chromosome 19q13.3 - q13.4 represented by 8 contigs, each one shown with its length in Kb. The contig numbers refer to those reported in the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory website. Note the localization of the seven known genes (PSA, KLK2, Zyme, NES1, HSCCE, neuropsin and TLSP) (see abbreviations for full names of these genes). All genes are represented with arrows denoting the direction of transcription. The gene with no homology to human kallikreins is termed UG (unknown gene). The five new kallikrein-like genes (KLK-L1 to KLK-L5) were numbered from the most centromeric to the most telomeric. Numbers just below or just above the arrows indicate appropriate Kb lengths in each contig. The length of each of these genes may change in the future since not all exons were identified for each new gene, as shown in Tables 2-7.

Figure 2 shows the nucleic acid sequence of KLK-L1;

Figure 3 shows the nucleic acid sequence of KLK-L2;

Figure 4 shows the nucleic acid sequence of KLK-L3;

Figure 5 shows the nucleic acid sequence of KLK-LA; and

Figure 6 shows the nucleic acid sequence of KLK-L5.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with the present invention there may be employed conventional molecular biology, microbiology, and recombinant DNA techniques within the skill of the art. Such techniques are explained fully in the literature. See for example, Sambrook, Fritsch, & Maniatis, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Second Edition (1989) Cold Spring Harbor

Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y); DNA Cloning: A Practical Approach, Volumes I and II (D.N. Glover ed. 1985); Oligonucleotide Synthesis (M.J. Gait ed. 1984); Nucleic Acid Hybridization B.D. Hames & S.J. Higgins eds. (1985); Transcription and Translation B.D. Hames & S.J. Higgins eds (1984); Animal Cell Culture R.I. Freshney, ed. (1986); Immobilized Cells and enzymes IRL Press, (1986); and B. Perbal, A Practical Guide to Molecular Cloning (1984).

1. Nucleic Acid Molecules of the Invention

As hereinbefore mentioned, the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid molecule having a sequence encoding a KLK-L Protein. The term "isolated" refers to a nucleic acid substantially free of cellular material or culture medium when produced by recombinant DNA techniques, or chemical reactants, or other chemicals when chemically synthesized. An "isolated" nucleic acid may also be free of sequences which naturally flank the nucleic acid (i.e., sequences located at the 5' and 3' ends of the nucleic acid molecule) from which the nucleic acid is derived. The term "nucleic acid" is intended to include DNA and RNA and can be either double stranded or single stranded. In an embodiment, a nucleic acid molecule encodes a KLK-L Protein comprising an amino acid sequence as shown in Tables 2 to 6, preferably a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence as shown in Figure 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.

The invention includes nucleic acid sequences complementary to a nucleic acid encoding a KLK-L Protein comprising an amino acid sequence as shown in Tables 2 to 6, preferably the nucleic acid sequences complementary to a full nucleic acid sequence shown in Figure 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.4

The invention includes nucleic acid molecules having substantial sequence identity or homology to nucleic acid sequences of the invention or encoding proteins having substantial identity or similarity to the amino acid sequence shown in Tables 2 to 9. Preferably, the nucleic acids have substantial sequence identity for example at least 40% nucleic acid identity; more preferably 50% nucleic acid identity; and most preferably at least 60% to 80% sequence identity.

"Identity" as known in the art and used herein, is a relationship between two or more amino acid sequences or two or more nucleic acid sequences, as determined by comparing the sequences. It also refers to the degree of sequence relatedness between amino-acid or nucleic acid sequences, as the case may be, as determined by the match between strings of such sequences. Identity and similarity are well known terms to skilled artisans and they can be

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calculated by conventional methods (for example see Computational Molecular Biology, Lesk, A.M. ed., Oxford University Press, New York, 1988; Biocomputing: Informatics and Genome Projects, Smith, D.W. ed., Academic Press, New York, 1993; Computer Analysis of Sequence Data, Part I, Griffin, A.M. and Griffin, H.G. eds., Humana Press, New Jersey, 1994; Sequence Analysis in Molecular Biology, von Heinje, G. Acadmeic Press, 1987; and Sequence Analysis Primer, Gribskov, M. and Devereux, J. eds. M. Stockton Press, New York, 1991, Carillo, H. and Lipman, D., SIAM J. Applied Math. 48:1073, 1988). Methods which are designed to give the largest match between the sequences are generally preferred. Methods to determine identity and similarity are codified in publicly available computer programs including the GCG program package (Devereux J. et al., Nucleic Acids Research 12(1): 387, 1984); BLASTP, BLASTN, and FASTA (Atschul, S.F. et al. J. Molec. Biol. 215: 403-410, 1990). The BLAST X program is publicly available from NCBI and other sources (BLAST Manual, Altschul, S. et al. NCBI NLM NIH Bethesda, Md. 20894; Altschul, S. et al. J. Mol. Biol. 215: 403-410, 1990).

Isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding a KLK-L Protein, and having a sequence which differs from a nucleic acid sequence of the invention due to degeneracy in the genetic code are also within the scope of the invention. Such nucleic acids encode functionally equivalent proteins (e.g., a KLK-L Protein) but differ in sequence from the sequence of a KLK-L Protein due to degeneracy in the genetic code. As one example, DNA sequence polymorphisms within the nucleotide sequence of a KLK-L Protein may result in silent mutations which do not affect the amino acid sequence. Variations in one or more nucleotides may exist among individuals within a population due to natural allelic variation. Any and all such nucleic acid variations are within the scope of the invention. DNA sequence polymorphisms may also occur which lead to changes in the amino acid sequence of a KLK-L Protein. These amino acid polymorphisms are also within the scope of the present invention.

Another aspect of the invention provides a nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes under stringent conditions, preferably high stringency conditions to a nucleic acid molecule which comprises a sequence which encodes a KLK-L Protein having an amino acid sequence shown in Tables 2 to 6. Appropriate stringency conditions which promote DNA hybridization are known to those skilled in the art, or can be found in Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, N.Y. (1989), 6.3.1-6.3.6. For example, 6.0 x sodium chloride/sodium citrate (SSC) at about 45°C, followed by a wash of 2.0 x SSC at 50°C may be employed. The

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stringency may be selected based on the conditions used in the wash step. By way of example, the salt concentration in the wash step can be selected from a high stringency of about 0.2 x SSC at 50°C. In addition, the temperature in the wash step can be at high stringency conditions, at about 65°C.

It will be appreciated that the invention includes nucleic acid molecules encoding a KLK-L Related Protein including truncations of a KLK-L Protein, and analogs of a KLK-L Protein as described herein. It will further be appreciated that variant forms of the nucleic acid molecules of the invention which arise by alternative splicing of an mRNA corresponding to a cDNA of the invention are encompassed by the invention.

An isolated nucleic acid molecule of the invention which comprises DNA can be isolated by preparing a labelled nucleic acid probe based on all or part of a nucleic acid sequence of the invention. The labeled nucleic acid probe is used to screen an appropriate DNA library (e.g. a cDNA or genomic DNA library). For example, a cDNA library can be used to isolate a cDNA encoding a KLK-L Related Protein by screening the library with the labeled probe using standard techniques. Alternatively, a genomic DNA library can be similarly screened to isolate a genomic clone encompassing a gene encoding a KLK-L Related Protein. Nucleic acids isolated by screening of a cDNA or genomic DNA library can be sequenced by standard techniques.

An isolated nucleic acid molecule of the invention which is DNA can also be isolated by selectively amplifying a nucleic acid encoding a KLK-L Related Protein using the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) methods and cDNA or genomic DNA. It is possible to design synthetic oligonucleotide primers from the nucleotide sequence of the invention for use in PCR. A nucleic acid can be amplified from cDNA or genomic DNA using these oligonucleotide primers and standard PCR amplification techniques. The nucleic acid so amplified can be cloned into an appropriate vector and characterized by DNA sequence analysis. cDNA may be prepared from mRNA, by isolating total cellular mRNA by a variety of techniques, for example, by using the guanidinium-thiocyanate extraction procedure of Chirgwin et al., Biochemistry, 18, 5294-5299 (1979). cDNA is then synthesized from the mRNA using reverse transcriptase (for example, Moloney MLV reverse transcriptase available from Gibco/BRL, Bethesda, MD, or AMV reverse transcriptase available from Seikagaku America, Inc., St. Petersburg, FL)...

An isolated nucleic acid molecule of the invention which is RNA can be isolated by

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cloning a cDNA encoding a KLK-L Related Protein into an appropriate vector which allows for transcription of the cDNA to produce an RNA molecule which encodes a KLK-L Related Protein. For example, a cDNA can be cloned downstream of a bacteriophage promoter, (e.g. a T7 promoter) in a vector, cDNA can be transcribed *in vitro* with T7 polymerase, and the resultant RNA can be isolated by conventional techniques.

Nucleic acid molecules of the invention may be chemically synthesized using standard techniques. Methods of chemically synthesizing polydeoxynucleotides are known, including but not limited to solid-phase synthesis which, like peptide synthesis, has been fully automated in commercially available DNA synthesizers (See e.g., Itakura et al. U.S. Patent No. 4,598,049; Caruthers et al. U.S. Patent No. 4,458,066; and Itakura U.S. Patent Nos. 4,401,796 and 4,373,071).

Determination of whether a particular nucleic acid molecule encodes a KLK-L Related Protein can be accomplished by expressing the cDNA in an appropriate host cell by standard techniques, and testing the expressed protein in the methods described herein. A cDNA encoding a KLK-L Related Protein can be sequenced by standard techniques, such as dideoxynucleotide chain termination or Maxam-Gilbert chemical sequencing, to determine the nucleic acid sequence and the predicted amino acid sequence of the encoded protein.

The initiation codon and untranslated sequences of a KLK-L Related Protein may be determined using computer software designed for the purpose, such as PC/Gene (IntelliGenetics Inc., Calif.). The intron-exon structure and the transcription regulatory sequences of a gene encoding a KLK-L Related Protein may be confirmed by using a nucleic acid molecule of the invention encoding a KLK-L Related Protein to probe a genomic DNA clone library. Regulatory elements can be identified using standard techniques. The function of the elements can be confirmed by using these elements to express a reporter gene such as the lacZ gene which is operatively linked to the elements. These constructs may be introduced into cultured cells using conventional procedures or into non-human transgenic animal models. In addition to identifying regulatory elements in DNA, such constructs may also be used to identify nuclear proteins interacting with the elements, using techniques known in the art.

In a particular embodiment of the invention, the nucleic acid molecules isolated using the methods described herein are mutant *KLK-L* gene alleles. The mutant alleles may be isolated from individuals either known or proposed to have a genotype which contributes to the

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symptoms of cancer (e.g. breast, testicular, or prostate cancer). Mutant alleles and mutant allele products may be used in therapeutic and diagnostic methods described herein. For example, a cDNA of a mutant *KLK-L* gene may be isolated using PCR as described herein, and the DNA sequence of the mutant allele may be compared to the normal allele to ascertain the mutation(s) responsible for the loss or alteration of function of the mutant gene product. A genomic library can also be constructed using DNA from an individual suspected of or known to carry a mutant allele, or a cDNA library can be constructed using RNA from tissue-known; or suspected to express the mutant allele. A nucleic acid encoding a normal *KLK-L* gene or any suitable fragment thereof, may then be labeled and used as a probe to identify the corresponding mutant allele in such libraries. Clones containing mutant sequences can be purified and subjected to sequence analysis. In addition, an expression library can be constructed using cDNA from RNA isolated from a tissue of an individual known or suspected to express a mutant *KLK-L* allele. Gene products made by the putatively mutant tissue may be expressed and screened, for example using antibodies specific for a KLK-L Related Protein as described herein. Library clones identified using the antibodies can be purified and subjected to sequence analysis.

The sequence of a nucleic acid molecule of the invention, or a fragment of the molecule, may be inverted relative to its normal presentation for transcription to produce an antisense nucleic acid molecule. An antisense nucleic acid molecule may be constructed using chemical synthesis and enzymatic-ligation reactions using procedures known in the art.

2. Proteins of the Invention

An amino acid sequence of a KLK-L Protein comprises a sequence as shown in Tables 2 to 6.

In addition to proteins comprising an amino acid sequence as shown Tables 2 to 6 the proteins of the present invention include truncations of a KLK-L Protein, analogs of a KLK-L Protein, and proteins having sequence identity or similarity to a KLK-L Protein, and truncations thereof as described herein (i.e. KLK-L Related Proteins). Truncated proteins may comprise peptides of between 3 and 70 amino acid residues, ranging in size from a tripeptide to a 70 mer polypeptide.

The truncated proteins may have an amino group (-NH2), a hydrophobic group (for example, carbobenzoxyl, dansyl, or T-butyloxycarbonyl); an acetyl group, a 9-fluorenylmethoxy-carbonyl (PMOC) group, or a macromolecule including but not limited to

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lipid-fatty acid conjugates, polyethylene glycol, or carbohydrates at the amino terminal end. The truncated proteins may have a carboxyl group, an amido group, a T-butyloxycarbonyl group, or a macromolecule including but not limited to lipid-fatty acid conjugates, polyethylene glycol, or carbohydrates at the carboxy terminal end.

The proteins of the invention may also include analogs of a KLK-L Protein, and/or truncations thereof as described herein, which may include, but are not limited to a KLK-L Protein, containing one or more amino acid substitutions, insertions, and/or deletions. Amino acid substitutions may be of a conserved or non-conserved nature. Conserved amino acid substitutions involve replacing one or more amino acids of a KLK-L Protein amino acid sequence with amino acids of similar charge, size, and/or hydrophobicity characteristics. When only conserved substitutions are made the resulting analog is preferably functionally equivalent to a KLK-L Protein. Non-conserved substitutions involve replacing one or more amino acids of the KLK-L Protein amino acid sequence with one or more amino acids which possess dissimilar charge, size, and/or hydrophobicity characteristics.

One or more amino acid insertions may be introduced into a KLK-L Protein. Amino acid insertions may consist of single amino acid residues or sequential amino acids ranging from 2 to 15 amino acids in length.

Deletions may consist of the removal of one or more amino acids, or discrete portions from a KLK-L Protein sequence. The deleted amino acids may or may not be contiguous. The lower limit length of the resulting analog with a deletion mutation is about 10 amino acids, preferably 20 to 40 amino acids.

The proteins of the invention include proteins with sequence identity or similarity to a KLK-L Protein and/or truncations thereof as described herein. Such KLK-L Proteins include proteins whose amino acid sequences are comprised of the amino acid sequences of KLK-L Protein regions from other species that hybridize under selected hybridization conditions (see discussion of stringent hybridization conditions herein) with a probe used to obtain a KLK-L Protein. These proteins will generally have the same regions which are characteristic of a KLK-L Protein. Preferably a protein will have substantial sequence identity for example, about 50% identity, preferably 70 to 80% identity, more preferably at least 90% to 95% identity, and most preferably 98% identity with an amino acid sequence shown in Tables 2 to 6.

A percent amino acid sequence homology, similarity or identity is calculated as the

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percentage of aligned amino acids that match the reference sequence using known methods as described herein.

The invention also contemplates isoforms of the proteins of the invention. An isoform contains the same number and kinds of amino acids as a protein of the invention, but the isoform has a different molecular structure. Isoforms contemplated by the present invention preferably have the same properties as a protein of the invention as described herein.

The present invention also includes KLK-L Related Proteins conjugated with a selected protein, or a marker protein (see below) to produce fusion proteins. Additionally, immunogenic portions of a KLK-L Protein and a KLK-L Protein Related Protein are within the scope of the invention.

A KLK-L Related Protein of the invention may be prepared using recombinant DNA methods. Accordingly, the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention having a sequence which encodes a KLK-L Related Protein of the invention may be incorporated in a known manner into an appropriate expression vector which ensures good expression of the protein. Possible expression vectors include but are not limited to cosmids, plasmids, or modified viruses (e.g. replication defective retroviruses, adenoviruses and adeno-associated viruses), so long as the vector is compatible with the host cell used.

The invention therefore contemplates a recombinant expression vector of the invention containing a nucleic acid molecule of the invention; and the necessary regulatory sequences for the transcription and translation of the inserted protein-sequence. Suitable regulatory sequences may be derived from a variety of sources, including bacterial, fungal, viral, mammalian, or insect genes (For example, see the regulatory sequences described in Goeddel, Gene Expression Technology: Methods in Enzymology 185, Academic Press, San Diego, CA (1990). Selection of appropriate regulatory sequences is dependent on the host cell chosen as discussed below, and may be readily accomplished by one of ordinary skill in the art. The necessary regulatory sequences may be supplied by the native KLK-L Protein and/or its flanking regions.

The invention further provides a recombinant expression vector comprising a DNA nucleic acid molecule of the invention cloned into the expression vector in an antisense orientation. That is, the DNA molecule is linked to a regulatory sequence in a manner which allows for expression, by transcription of the DNA molecule, of an RNA molecule which is antisense to the nucleic acid sequence of a protein of the invention or a fragment thereof.

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Regulatory sequences linked to the antisense nucleic acid can be chosen which direct the continuous expression of the antisense RNA molecule in a variety of cell types, for instance a viral promoter and/or enhancer, or regulatory sequences can be chosen which direct tissue or cell type specific expression of antisense RNA.

The recombinant expression vectors of the invention may also contain a marker gene which facilitates the selection of host cells transformed or transfected with a recombinant molecule of the invention. Examples of marker genes are genes encoding a protein such as G418 and hygromycin which confer resistance to certain drugs, β-galactosidase, chloramphenicol acetyltransferase, firefly luciferase, or an immunoglobulin or portion thereof such as the Fc portion of an immunoglobulin preferably IgG. The markers can be introduced on a separate vector from the nucleic acid of interest.

The recombinant expression vectors may also contain genes which encode a fusion moiety which provides increased expression of the recombinant protein; increased solubility of the recombinant protein; and aid in the purification of the target recombinant protein by acting as a ligand in affinity purification. For example, a proteolytic cleavage site may be added to the target recombinant protein to allow separation of the recombinant protein from the fusion moiety subsequent to purification of the fusion protein. Typical fusion expression vectors include pGEX (Amrad Corp., Melbourne, Australia), pMAL (New England Biolabs, Beverly, MA) and pRIT5 (Pharmacia, Piscataway, NJ) which fuse glutathione S-transferase (GST), maltose E binding protein, or protein A, respectively, to the recombinant protein.

The recombinant expression vectors may be introduced into host cells to produce a transformant host cell. "Transformant host cells" include host cells which have been transformed or transfected with a recombinant expression vector of the invention. The terms "transformed with", "transfected with", "transformation" and "transfection" encompass the introduction of a nucleic acid (e.g. a vector) into a cell by one of many standard techniques. Prokaryotic cells can be transformed with a nucleic acid by, for example, electroporation or calcium-chloride mediated transformation. A nucleic acid can be introduced into mammalian cells via conventional techniques such as calcium phosphate or calcium chloride co-precipitation, DEAE-dextran-mediated transfection, lipofectin, electroporation or microinjection. Suitable methods for transforming and transfecting host cells can be found in Sambrook et al. (Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory press (1989)), and other

laboratory textbooks.

Suitable host cells include a wide variety of prokaryotic and eukaryotic host cells. For example, the proteins of the invention may be expressed in bacterial cells such as *E. coli*, insect cells (using baculovirus), yeast cells or mammalian cells. Other suitable host cells can be found in Goeddel, Gene Expression Technology: Methods in Enzymology 185, Academic Press, San Diego, CA (1991).

A host cell may also be chosen which modulates the expression of an inserted nucleic acid sequence, or modifies (e.g. glycosylation or phosphorylation) and processes (e.g. cleaves) the protein in a desired fashion. Host systems or cell lines may be selected which have specific and characteristic mechanisms for post-translational processing and modification of proteins. For example, eukaryotic host cells including CHO, VERO, BHK, HeLA, COS, MDCK, 293, 3T3, and WI38 may be used. For long-term high-yield stable expression of the protein, cell lines and host systems which stably express the gene product may be engineered.

Host cells and in particular cell lines produced using the methods described herein may be particularly useful in screening and evaluating compounds that modulate the activity of a KLK-L. Related Protein.

The proteins of the invention may also be expressed in non-human transgenic animals including but not limited to mice, rats, rabbits, guinea pigs, micro-pigs, goats, sheep, pigs, non-human primates (e.g. baboons, monkeys, and chimpanzees) [see-Hammer et al. (Nature 315:680-683, 1985), Palmiter et al. (Science-222:809-814, 1983), Brinster et al. (Proc Natl. Acad. Sci-USA 82:44384442, 1985), Palmiter and Brinster (Cell. 41:343-345, 1985) and U.S. Patent No. 4,736,866)]. Procedures known in the art may be used to introduce a nucleic acid molecule of the invention encoding a KLK-L Related Protein into animals to produce the founder lines of transgenic animals. Such procedures include pronuclear microinjection, retrovirus mediated gene transfer into germ lines, gene targeting in embryonic stem cells, electroporation of embryos, and sperm-mediated gene transfer.

The present invention contemplates a transgenic animal that carries the KLK-L gene in all their cells, and animals which carry the transgene in some but not all their cells. The transgene may be integrated as a single transgene or in concatamers. The transgene may be selectively introduced into and activated in specific cell types (See-for-example, Lasko et al, 1992 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89: 6236). The transgene may be integrated into the

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chromosomal site of the endogenous gene by gene targeting. The transgene may be selectively introduced into a particular cell type inactivating the endogenous gene in that cell type (See Gu et al Science 265: 103-106).

The expression of a recombinant KLK-L Related Protein in a transgenic animal may be assayed using standard techniques. Initial screening may be conducted by Southern Blot analysis, or PCR methods to analyze whether the transgene has been integrated. The level of mRNA expression in the tissues of transgenic animals may also be assessed using techniques including Northern blot analysis of tissue samples, *in situ* hybridization, and RT-PCR. Tissue may also be evaluated immunocytochemically using antibodies against KLK-L Protein.

Proteins of the invention may also be prepared by chemical synthesis using techniques well known in the chemistry of proteins such as solid phase synthesis (Merrifield, 1964, J. Am. Chem. Assoc. 85:2149-2154) or synthesis in homogenous solution (Houbenweyl, 1987, Methods of Organic Chemistry, ed. E. Wansch, Vol. 15 I and II, Thieme, Stuttgart).

N-terminal or C-terminal fusion proteins comprising a KLK-L Related Protein of the invention conjugated with other molecules, such as proteins, may be prepared by fusing, through recombinant techniques, the N-terminal or C-terminal of a KLK-L Related Protein, and the sequence of a selected protein or marker protein with a desired biological function. The resultant fusion proteins contain KLK-L Protein fused to the selected protein or marker protein as described herein. Examples of proteins which may be used to prepare fusion proteins include immunoglobulins, glutathione-S-transferase (GST), hemagglutinin (HA), and truncated myc.

3. Antibodies

KLK-L Related Proteins of the invention can be used to prepare antibodies specific for the proteins. Antibodies can be prepared which bind a distinct epitope in an unconserved region of the protein. An unconserved region of the protein is one that does not have substantial sequence homology to other proteins. A region from a conserved region such as a well-characterized domain can also be used to prepare an antibody to a conserved region of a KLK-L Related Protein. Antibodies having specificity for a KLK-L Related Protein may also be raised from fusion proteins created by expressing fusion proteins in bacteria as described herein.

The invention can employ intact monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies, and immunologically active fragments (e.g. a Fab, (Fab)₂ fragment, or Fab expression library fragments and epitope-binding fragments thereof), an antibody heavy chain, and antibody light

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chain, a genetically engineered single chain Fv molecule (Ladner et al, U.S. Pat. No. 4,946,778), or a chimeric antibody, for example, an antibody which contains the binding specificity of a murine antibody, but in which the remaining portions are of human origin. Antibodies including monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies, fragments and chimeras, may be prepared using methods known to those skilled in the art.

4. Applications of the Nucleic Acid Molecules, KLK-L Related Proteins, and Antibodies of the Invention

The nucleic acid molecules, KLK-L Related Proteins, and antibodies of the invention may be used in the prognostic and diagnostic evaluation of cancer (e.g. breast, testicular, and prostate cancer), and the identification of subjects with a predisposition to cancer (Section 4.1.1 and 4.1.2). Methods for detecting nucleic acid molecules and KLK-L Related Proteins of the invention, can be used to monitor cancer by detecting KLK-L Related Proteins and nucleic acid molecules encoding KLK-L Related Proteins. It would also be apparent to one skilled in the art that the methods described herein may be used to study the developmental expression of KLK-L Related Proteins and, accordingly, will provide further insight into the role of KLK-L Related Proteins. The applications of the present invention also include methods for the identification of compounds that modulate the biological activity of KLK-L or KLK-L Related Proteins (Section 4.2). The compounds, antibodies etc. may be used for the treatment of cancer (Section 4.3).

20 4.1 Diagnostic Methods

A variety of methods can be employed for the diagnostic and prognostic evaluation of cancer (e.g. breast, testicular, and prostate cancer), and the identification of subjects with a predisposition to cancer. Such methods may, for example, utilize nucleic acid molecules of the invention, and fragments thereof, and antibodies directed against KLK-L Related Proteins, including peptide fragments. In particular, the nucleic acids and antibodies may be used, for example, for: (1) the detection of the presence of KLK-L mutations, or the detection of either over- or under-expression of KLK-L mRNA relative to a non-disorder state or the qualitative or quantitative detection of alternatively spliced forms of KLK-L transcripts which may correlate with certain conditions or susceptibility toward such conditions; and (2) the detection of either an over-or an under-abundance of KLK-L Related Proteins relative to a non-disorder state or the presence of a modified (e.g., less than full length) KLK-L Protein which correlates

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with a disorder state, or a progression toward a disorder state.

The methods described herein may be performed by utilizing pre-packaged diagnostic kits comprising at least one specific *KLK-L* nucleic acid or antibody described herein, which may be conveniently used, e.g., in clinical settings, to screen and diagnose patients and to screen and identify those individuals exhibiting a predisposition to developing a disorder.

Nucleic acid-based detection techniques are described, below, in Section 4.1.1. Peptide detection techniques are described, below, in Section 4.1.2. The samples that may be analyzed using the methods of the invention include those which are known or suspected to express *KLK-L* or contain KLK-L Related Proteins. The samples may be derived from a patient or a cell culture, and include but are not limited to biological fluids, tissue extracts, freshly harvested cells, and lysates of cells which have been incubated in cell cultures.

4.1.1 Methods for Detecting Nucleic Acid Molecules of the Invention

The nucleic acid molecules of the invention allow those skilled in the art to construct nucleotide probes for use in the detection of nucleic acid sequences of the invention in samples. Suitable probes include nucleic acid molecules based on nucleic acid sequences encoding at least 5 sequential amino acids from regions of the KLK-L Protein, preferably they comprise 15 to 30 nucleotides. A nucleotide probe may be labeled with a detectable substance such as a radioactive label which provides for an adequate signal and has sufficient half-life such as ³²P, ³H. ¹⁴C or the like. Other detectable substances which may be used include antigens that are recognized by a specific labeled antibody, fluorescent compounds, enzymes, antibodies specific for a labeled antigen, and luminescent compounds. An appropriate label may be selected having regard to the rate of hybridization and binding of the probe to the nucleotide to be detected and the amount of nucleotide available for hybridization. Labeled probes may be hybridized to nucleic acids on solid supports such as nitrocellulose filters or nylon membranes as generally described in Sambrook et al, 1989, Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual (2nd ed.). The nucleic acid probes may be used to detect genes, preferably in human cells, that encode KLK-L Related Proteins. The nucleotide probes may also be useful in the diagnosis of cancer; in monitoring the progression of cancer; or monitoring a therapeutic treatment.

The probe may be used in hybridization techniques to detect genes that encode KLK-L Related Proteins. The technique generally involves contacting and incubating nucleic acids (e.g. recombinant DNA molecules, cloned genes) obtained from a sample from a patient or other

cellular source with a probe of the present invention under conditions favorable for the specific annealing of the probes to complementary sequences in the nucleic acids. After incubation, the non-annealed nucleic acids are removed, and the presence of nucleic acids that have hybridized to the probe if any are detected.

The detection of nucleic acid molecules of the invention may involve the amplification of specific gene sequences using an amplification method such as PCR, followed by the analysis of the amplified molecules using techniques known to those skilled in the art. Suitable primers can be routinely designed by one of skill in the art.

Genomic DNA may be used in hybridization or amplification assays of biological samples to detect abnormalities involving klk-l structure, including point mutations, insertions, deletions, and chromosomal rearrangements. For example, direct sequencing, single stranded conformational polymorphism analyses, heteroduplex analysis, denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis, chemical mismatch cleavage, and oligonucleotide hybridization may be utilized.

Genotyping techniques known to one skilled in the art can be used to type polymorphisms that are in close proximity to the mutations in a klk-l gene. The polymorphisms may be used to identify individuals in families that are likely-to carry mutations. If a polymorphism exhibits linkage disequalibrium with mutations in a klk-l gene, it can also be used to screen for individuals in the general population likely to carry mutations. Polymorphisms which may be used include restriction fragment length polymorphisms (RFLPs), single-base polymorphisms, and simple sequence repeat polymorphisms (SSLPs).

A probe of the invention may be used to directly identify RFLPs. A probe or primer of the invention can additionally be used to isolate genomic clones such as YACs, BACs, PACs, cosmids, phage or plasmids. The DNA in the clones can be screened for SSLPs using hybridization or sequencing procedures.

Hybridization and amplification techniques described herein may be used to assay qualitative and quantitative aspects of klk-l expression. For example, RNA may be isolated from a cell type or tissue known to express klk-l and tested utilizing the hybridization (e.g. standard Northern analyses) or PCR techniques referred to herein. The techniques may be used to detect differences in transcript size which may be due to normal or abnormal alternative splicing. The techniques may be used to detect quantitative differences between-levels of full length and/or alternatively splice transcripts detected in normal individuals relative to those individuals

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exhibiting cancer symptoms or other disease conditions.

The primers and probes may be used in the above described methods in situ i.e directly on tissue sections (fixed and/or frozen) of patient tissue obtained from biopsies or resections.

4.1.2 Methods for Detecting KLK-L Related Proteins

Antibodies specifically reactive with a KLK-L Related Protein, or derivatives, such as enzyme conjugates or labeled derivatives, may be used to detect KLK-L Related Proteins in various samples (e.g. biological materials). They may be used as diagnostic or prognostic reagents and they may be used to detect abnormalities in the level of KLK-L Related Proteins expression, or abnormalities in the structure, and/or temporal, tissue, cellular, or subcellular location of a KLK-L Related Protein. Antibodies may also be used to screen potentially therapeutic compounds in vitro to determine their effects on cancer, and other conditions. In vitro immunoassays may also be used to assess or monitor the efficacy of particular therapies. The antibodies of the invention may also be used in vitro to determine the level of KLK-L expression in cells genetically engineered to produce a KLK-L Related Protein.

The antibodies may be used in any known immunoassays which rely on the binding interaction between an antigenic determinant of a KLK-L Related Protein and the antibodies. Examples of such assays are radioimmunoassays, enzyme immunoassays (e.g. ELISA), immunofluorescence, immunoprecipitation, latex agglutination, hemagglutination, and histochemical tests. The antibodies may be used to detect and quantify KLK-L Related Proteins in a sample in order to determine its role in particular cellular events or pathological states, and to diagnose and treat such pathological states.

In particular, the antibodies of the invention may be used in immuno-histochemical analyses, for example, at the cellular and sub-subcellular level, to detect a KLK-L Related Protein, to localize it to particular cells and tissues, and to specific subcellular locations, and to quantitate the level of expression.

Cytochemical techniques known in the art for localizing antigens using light and electron microscopy may be used to detect a KLK-L Related Protein. Generally, an antibody of the invention may be labeled with a detectable substance and a KLK-L Related Protein may be localised in tissues and cells based upon the presence of the detectable substance. Examples of detectable substances include, but are not limited to, the following: radioisotopes (e.g., ³ H, ¹⁴C, ³⁵S, ¹²⁵I, ¹³¹I), fluorescent labels (e.g., FTTC, rhodamine, lanthanide phosphors), luminescent

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labels such as luminol; enzymatic labels (e.g., horseradish peroxidase, beta-galactosidase, luciferase, alkaline phosphatase, acetylcholinesterase), biotinyl groups (which can be detected by marked avidin e.g., streptavidin containing a fluorescent marker or enzymatic activity that can be detected by optical or calorimetric methods), predetermined polypeptide epitopes recognized by a secondary reporter (e.g., leucine zipper pair sequences; binding sites for secondary antibodies, metal binding domains, epitope tags). In some embodiments, labels are attached via spacer arms of various lengths to reduce potential steric hindrance. Antibodies may also be coupled to electron dense substances, such as ferritin or colloidal gold, which are readily visualised by electron microscopy.

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The antibody or sample may be immobilized on a carrier or solid support which is capable of immobilizing cells, antibodies etc. For example, the carrier or support may be nitrocellulose, or glass, polyacrylamides, gabbros, and magnetite. The support material may have any possible configuration including spherical (e.g. bead), cylindrical (e.g. inside surface of a test tube or well, or the external surface of a rod), or flat (e.g. sheet, test strip). Indirect methods may also be employed in which the primary antigen-antibody reaction is amplified by the introduction of a second antibody, having specificity for the antibody reactive against KLK-L Related Protein. By way of example, if the antibody having specificity against a KLK-L Related Protein is a rabbit IgG antibody, the second antibody may be goat anti-rabbit gamma-globulin labeled with a detectable substance as described herein.

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Where a radioactive label is used as a detectable substance, a KLK-L-Related Protein may be localized by radioautography. The results of radioautography-may-be quantitated by determining the density of particles in the radioautographs by various optical methods, or by counting the grains.

4.2 Methods for Identifying or Evaluating Substances/Compounds

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The methods described herein are designed to identify substances that modulate the biological activity of a KLK-L Related Protein including substances that bind to KLK-L Related Proteins, or bind to other proteins that interact with a KLK-L Related Protein, to compounds that interfere with, or enhance the interaction of a KLK-L Related Protein and substances that bind to the KLK-L Related Protein or other-proteins that interact with a KLK-L Related Protein. Methods are also utilized that identify compounds—that bind to KLK-L regulatory sequences.

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The substances and compounds identified using the methods of the invention include but are not limited to peptides such as soluble peptides including Ig-tailed fusion peptides, members of random peptide libraries and combinatorial chemistry-derived molecular libraries made of D- and/or L-configuration amino acids, phosphopeptides (including members of random or partially degenerate, directed phosphopeptide libraries), antibodies [e.g. polyclonal, monoclonal, humanized, anti-idiotypic, chimeric, single chain antibodies, fragments, (e.g. Fab, F(ab)₂, and Fab expression library fragments, and epitope-binding fragments thereof)], and small organic or inorganic molecules. The substance or compound may be an endogenous physiological compound or it may be a natural or synthetic compound.

Substances which modulate a KLK-L Related Protein can be identified based on their ability to bind to a KLK-L Related Protein. Therefore, the invention also provides methods for identifying substances which bind to a KLK-L Related Protein. Substances identified using the methods of the invention may be isolated, cloned and sequenced using conventional techniques.

Substances which can bind with a KLK-L Related Protein may be identified by reacting a KLK-L Related Protein with a test substance which potentially binds to a KLK-L Related Protein, under conditions which permit the formation of substance-KLK-L Related Protein complexes and removing and/or detecting the complexes. The complexes can be detected by assaying for substance-KLK-L Related Protein complexes, for free substance, or for non-complexed KLK-L Related Protein. Conditions which permit the formation of substance-KLK-L Related Protein complexes may be selected having regard to factors such as the nature and amounts of the substance and the protein.

The substance-protein complex, free substance or non-complexed proteins may be isolated by conventional isolation techniques, for example, salting out, chromatography, electrophoresis, gel filtration, fractionation, absorption, polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, agglutination, or combinations thereof. To facilitate the assay of the components, antibody against KLK-L Related Protein or the substance, or labeled KLK-L Related Protein, or a labeled substance may be utilized. The antibodies, proteins, or substances may be labeled with a detectable substance as described above.

A KLK-L Related Protein, or the substance used in the method of the invention may be insolubilized. For example, a KLK-L Related Protein, or substance may be bound to a suitable carrier such as agarose, cellulose, dextran, Sephadex, Sepharose, carboxymethyl cellulose

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polystyrene, filter paper, ion-exchange resin, plastic film, plastic tube, glass beads, polyamine-methyl vinyl-ether-maleic acid copolymer, amino acid copolymer, ethylene-maleic acid copolymer, nylon, silk, etc. The carrier may be in the shape of, for example, a tube, test plate, beads, disc, sphere etc. The insolubilized protein or substance may be prepared by reacting the material with a suitable insoluble carrier using known chemical or physical methods, for example, cyanogen bromide coupling.

The invention also contemplates a method for evaluating a compound for its ability to modulate the biological activity of a KLK-L Related Protein of the invention, by assaying for an agonist or antagonist (i.e. enhancer or inhibitor) of the binding of a KLK-L Related Protein with a substance which binds with a KLK-L Related Protein. The basic method for evaluating if a compound is an agonist or antagonist of the binding of a KLK-L Related Protein and a substance that binds to the protein, is to prepare a reaction mixture containing the KLK-L Related Protein and the substance under conditions which permit the formation of substance-KLK-L Related Protein complexes, in the presence of a test compound. The test compound may be initially added to the mixture, or may be added subsequent to the addition of the KLK-L Related Protein and substance. Control reaction mixtures without the test compound or with a placebo are also prepared. The formation of complexes is detected and the formation of complexes in the control reaction but not in the reaction mixture indicates that the test compound interferes with the interaction of the KLK-L Related Protein and substance. The reactions may be carried out in the liquid phase or the KLK-L Related Protein, substance, or test compound may be immobilized as described herein. The ability of a compound to modulate the biological activity of a KLK-L Related Protein of the invention may be tested by determining the biological effects on cells.

It will be understood that the agonists and antagonists i.e. inhibitors and enhancers that can be assayed using the methods of the invention may act on one or more of the binding sites on the protein or substance including agonist binding sites, competitive antagonist binding sites, non-competitive antagonist binding sites or allosteric sites.

The invention also makes it possible to screen for antagonists that inhibit the effects of an agonist of the interaction of KLK-L Related Protein with a substance which is capable of binding to the KLK-L Related Protein. Thus, the invention may be used to assay for a compound that competes for the same binding site of a KLK-L Related Protein.

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The invention also contemplates methods for identifying compounds that bind to proteins that interact with a KLK-L Related Protein. Protein-protein interactions may be identified using conventional methods such as co-immunoprecipitation, crosslinking and co-purification through gradients or chromatographic columns. Methods may also be employed that result in the simultaneous identification of genes which encode proteins interacting with a KLK-L Related Protein. These methods include probing expression libraries with labeled KLK-L Related Protein.

Two-hybrid systems may also be used to detect protein interactions in vivo. Generally, plasmids are constructed that encode two hybrid proteins. A first hybrid protein consists of the DNA-binding domain of a transcription activator protein fused to a KLK-L Related Protein, and the second hybrid protein consists of the transcription activator protein's activator domain fused to an unknown protein encoded by a cDNA which has been recombined into the plasmid as part of a cDNA library. The plasmids are transformed into a strain of yeast (e.g. S. cerevisiae) that contains a reporter gene (e.g. lacZ, luciferase, alkaline phosphatase, horseradish peroxidase) whose regulatory region contains the transcription activator's binding site. The hybrid proteins alone cannot activate the transcription of the reporter gene. However, interaction of the two hybrid proteins reconstitutes the functional activator protein and results in expression of the reporter gene, which is detected by an assay for the reporter gene product.

It will be appreciated that fusion proteins may be used in the above-described methods. In particular, KLK-L Related Proteins fused to a glutathione-S-transferase may be used in the methods.

The reagents suitable for applying the methods of the invention to evaluate compounds that modulate a KLK-L Related Protein may be packaged into convenient kits providing the necessary materials packaged into suitable containers. The kits may also include suitable supports useful in performing the methods of the invention.

4.3 Compositions and Treatments

The substances or compounds identified by the methods described herein, antibodies, and antisense nucleic acid molecules of the invention, and peptides may be used for modulating the biological activity of a KLK-L Related Protein, and they may be used in the treatment of conditions such as cancer (e.g. prostate, testicular, or breast cancer). Accordingly, the substances, antibodies, peptides, and compounds may be formulated into pharmaceutical

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compositions for administration to subjects in a biologically compatible form suitable for administration in vivo. By "biologically compatible form suitable for administration in vivo" is meant a form of the active substance to be administered in which any toxic effects are outweighed by the therapeutic effects. The active substances may be administered to living organisms including humans, and animals. Administration of a therapeutically active amount of a pharmaceutical composition of the present invention is defined as an amount effective, at dosages and for periods of time necessary to achieve the desired result. For example, a therapeutically active amount of a substance may vary according to factors such as the disease state, age, sex, and weight of the individual, and the ability of antibody to elicit a desired response in the individual. Dosage regima may be adjusted to provide the optimum therapeutic response. For example, several divided doses may be administered daily or the dose may be proportionally reduced as indicated by the exigencies of the therapeutic situation.

The active substance may be administered in a convenient manner such as by injection (subcutaneous, intravenous, etc.), oral administration, inhalation, transdermal application, or rectal administration. Depending on the route of administration, the active substance may be coated in a material to protect the substance from the action of enzymes, acids and other natural conditions that may inactivate the substance.

The compositions described herein can be prepared by <u>per se</u> known methods for the preparation of pharmaceutically acceptable compositions which can be administered to subjects, such that an effective quantity of the active substance is combined in a mixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle. Suitable vehicles are described, for example, in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences (Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company, Easton, Pa., USA 1985). On this basis, the compositions include, albeit not exclusively, solutions of the active substances in association with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable vehicles or diluents, and contained in buffered solutions with a suitable pH and isoosmotic with the physiological fluids.

Based upon their homology to genes encoding kallikrein, nucleic acid molecules of the invention may be also useful in the treatment of conditions such as hypertension, cardiac hypertrophy, arthritis, inflammatory disorders, and blot clotting disorders.

Vectors derived from retroviruses, adenovirus, herpes or vaccinia viruses, or from various bacterial plasmids, may be used to deliver nucleic acid molecules to a targeted organ.

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tissue or cell population. Methods well known to those skilled in the art may be used to construct recombinant vectors which will express antisense nucleic acid molecules of the invention. (See, for example, the techniques described in Sambrook et al (supra) and Ausubel et al (supra)).

The nucleic acid molecules comprising full length cDNA sequences and/or their regulatory elements enable a skilled artisan to use sequences encoding a protein of the invention as an investigative tool in sense (Youssoufian H and H F Lodish 1993 Mol Cell Biol 13:98-104) or antisense (Eguchi et al (1991) Annu Rev Biochem 60:631-652) regulation of gene function. Such technology is well known in the art, and sense or antisense oligomers, or larger fragments, can be designed from various locations along the coding or control regions.

Genes encoding a protein of the invention can be turned off by transfecting a cell or tissue with vectors which express high levels of a desired KLK-L-encoding fragment. Such constructs can inundate cells with untranslatable sense or antisense sequences. Even in the absence of integration into the DNA, such vectors may continue to transcribe RNA molecules until all copies are disabled by endogenous nucleases.

Modifications of gene expression can be obtained by designing antisense molecules, DNA, RNA or PNA, to the regulatory regions of a gene encoding a protein of the invention, ie, the promoters, enhancers, and introns. Preferably, oligonucleotides are derived from the transcription initiation site, eg, between -10 and +10 regions of the leader sequence. The antisense molecules may also be designed so that they block translation of mRNA by preventing the transcript from binding to ribosomes. Inhibition may also be achieved using "triple helix" base-pairing methodology. Triple helix pairing compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors, or regulatory molecules. Therapeutic advances using triplex DNA were reviewed by Gee J E et al (In: Huber B E and B I Carr (1994) Molecular and Immunologic Approaches, Futura Publishing Co, Mt Kisco N.Y.).

Ribozymes are enzymatic RNA molecules that catalyze the specific cleavage of RNA. Ribozymes act by sequence-specific hybridization of the ribozyme molecule to complementary target RNA, followed by endonucleolytic cleavage. The invention therefore contemplates engineered hammerhead motif ribozyme molecules that can specifically and efficiently catalyze endonucleolytic cleavage of sequences encoding a protein of the invention.

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Specific ribozyme cleavage sites within any potential RNA target may initially be identified by scanning the target molecule for ribozyme cleavage sites which include the following sequences, GUA, GUU and GUC. Once the sites are identified, short RNA sequences of between 15 and 20 ribonucleotides corresponding to the region of the target gene containing the cleavage site may be evaluated for secondary structural features which may render the oligonucleotide inoperable. The suitability of candidate targets may also be determined by testing accessibility to hybridization with complementary oligonucleotides using ribonuclease protection assays.

Methods for introducing vectors into cells or tissues include those methods discussed herein and which are suitable for in vivo, in vitro and ex vivo therapy. For ex vivo therapy, vectors may be introduced into stem cells obtained from a patient and clonally propagated for autologous transplant into the same patient (See U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,399,493 and 5,437,994). Delivery by transfection and by liposome are well known in the art.

The nucleic acid molecules disclosed herein may also be used in molecular biology techniques that have not yet been developed, provided the new techniques rely on properties of nucleotide sequences that are currently known, including but not limited to such properties as the triplet genetic code and specific base pair interactions.

The activity of the substances, compounds, antibodies, nucleic acid molecules, and compositions of the invention may be confirmed in animal experimental model systems.

The following non-limiting example is illustrative of the present invention:

Example

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Identification of positive PAC and BAC genomic clones from a human genomic DNA library

The sequence of PSA, KLK1, KLK2, NES1 and Zyme genes is already known. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR)-based amplification protocols have been developed which allowed generation of PCR products specific for each one of these genes. Using these PCR products as probes, labeled with ³²P, a human genomic DNA PAC library and a human genomic DNA BAC library was screened for the purpose of identifying positive clones of approximately 100-150 Kb long. The general strategies for these experiments have been published elsewhere (14). The genomic libraries were spotted in duplicate on nylon membranes and positive clones

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were further confirmed by Southern blot analysis as described (14).

DNA sequences on chromosome 19

The Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory participates in the sequencing of the human genome project and focuses on sequencing chromosome 19. Large sequencing information on this chromosome is available at the website of the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (http://www-bio.llnl.gov/genome/gemnome.html).

Approximately 300 Kb of genomic sequences were obtained from that website, encompassing a region on chromosome 19q13.3 - 13.4, where the known kallikrein genes are localized. This 300 Kb of sequence is represented by 8 contigs of variable lengths. By using a number of different computer programs, an almost contiguous sequence of the region was established as shown diagramatically in Figure 1. Some of the contigs were reversed as shown in Figure 1 in order to reconstruct the area on both strands of DNA.

By using the published sequences of PSA, KLK2, NES1 and Zyme and the computer software BLAST 2, using alignment strategies, the relative positions of these genes on the contiguous map were identified (Figure 1). These known genes served as hallmarks for further studies. An EcoR1 restriction map of the area is also available at the website of the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory. Using this restriction map and the computer program WebCutter (http://www.firstmarket.com/cutter/cut2.html), a restriction study analysis of the available sequence was performed to further confirm the assignment and relative positions of these contigs along chromosome 19. The obtained configuration and the relative location of the known genes are presented in Figure 1.

Gene prediction analysis

For exon prediction analysis of the whole genomic area, a number of different computer programs were used. These programs are listed in **Table 1**. All these programs were initially tested using known genomic sequences of the PSA, Zyme, and NES1 genes. The more reliable computer programs, GeneBuilder (gene prediction), GeneBuilder (exon prediction), Grail 2 and GENEID-3 were selected for further use.

Protein homology searching

Putative exons of the new genes were first translated to the corresponding aminoacid sequences. BLAST homology searching for the proteins encoded by the exons of the putative new genes were performed using the BLASTP program and the Genbank databases.

RESULTS

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Relative position of PSA, KLK2, Zyme and NES1 on Chromosome 19

Screening of the human BAC library identified two clones which were positive for the Zyme gene (clones BAC 288H1 and BAC 76F7). These BACs were further analyzed by PCR and primers specific for PSA, NES1, KLK1 and KLK2. These analyses indicated that both BACs were positive for Zyme, PSA and KLK2 and negative-for KLK1 and NES1 genes.

Screening of the human PAC genomic library identified a PAG-clone which was positive for NES1 (clone PAC 34B1). Further PCR analysis indicated that this PAC clone was positive for NES1 and KLK1 genes and negative for PSA, KLK2 and Zyme. Combination of this information with the EcoR1 restriction map of the region allowed establishment of the relative positions of these four genes. PSA is the most centromeric, followed by KLK2, Zyme and NES1. Further alignment of the known sequences of these genes with the 300 Kb contig enabled precise localization of all four genes and determination of the direction of transcription, as shown by the arrows in Figure 1. The KLK1 gene sequence was not identified on any of these contig and appears to be further telomeric to NES1 (since it is co-localized on the same PAC as NES1).

Identification of new genes :

A set of rules was used to consider the presence of a new gene in the genomic area of interest as follows:

- 20 1. Clusters of at least 3 exons should be found
 - 2. Only exons with high prediction score ("good" or "excellent" quality, as indicated by the searching programs) were considered for the construction of the putative new genes.
 - Exons predicted were reliable only if they were identified by at least two different exon prediction programs.

By using this strategy, eleven putative new genes were identified of which three were found on subsequent homology analysis to be known genes not previously mapped i.e. the human stratum corneum chymotrypsin enzyme (HSCCE), human neuropsin, and trypsin-like serine protease (TLSP). Their relative location is shown in Figure 1. In addition, one other putative new gene (gene UG) was identified which showed no homology, at the protein level, with the kallikrein proteins. The five remaining genes all have variable homologies with known human or animal kallikrein proteins and/or other known serine proteases (depicted as KLK-L1,

KLK-L2, KLK-L3, KLK-L4 and KLK-L5 in Figure 1).

In Tables 2 to 7, the preliminary exon structure and partial protein sequence for each one of the six newly identified genes is shown. In Table 8, some proteins are presented which appear, on preliminary analysis, to be homologous to the proteins encoded by the putative new genes.

DISCUSSION

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Prediction of protein-coding genes in newly sequenced DNA becomes very important after the establishment of large genome sequencing projects. This problem is complicated due to the exon-intron structure of the eukaryotic genes which interrupts the coding sequence in many unequal parts. In order to predict the protein-coding exons and overall gene structure, a number of computer programs were developed. All these programs are based on the combination of potential functional signals with the global statistical properties of known protein-coding regions (15). However, the most powerful approach for gene structure prediction is to combine information about potential functional signals (splice sites, translation start or stop signal etc.) together with the statistical properties of coding sequences (coding potential) along with information about homologies between the predicted protein and known protein families (16).

In mouse and rat, kallikreins are encoded by large multigene families and these genes tend to cluster in groups with a distance as small as 3.3 – 7.0 Kb (3). A strong conservation of gene order between human chromosome 19q13.1 – q13.4 and 17 loci in a 20-cM proximal part of mouse chromosome 7, including the kallikrein locus, has been documented (17).

In humans, only a few kallikrein genes were identified. In fact, only KLK1, KLK2 and KLK3 (PSA) are considered to represent the human kallikrein gene family (9). The work described herein provides strong evidence that a large number of kallikrein-like genes are clustered within a 300Kb region around chromosome 19q13.2 – q13.4. The three established human kallikreins (KLK1, KLK2, KLK3), Zyme and NES1, as well as the stratum corneum chymotrypticn enzyme, neuropsin, and TLSP (trypsin-like serine protease) and another five new genes, KLK-L1 to KLK-L5, may constitute a large gene family. This will bring the total number of kallikrein-like genes in this region of chromosome 19 to thirteen.

The human stratum corneum chymotryptic enzyme (19), neuropsin (20) and trypsin-like serine protease (TLSP) (21) are three previously characterized genes which have many structural

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similarities with the kallikreins and other members of the serine protease family. However, they have not been mapped in the past. Their precise mapping in the region of the kallikrein gene family indicates that these three genes, along with the ones that were newly identified, or are already known, constitute a family that likely originated by duplication of an ancestral gene. The relative localization of all these genes is depicted in Figure 1.

Kallikrein genes are a subfamily of serine proteases, traditionally characterized by their ability to liberate lysyl-bradykinin (kallidin) from kininogen (18). More recently, however, a new, structural concept has emerged to describe kallikreins. From accumulated sequence data, it is now clear that the mouse has many genes with high homology to kallikrein coding sequences (19-20). Richard and co-workers have contributed to the concept of a "kallikrein multigene family" to refer to these genes (21-22). This definition is not based much on specific enzymatic function of the gene product, but more on its sequence homology and their close linkage on mouse chromosome 7. In humans, only KLK1 meets the functional definition of a kallikrein. KLK2 has trypsin-like enzymatic activity and KLK3 (PSA) has very weak chymotrypsin-like enzymatic activity. These activities of KLK2 and KLK3 are not known to liberate biologically active peptides from precursors. Based on the newer definition, members of the kallikrein family include, not only the gene for the kallikrein enzyme; but also genes encoding other homologous proteases, including the enzyme that processes the precursors of the nerve-growth factor and epidermal growth factor (8). Therefore, it is important to note the clear distinction between the enzyme kallikrein and a kallikrein or a kallikrein-like gene.

In carrying out the study only exons were considered which were predicted with "good" or "excellent" quality and only exons were considered which were predicted by at least two different programs. Moreover, the presence of a putative gene was only considered when at least three exons clustered coordinately in that region. Additional evidence that these new genes are indeed homologous to the known kallikreins and other serine proteases comes from comparison of the intron phases. As published previously (14), trypsinogen, PSA and NES1 have 5 coding exons of which the first has intron phase I (the intron occurs after the first nucleotide of the codon), the second has intron phase II (the intron occurs after the second nucleotide and the codon), the third has intron phase I and the fourth-has intron phase 0 (the intron occurs between codons). The fifth exon contains the stop codons The intron phases of the predicted new kallikrein-like genes follow these rules and are shown in the respective tables.

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Further support comes from the identification in the new genes, of the conserved amino acids of the catalytic domain of the serine proteases, as presented in **Tables 2 - 6**.

In order to test the accuracy of the computer programs, known genomic areas containing the PSA, Zyme and KLK2 genes were tested. Two of these programs (Grail 2 and GeneBuilder) were able to detect about 95% of the tested known genes (data not shown). Matches with expressed sequence tag sequences (EST) can also be employed for gene structure prediction in the GeneBuilder program and this can significantly improve the power of the program especially at high stringency (e.g. >95% homology).

In mouse, ten of the kallikrein genes appear to be pseudogenes (9). One of the new genes (UG) does not show homology with the kallikrein genes. However, it has some proein homology with myelin associated glycoprotein (Table 8). There may still be an association between UG and the kallikrein genes since some mouse kallikreins are related to nerve growth factor, as discussed earlier (8) and Zyme as well as neuropsin and TLSP, were found to be highly expressed in brain tissue and it is claimed that Zyme may be related to Alzheimer's disease (11).

Having illustrated and described the principles of the invention in a preferred embodiment, it should be appreciated to those skilled in the art that the invention can be modified in arrangement and detail without departure from such principles. All modifications coming within the scope of the following claims are claimed.

All publications, patents and patent applications referred to herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety to the same extent as if each individual publication, patent or patent application was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference in its entirety.

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 Molecular cloning of a novel trypsin-like-serine protease (neurosin) preferentially

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Table 1. Exon or gene-prediction programs used in this study

No.	Program name	Source	Website or e-mail address
1	GeneBuilder (gene		http://l25.itbaemi.cnr.it/~we
	prediction)	Biomedical Technologies-	bgene/genebuilder.html
2	GeneBuilder(exon	Institute of Advanced	http://l25.itba.mi.cnr.it/~we
	prediction)	Biomedical Technologies	bgene/genebuilder.html
3	ORF gene	Institute of Advanced	http://l25.itba.mi.cnr.it/~we
	J	Biomedical Technologies	bgene/wwworfgene2.html
4	GENEID-3	BioMolecular Engineering	http://apolo.imim.es/geneid.
		Research Center, Boston	html
n		University	(geneid@darwin.bu.edu)
15	Grail 2	Oak Ridge National Laboratory	http://compbio.ornl.gov
16	FGENEH	Baylor College of Medicine,	http://mcrb.bcm.tmc.edu
<u>, †</u>		Houston, Texas	

Houston, Texas—

1. In the final analysis of the sequences programs 1, 2, 4 and 5 only were used.

Table 2. Predicted exons of the putative gene KLK-L1. The translated protein sequences of each exon (open reading frame) are shown.

Exo No	Putative coding region ²	coding	No. of bases	Translated protein sequence	match ³	Intron phase	codon3	triad	ESI Intron Stop Catalytic Extra prediction match phase codon triad program	
•	From(bp) To (t) To (bp)		X 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2					4	- 1
2	2263	2425	163	SLVSGSCSQIINGEDCSPHSQPWQAALVMENELFCSGV LVHPOWVLSAAHCFQ	+	=		ᄄ	A,B,D	- 1
m	2847	3109	263	NSYTIĞLĞLHSLEADQEPGŞQMVEASLSVRHPEYNRPL LAN <u>D</u> LMLIKLDESVSESDTIRSISIASQCPTAGNSCLVSG WOLLANGELT	+	-	•	Ω	A,B,C,D	
4	3180	3317	137	GRAPTULOCVNVSVVSEEVCSKLYDPLYHPSMFCAGG GODOKDSCN	+	0			A,B,C,D	
2	4588	4737	150	GDSGÖPLICNGYLQGLVSFGKAPCGQVGVPGVYTNLC KFTEWIEKTVQAS	+	.`	+	S	A,B,C	
-	min landianian		of or one	ering of exons in comparison to the five coding exons of PSA as described in Ref. 14.	bed in Re	sf.14.				

Conventional numbering of exons in comparison to the live county co

2. Nucleotide numbers refer to the related contig (see text and figure 1).

3. (+) = >95% homology with published human EST sequences.

4.Intron phase:0=the intron occurs between codons;1=the intron occurs after the first nucleotide of the codon;

II=the intron occurs after the second nucleotide of the codon.

5.(+) denotes the exon containing the stop codon. 6.H=histidine,D=aspartic acid,S=serine.The aminoacids of the catalytic triad are bold and underlined. 7. A = GeneBuilder (gene analysis), B = GeneBuilder (exon analysis), C = Grail 2, D = GENEID-3

Table 3. Predicted exons of the putative gene KLK-L2. The translated protein sequences of each exon (open reading frame) are shown and the state of each exon (open reading frame) are shown are shown as the state of each exon (open reading frame) are shown as the state of each exon (open reading frame) are shown as the state of each exon (open reading frame) are shown as the state of each exon (open reading frame) are shown as the state of each exon (open reading frame) are shown as the state of each exon (open reading frame) are shown as the state of each exon (open reading frame) are shown as the state of each exon (open reading frame) are shown as the state of each exon (open reading frame).

									Cutto production
Even	Putative co	Sutative coding sequence	Set No of		ESI	ntron .	Stop Septemb	Catalytic	Intron Stop Catalytic Exon prediction
T S	From(bp)*	To(bp)	haspe		Haten	phase	1000	triad	program
	1000	15 422	23	MATARPPWMWVLCALITALLLGVT	+	_		•	•
<u>-</u>	13,301	10,400	?	MI DOUDE TO TO TO TO THE SECOND OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSO		E	,	ī	ARCD
7-	17,904	18,165	797	EHVLANNDYSCDHESNIYFSGSNQDLOAGAGBUARSUDSSSKIIN GSDCDMHTQPWQAAILLERPNQUYGGAVLVHRQWLLTAAHCRK	+	:	•		
						-		 -	00
m.	18,903	19,159	257	<u>VFRVRLGHYSLSPVYESGQQMFQGVKSIPHPGYSHPGHSN<u>D</u>LMLI vi nddiddthyngdinnschiefsagtkCLVSGWGTTKSPO</u>	+		•	ם	۲,۵
•				Columnia de la companya de la columnia de la column	-	١			رم
4	19,245	19,378	134	VHFPKVLØGLNISVESØKKCEDAN PROLDDI MITCAUDRAUKDSO	.	>			
_+4	*			CONTRACTOR OF TANION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR			+	v.	A.B.C
5	24,232	24,384	153	GDSGGPVVCNGSLQGLVSWGDTPCARPNRFGVTINGCRTINGS OFTIOANS	-	•	-) wa	6-6-6-1
**	7. X								
	* All footn	ootnotes same as	as table 2.						
									-

Table 4. Predicted exons of the putative gene KLK-L3. The translated protein sequences of each exon (open reading frame) are shown

Exon	Putative codi	oding	No. of	Translated protein sequence	EST	Intron	Stop	Catalytic	Catalytic Exon prediction
- Š	region ² From(bp)	To(bp)	bases		match	phase codon	codon	triad	program'
_	70,473	7	112	VHFPTPINHRGGPMEEEGDGMAYHKEALDAGCTFQDP		_		,	A,B,C,D
2	70,764	70,962	199	ACSSLTPLSLIPTPGHGWADTRAIGAEECRPNSQPWQAGLF HLTRLFCGATLISDRWLLTAAHCRK	+	=		H	A,B,C,D
2	73,395	73,687	293	PLTSEACPSRYLWVRLGEHHLWKWEGPEQLFRVTDFFPHP + GFNKDLSANDHNDDIMLIRLPRQARLSPAVQPLNLSQTCV SPGMQCLISGWGAVSSPK	+			Ω	A,B,C,D
4	76,305	76,441	137	ALFPVTLQCANISILENKLCHWAYPGHISDSMLCAGLWEG + GRGSCQ	+	0			A,B,C,D
~	76,884	77633	749	GD <u>§</u> GGPLVCNGTLAGVVSGGAEPCSRPRRPAVYTSVCHYL DWIQEIMEN	•		+	S	A,B
. A∥	l footnotes san	same as table 2.	ble 2.						

Table 5. Predicted exons of the putative gene KLK-L4. The translated protein sequences of each exon (open reading frame) are shown:

•									
Exon	Putative coding	ng region ²	No. of		EST	EST Intron	Stop	Catalytic	Catalytic Exon prediction
Z S Z	From(bp)	To(bp)	bases	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	match	phase	codon	triad	program
. 7	24,945	25,120 176	176	ESSK CGGV	+	11	•	Н	ယ ့
m	25,460	25,728 269	569	GLKVYLOKHALORVEAGEQVREVVHSIPHPEYRRSPTHL NHDHDIMLLEUGSFVQUTGYGTLPLSHNNRLTPGTTCRV	+	I		Q	A,B,C,D
				18.16					
4	26,879	27,015 137	137	VNYPKTLQCANIQLRSDEECRQVYPGKITDNMLCAGTKE GGKDSCE	+	0			A,B,C,D
W 1-2	28,778	28,963	189	GD <u>SGGFL</u> VCNRTLYGIVSWGDFPCGQPDRPGVYTRVSRY VLWIRETIRKÝEŤQQQKŴĽKGFQ <i>®F</i> ŠK®***	+		+	ω.,,	A,B,C
₹ ·	All footnotes sam	ame as table 2	le 2.						;

Table 6. Predicted exons of the putative gene KLK-L5. The translated protein sequences of each exon (open reading frame) are shown.

Exon	Putative codin	ng region'	No. of	Translated protein sequence	EST	Intron	Stop	Catalytic	b Catalytic Exon prediction
Ż	From(bp)	To(bp)	bases		match ³	match phase codon	codon	triad	program
2	1588	1747	160	LSQAATPKIFNGTECGRNSQPWQVGLFEGTSLRCGGV LIDHRWVL TAAHCSO		=		H	A,B,C
3	3592	3851	260	SRYWYRLGEHSLSQLDWTEQIRHSGFSVTHPGYLGAS + TSHEHBLRLLRLRLPVRVTSSVQPLPLPNDCATAGTEC HVSGWGITNHPR	+	_ 、		Ω	A,B,C,D
4	4806	4939	134	NPFPDLLQCLNLSIVSHATCHGVYPGRITSNMVCAGG VPGQDACQ	+	0			A,B,C,D
∦ VIII	footnotes san	rme as table 2.	2.						

Table 7. Predicted exons of the unknown gene UG. The translated protein sequences of each exon (open reading frame) are shown

è	- Marie							
No.	Putative codi From(bp)	ing region' To(bp)	No. of bases	Translated protein sequence	EST match ²	Intron phase ³	Stop codon	Exon prediction program ⁵
_	44,129	44,641	513	PPLSLEPAVPERRTLRNRRSLAALAPLTPDMLLLLLPLL WGRERAEGQTSKILTMQSSYTVQEGLEVHYPCSFSYPS HGWIYPGPVHGYWEREGÄNTDQDAPVATNNPARAV WEETBDFHLLGDPHTKNCTHSIRDARSDÄGRYFFRM PKCSKWMYKHH RI SVNVTAA	+	-	•	B,C
72 ····	44,843	45,121	279	ALTHRPNILIPGTLESGCPONLTCSVPWACEQGIPPMIS WIGTSVSVPLDPSTTRSSVJETEIPQPQBHGTSLFCQVTFPG	+	l-	•	A,B,C,D
"	45.327	45.374	48	YPPQNLTMTVFQGDGT	•	-		A,B,D
4	46,318	46,542	225	<u>EGOSLRLVCAVDAVÐSNPPARLSLSWRGLTLCPSQPSN</u> POVLELPWYHERDÁÅEFTCRAØNPÜGSQQYYLNVSLQ	+	-	•	A,B,C
	47 195	47.283	186	SKATSGVTQQVVQQAGATIALVYFLSFCVIFV	+	0	•	A,B,C,D
0	49,136	49,554	186	GPLTEPWAEDSPEDOPPASARSSYGEGELQYASLSFQ MVKRWDSRCGGEATDTENSEIRIHRWS 325 3	+		+	A,B,C
¥-	l footnotes s	same as table 2.	2					

Table 8. Homology between the predicted amino acid sequences of the newly identified putative genes and protein sequences deposited in Genbank

No.	Gene identity	Homolgous known protein	Identity%
		•	(number of
			amino acids)
i	KLK-L1	Human stratum corneum chymotryptic enzyme	44(101/227)
		Rat kallikrein	40(96/237)
		Mouse glandular kallikrein K22	39(94/236)
		Human glandular kallikrein -	38(93/241)
		Human prostatic specific antigen	37(91/241)
		Human protease M	37(87/229)
2	KLK-L2	Human neuropsin	48(106/219)
		Human stratum corneum chymotryptic enzyme	47(103/216)
		Human protease M	45(99/219)
		Human trypsinogen I	45(100/221)
		Rat trypsinogen	44(98/220)
3	KLK-L3	Human neuropsin	44(109/244)
		Rat trypsinogen 4	39(95/241)
		Human protease M	38(98/253)
		Human glandular kallikrein	37(94/248)
		Human prostatic specific antigen	36(89/242)
4	KLK-L4	Human protease M	52(118/225)
		Human neuropsin	51(116/225)
		Mouse neuropsin	51(116/226)
		Human glandular kallikrein	48(113/234)
		Human prostatic specific antigen	47(108/227)
5	KLK-L5	Human neuropsin	44(81/184)
		Rat trypsinogen I	42(76/178)
		Rat trypsinogen II	42(75/178)
		Human protease M	41(73/178)
6	UG	Human myeloid cell surface antigen CD33	61(144/233)
		Human OB binding protein-2	50(166/328)
		Human OB binding protein-1	43(189/431)
		Human myelin associated glycoprotein	27(86/311)

We Claim:

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- 1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule which comprises:
- (i) a nucleic acid sequence encoding a protein having substantial sequence identity preferably at least 60% sequence identity, with an amino acid sequence of KLK-L1-KLK-L5 as shown in Tables 2 to 6;
- (ii) a nucleic acid sequence encoding a protein comprising with an amino acid sequence of KLK-L1-KLK-L5 as shown in Tables 2 to 6;
- (iii) nucleic acid sequences complementary to (i);
- 10 (iv) a degenerate form of a nucleic acid sequence of (i);
 - (v) a nucleic acid sequence capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions to a nucleic acid sequence in (i), (ii) or (iii);
 - (vi) a nucleic acid sequence encoding a truncation, an analog, an allelic or species variation of a protein comprising with an amino acid sequence of KLK-L1-KLK-L5 as shown in Tables 2 to 6; or
 - (vii) a fragment, or allelic or species variation of (i), (ii) or (iii)

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The invention relates to nucleic acid molecules, proteins encoded by such nucleic acid molecules; and use of the proteins and nucleic acid molecules

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Invention:	Novel Human Ka	llikrein-Like Genes		
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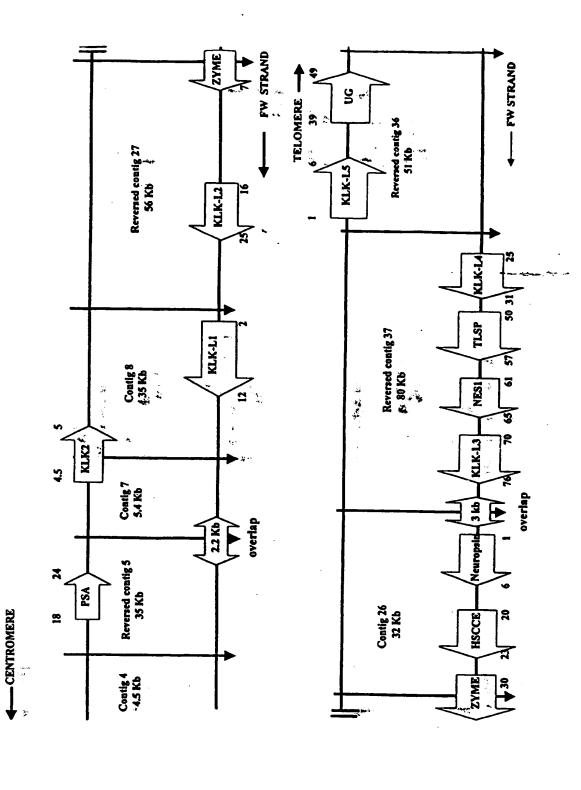
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KLK-L1

AGAGAGAAAAAAAGGAGAGTGGAGTCTAGGATCTGGGCAGGGGTCTCC TCCCTGGGTCCCTAGACCCTGCTGCCAGCCCCTTCTGGGCCCCCAACCAC TGCCTGGTCAGAGTTGAGGCAGCCTGAGAGAGTTGAGCTGGAAGTTTGCA GCACCTGACCCCTGGAACACATCCCCTGGGGGCAGGCCAGCCCAGGCTGA GGATGCTTATAAGCCCCAAGGAGGCCCCTGCGGAGGCAGCAGCTGGAGC TCAGCCCAGCAGTGGAATCCAGGAGCCCAGAGGTGGCCGGGTAAGAGGCC TGGTGGTCCCCCACTAAAAGCCTGCAGTGTTCATGATCCAACTCTCCCTA CAGCTCCATGTCGCTGGATTCTCAGCCTCTGTGCCTTCTGTCTCCACATC TCTCTAGACAGATCTCTCACTGTCTCTAGTTAGGAGTCACTGTCTCTAGT TAGGGGTCTCTCTGTCTCTGAATCTATATCTCCATGTCTAACTCTCAG ACTGTCTCTGAGGATATCTCTCAAGCACTCTGTCTCCCGGCTCTGATTC TCTGTGTGTCTTCCCTCCATGCTTGTTTGTGGGTGGCTAGACACCATCTC TCCCCATTCACAGATGCTAGATGCTTTCTCTAAACTTTCCTTTCTACCT AGTTCTCTCTCTCTTTTTCCCATCTCTCTCTCTCTTTTTCTCTCA TAGATGGTCTAGGCTCTTGCCTACCTAATAACGTCCCAGAGGGAAGAAAG GGAGGGACAAAGAGAGGGATGGAGAGACTTGGGCTGAAGATCCCCAGACA CGGCTAAGTCTCAGTCCTCATCCCCAGGTGCTGACGTGATGGCCACAGCA GGAAATCCCTGGGGCTGGTTCCTGGGGTACCTCATCCTTGGTGTCGCAGG TATCTGAGTATGCGTGTGTGTGTCTGTCCGTGCTTGGGGGCACAGTGTTT GTTAATGTTCAGGTGTGACTCAGTGTCCTCTTGCTTGTGACTGCAAAGCT GCCTGTGAGACGGTACCGTGTTATCCGTCCGCCATGGCTGTGCCCCTGCA ACTCCTTGTATCGTGGTAAATTTGTGTGTGGCAGTGTGCCTGGGTGTGTG GTTGTACCTGTGAGACTCTGACAGTTTGTGCCTCTGAATATCTGGTGGAG TGACAACAGTGTAATGATGATATGGGGACAGGGGAAGCCGAGGGTGCAGG AGATTGTGCTTCCTGGGGCGTGATCCATTGCTGGGAATCTGTGCCTGCTT CCTGGGTCTTCAGTCCTGAGATCCCCCTCTCCCATCCCCAAGGAACTCAC CTCACAGGACTATAAAACGGTGTTTTGGTGTGCATGGGCTTGTGGCTTGG TGTGACTGTGGGCAAGGCTGGGAGAGGATAGGAGTGACTCGGCGCAGGAC CGACTCTTTGAGCATCAGTCTGCGCAGACAAGTGACCCGATCCTTGCTCC CAGCAACAACTCCACCCCTGAGCTTTAATTCACCCCGAAGGACCCGATC CTACCGCTATGAGCCTAGACTCCTCTGTTGAACCCCTCCTGACCGTGGCT TTGCACCGCGATGGCACCAGTCTCACCTCCAGAGCTCACCCCAGAGCCCT GACTCCGCCCCAGAAGCCCTGGTCCCACCTTCTGAGACTGCCTCTAGCCA TAACCCAGCTCTTGAAGCCTTGATGGCGCCCCTGCGCTGTAACCCCAACC CTAGGAGCACTGATCCCGCCTTCTCAGCCCACCCCCATGCCCTGACTCTC

FIGURE 2 (cont'd)

CTCCCAGGAGCCCTGACTACCCTGAATCCCTGACCAGGCTCCTGCACCGT GATCACCGCCCTGGGAGCCCTAGGCCTATATCCTGGACCAGCCCCTGAA GCTCCGATCATGACCCCTGCACCATAACCCCACCCCAGGAGCCCTGGGT CCGCCCCTGGGCCCGCCCCAGCCCTGACTCGGCCCCCAAGAGTCCTG **ACTGCTCCTGAAGCCCTGACCACGCCCCTGCTCGGTAACCCCTCCCCAA** GAGCCTGGGCCCGCTCCTGAGCCCGTTCCCAGCCCTGACTCCGGCCCG AGGAGCCCTGACTGCTCCTGAACCTCTGACCACGCCCCTGCTCGGTAAGC CCACCCCAGGAACCCTGGGCCCGCCTCCTGGTCCCGATCCCATCCCTGA CTCCGCCCTCAGGATCTCTCGTCTCTGGTAGCTGCAGCCAAATCATAAAC GGCGAGGACTGCAGCCCGCACTCGCAGCCCTGGCAGGCGCACTGGTCAT (1) GGAAAACGAATTGTTCTGCTCGGGCGTCCTGGTGCATCCGCAGTGGGTGC TGTCAGCCGCACACTGTTTCCAGAAGTGAGTGCAGAGGTAGGGGGAGTGG GCAGGGCCTGGGTCCGGGGGCGGGCCTAATATCAGGCTCATCTTGGGGT GCTCAGGGGGAAACAGCGGTGAAGGCTCTGGGAGGAGGACGGAATGAGCC TGGATCCGGGGAGCCCAGAGGGAAGGGCTGGGAGGCGGGAATCTTGCTTC GGAAGGACTCAGAGAGCCCTGACTTGAAATCTCAGCCCAGTGCTGAGTCT CTAGTGAACTAAGGCAAGTTCTTGTCCCTGAATTTTTGTGAATGAGGATT TGAGACCATGGTTAAGTAGCTCTTAGGGTGTTTAGCGAAGAGGGTGGGGT TGGGGTTAGGAGATGGGGATGGGAATGGGGTTGAAGATGAGAATGGAGGT AAGGATGTAGTTGCCACAAAACTGACCTGCCCTCCGTGGCCCACAG<u>CTCC</u> TACACCATCGGGCTGGGCCTGCACAGTCTTGAGGCCGACCAAGAGCCAGG (2) **GAGCCAGATGGTGGAGGCCAGCCTCTCCGTACGGCACCCAGAGTACAACA** GACCCTTGCTCGCTAACGACCTCATGCTCATGAAGTTGGACGAATCCGTG TCCGAGTCTGACACCATCCGGAGCATCAGGATTGCTTCGGAGTGCCCTAC <u>CGCGGGGAACTCTTGCCTCGTTTCTGGGTGGGGTCTGCTGGGGAACGGTG</u> AGCTCACGGGTGTGTGTCTGCCCTCTTCAAGGAGGTCCTCTGCCCAGTCG CGGGGGCTGACCCAGAGCTCTGCGTCCCAGGCAGAATGCCTACCGTGCTG CAGTGCGTGAACGTGTCGGTGTGTCTGAGGAGGTCTGCAGTAAGCTCTA (3) TGACCCGCTGTACCACCCCAGCATGTTCTGCGCCGGCGGAGGGCAAGACC <u>AGAAGGACTCCTGCAAC</u>GTGAGAGAGGGGAAAGGGGAGGGCAGGCGACTC AGGGAAGGGTGGAGAAGGGGGAGACAGAGACACACAGGGCCGCATGGCGA AACTGAGAGAAACAGAGAAATAAACACAGGAATAAAGAGAAGCAAAGGAA TGCAGTTGACCTTCCAACAGCATGGGGCCTGAGGGCGGTGACCTCCACCC AATAGAAAATCCTCTTATAACTTTTGACTCCCCAAAAACCTGACTAGAAA TAGCCTACTGTTGACGGGGAGCCTTACCAATAACATAAATAGTCGATTTA TGCATACGTTTTATGCATTCATGATATACCTTTGTTGGAATTTTTTGATA TTTCTAAGCTACACAGTTCGTCTGTGAATTTTTTAAATTGTTGCAACTC TCCTAAAATTTTTCTGATGTGTTTATTGAAAAAATCCAAGTATAAGTGGA CTTGTGCAGTTCAAACCAGGGTTGTTCAAGGGTCAAGTGTGTAGCCAGAG GGAAACAGTGACACAGATTCATAGAGGTGAAACACGAAGAGAAACAGGAA AAATCAAGACTCTACAAAGAGGCTGGGCAGGGTGGCTCATGCCTGTAATC CCAGCACTTTGGGAGGCGAGGCAGGGAGATCACTTGAGGTAAGGAGTTCA AGACCAGCCTGGCCAAAATGGTGAAATCCTGTCTGTAGTAAAAATAGAAA 🗝 **AGTTAGCTGGATATGGTGGCAGGCGCCTGTAATCCCAGCTACTTGGGAGG**

FIGURE 2 (cont'd)

KLK-L 2

GGGCCCAGAG TGAAGGCAAG AGAAGGAGTT GAGAGCTCCC TCTGCAAAGT GGCTTGAGTC TCCCCTGGGT AAAATGCAGG GAGAGGGAGG CAGAAAGACA GGGAAGAGGGANAGGGGTGGGG AAGAAAGAGA GAGAGAGAGA GAGACAGAAT AACACAACTA CAGAAACACA GAGAGAAGACA ACAGAGAGCC TGGGACACAG GGACACAGA AGTCAGAGAG AAAAGAGAAGAATAGAGAAAG ACACAAATGG AGACACAGAG GTGTAAAGAA AGAGAGATTA ACAGAGTCCC AGATAGACGC AAAGGGCAG AAGCACAGTT TTCAGGGTGG TGTCTATGAT CATCTTCTTT TTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTT TTTTTGAGAC GGAGTCTCGC TCTGTCGCCC AGGCTGGAGT GCAGTGGGGG GATCTCGGCT CACTGCAAGC TCCGCCTCCC GGGTTCACGC CATTCTCCTG CCTCAGCCTC CCAAGTAGCT GGGACTACAG GCGCCCGCCA CTACGCCCGG CTAATTTTTT TGTATTTTTA GTAGAGACGG GGTTTCACCG TTTTAGCCGG GATGGCCTCG ATCTCCTGAC CTCGTGATCC GCCCGCCTCG GCCTCCCAAA GTGCTGGGAT TACAGGCGTG AGCCACCGCG CCCGGCCATG ATCATCTTCT TGACTATGCT GATGTGACAA GTACCTAAAG CCATCAGACT CTACCCTTTA AATATGCAGT TTGGGCCAGG CACCGTGGCT CATGCCTGTA ATTCCAGCAC TTTGGGAGGC AGAGGTGGGT GAATCACTTG AGGCCAGGAG TTTGAGACCA GCCTGGCCAA CATGGTGAAA CTCTGTCTTT ACTAAAAAA AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAATC AGCCGGGTGT CGTGGGGCAC ACCTGTAATC CCAGCTATGC TGGAGGCTGA GGCACGAGAG TCACTTGAAC CCTGGAGGCG GAGGTTGCAG TGGGCCGAGA TCACATCACC GCCCTCCAGC CTGGGCGACA GAGCAAGACT CTGTCTCAAA TAAATAAATA AACAAACGAA CAAGCAGTTT GTTGTACCTT AGTTATATCT AAAAAAAAA TGCTGTCAAC AAATAGAGCA GAAGTGAAAT AAAGGAAAAT AAATGGGCCA AGAACTCTAA GGTATATTTG ACAAATCATT CAGAACCTTT AAAAAAGAAA GAATCACAGA GGCATAGAAA ,GACAGGGAGG AACAGGGAGA CAGAAACACC TGTGGCCCAA GGAGAACAAA ACAAGGCTCC TAAGACAGAC AGGAGGAGAG AGAGAGAGAG TGAGTGAGAG ACAGACAGAG AAAAAGACAG AGAGAGAGAG ACAGAGACAG AGAGACAGAG AGGCGAGAGG GATAGAAAGA GAGAGAGGG TGGAGAGAGA CACGAGATAT TGAGAGAGAC TCAGAAAGAT AGCCGAGGGA GAACCACAGA GAGATGGAAG AAGACTCTGA GAAAAAACCA GAGACAAAGA*TGGAAAGAGG AGTATEGAGG GTGAAGAGA AGTGGTGGAA TGAGCAAAAT GCAGAGAAGA AAGCAAGCAA TCCAGGCGCC.AAGAATAGTG.ACCCAGAGTT.GGTGAGAAGCACAGATCCTTA.AGGGTGGGGG AGGCAGGGAA GGGGGTGGCC TGGCTTCCGG AGACCCCTCC CCATTCTCCG GGCCAGGGAG GTAGGGAGTG ACATTCCGGA CTGGGTGGGG GGTGCTCTGG GGGTGGAGAT AGGGGGGAGCA GGAGGAGCTA TTGCTAAGGC CCGATAGGCA CCTCATTGCC CGGGAATGTG CCCCAGGGAG CAGTGGGTGG TTATAACTCA GGCCCGGTGC CCAGAGCCCA GGAGGAGGCA GTGGGCAGGA AGGCACAGGC CTGAGAAGTC TGCGGCTGAG CTGGGAGCAA ATCCCCCACC CCCTACCTGG:* GGGAGAGGGC AAGTGAGAGC TGGTGAGGGT GGCTCAGCAG GCAGGGAAGG AGAGGTGTGT GTGCGTCCTG CACCCACATC TTTCTCTGTC CCCTCCTTGC CCTGTCTGGA GGCTGCTAGA CTCCTATCTT CTGAATTCTA TAGTGCCTGG GTCTCAGCGC AGTGCCGATG GTGGCCCGTC CTTGTGGTTC CTCTCTACCT GGGGAAATAA GGTAGGGGAG GGAGGGGAAG TGGGTTAAGG GCTCCCCGGA TCGCCTGGGC CTCCCAACCC TCTGACATTC CCCATCCAGG TGCAGCGGCC ATGGCTACAG CAAGACCCCC CTGGATGTGG GTGCTCTGTG CTCTGATCAC AGCCTTGCTT CTGGGGGTCA CAGGTAACCA GAACTCTGGG GTGGGAGGGT TGTGGGATTG GGAGGACTGT CTCTGCGGCA CTAGAGCGCC TGTCCCCTGG GGAACTGTGT GAGCCTGGGC ATGACTCCGG GACCGGGTGA ATGTGAGTCT CTGTCTGTAC TTGTGGTTGT GCGATCGTAT GTGGCCCTGT GACTGCCACG GTGTGTGTCG GGGAGGGGGA TGCCTTTTCC CATATCAGGT GACTGTGCGG CAGGTGGCAC TGACCCTTTG AGGCTGTGTG TGTGGTTTTG TGATTGTGTG TGCATTTAAG ATTGTGTGTG GCTCCACAGC TGTGTGGGTG AATGCATGTA GCACTGGGGG TGTTCACTGT GTGTTTGGCT GTGTGTGGTG ACTTGGCATT GTATATGACT GCAGGTATCT GCAGTTCCTG TCCCTGAGGT CCCGGGATTG CGTGCAACAA AAGTGGTCAT CACCATGGAA AGCTGTGACT GTGTGCTGCT TGCAGGGGAT TATGTGATTG TGGCTGAGTG TGAGGTTATG GATGGGGGTA TTTGTGACCG TGTGACTACC TGAAGCTCTG TGTAGGGGTG ACTGTATGTG ACTGTGTGTG TCTGTGTGAG GCCGTGTAAA TGCTACTGTA TGTGTGATGG TGCAGCTGTG TGTCTGGAGTA TTCTGTCTCT GCCTGGAGGG ATAGAGGGTG CAGGGGTAGC TATCTCTGGG AGATGGGTGC CAGGTGACTG ACTTGCAGTG TGTGCCTGTG TGCAGAAGAG TATGTGGCAG TCTGAACATC TGTGGAGACAXCGGGATGTGTAGCGTGGGAGT GAGAGACTGTAGGATGAGGGTAGTGGGATGCCC GCTAGGCTGC CCGGGAGCGT GTGTACCTGG AGACAGAGCT GTATGTTAGC TGCACCTGTG GAGGCAACAT GGGCGTGTCT GCAGAACTGC GTGCGTGCTT GGCTGTTACT GCTGTTGTGC

FIGURE 3 (cont'd)

GCGTGGTTCT	TGGGGTGAGT	TCGTGAATGA	TGGTGGTGCC	AGGGCCATCA	GCAAGGGTAA
GAACCAGGCC	GGGCGCGGTG	GCTCACGCCT	GTAATCCCAG	CCCTTTGGGA	GGCCGAGGCA
GGCGGATCAC	CTGAGGTCGG	GAGATCGAGG	CCAGCCTGAC	CAACATGGAG	AACCCCGTCT
CTACTAAAAA	TACAAAAAAT	TAGCTGGTGT	GGTGGCGCGT	GCCTGTAATC	CCAGCTACTC
GGGAGACTGG	GGCAGAAAA	TCGCTTGAAC	CCGGGAGGTG	GAGGTTGCGG	TGAGCCGAGA
TCGCGCCATT	GCACTCCAGC	CTGGGCAACA	AGAGCGAAAC	TCCGTCTCGA	AAGAAAAAA
GAAAAAAAA	AGGGTAAGAA	CCAGTGAATG	GGCACGGGAG	GACTGATGAT	GGAGTGGGGC
ATGCATGTAG	TCTGTAGGTC	TGTGTGTGAG	AGGAGGAGAT	TGACAGGATT	GAGAAGGCAT
GTTTTCATCT	GAGAATTCAG	AAACCTAGGC	CTGCTCTTCC	CCTCCATGTG	GCCCCTAAG
CTGAGCCCTT	CTTTCCTGGT	CCTGCTTTCG	GAACCCTAGC	TCCGCCCATG	AGCTCTGACC
CCACCTCCTT	TCCTCAACCA	CGCCCCTAGG	CCAGACTCTA	GTGGACCCCG	CCTAAGGCCA
CACCCCTTTG	GGCCAGGCTC	CACCCCCTAT	TCTGTGGGTA	CCTTCTAGAA	CCCCCTTCAA
AGTCAGAGCT	TTTTTTTTT	TTTTTTTGGA	GACAGTCTTG	CTCTCTCTCC	CAGGCTGGAG
TGCAGTGGCG	TGATCTCGGC	TCACTGCAAC	CTCTGCCTCC	CAGGTTCAAG	TGATTCTCGT
GCCTCCACCT	CCTGAGTAGC	TGGGATTACA	GGTGCGCGCC	ACCACGCCTG	GCTAATTTTT
CTCTCTTTAC	TAGAGACAGG	GTTTCACCTT	GTTGGCCAGG	CTGGTCTCAA	ACTCCCAACC
TCAGGTGATC	CGCCCACCTC	GGCCTCCCAG	AGTGCTGGGG	TTACAGGCGT	GAGCCACCGC
CCCCAGCCCA	AAGTCAGAGC	TOTTTATAGG	AGACTCTAAC	ATGTAACCCT	GACCCTGGCC
CTAACTAACT	CAATTCCAAA	CCCCTTCCTG	CCTCCAGCCC	TGACCCCACT	CACTGAGGCC
TCACCCCACT	TCTTGAGACC	ACTOCCATCC	CTABAGCCCT	GGTCTCCCTC	CCATCCCCAG
CCTCCACCCC	CCACAGCTTT	GGCACTACCC	CTGAGCTTGT	CCAGGAATCC	TGTACCCAAT
TOTAL COURTER	CATGTAGTTC	TACCCAATTC	CAGGAATCTG	TGAGGTCCAG	TTAGAGTCCA
CTARCCCICA	CTGAGCCTGG	CCTCTCTCTCCT	TGAGCTTGAG	CCTGGGCTTG	AGAGGTGCCA
CTCTTTTTTCT	CCAGGCCCTG	CCCCTGCCCC	CTCAGCATGT	CAGACACCCA	CCCTCTAGCT
CICITATICI	CTTGAGTCTG	AAACCCACCC	CCAGCCCAAG	CCCCGCCTCT	GAGCCCCGCC
CAACCCATTT	TCCGTTCCCA	GAGCATGTTC	TCGCCAACAA	TGATGTTTCC	TGTGACCACC
CCTCTAACAC	CCTCCCTCT	GGGAGCAACC	AGGACCTGGG	AGCTGGGGCC	GGGGAAGACG
CCCGGTCGGA	TGACAGCAGC	AGCCGCATCA	TCAATGGATC	CGACTGCGAT	ATGCACACCC
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AGCCGTGGCA	GCCGCGCTG	TTGCTAAGGC	CCAACCAGCT	CTACTGCGGG	GCGGTGTTGG
AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA	GCCGCGCTG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTG	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA
AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTG	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTG GGGAAGTGGG	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTG
AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GAGGGCTGGT	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGGACGGGG	ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTG AAGTGGGGTT	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTGTCA	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTG TGGAAGGTGA
AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTGG	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GAGGGCTGGT GGATGGGTTG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGACGGGG GGGATGTGGG	ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTG AAGTGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTGTCA GGTCGAGTTG	GGAGTTCCAA GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTG TGGAAGGTGA GGGATAGGAC
AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTGG TAAGGATGGA	GGCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GAGGGCTGGT GGATGGGTTG GTTTTGCGGG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGACGGGG GGGATGTGGG GGAGCAAGGT	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTG AAGTGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA GGGAGGATGA	CTACTGCGG GAAGTGAGTG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTGTCA GGTCGAGTTG GGTTGGAGAG	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTG TGGAAGGTGA GGGATAGGAC GGGAGAGTGT
AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTGG TAAGGATGGA TGTGGTAGGG	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GAGGGCTGGT GGATGGGTTG GTTTTCCGGG AATGGGAAGG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGACGGGG GGGATGTGGG GGAGCAAGGT AGCCAAGGAT	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTG AAGTGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA GGGAGGATGA GGGTTGGATT	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTGG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTGTCA GGTCGAGTTG GGTTGGAGAG TGGGGTTAGG	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTG TGGAAGGTGA GGGATAGGAC GGGAGAGTGT AGCATATATT
AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTGG TAAGGATGGA TGTGGTAGGG TGTTGAATGG	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GAGGGCTGGT GGATGGGTTG GTTTTCCGGG AATGGGAAGG TTTGGGATGG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGATGTGGG GGAGCAAGGT AGCCAAGGAT AGGTGGAATT	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTG AAGTGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA GGGAGGATGA GGGTTGGATT GGGATTGGCT	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTGG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTGTCA GGTCGAGTTG GGTTGGAGAG TGGGGTTAGG TTAGAATTGG	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTG TGGAAGGTGA GGGATAGGAC GGGAGAGTGT AGCATATATT GGGTGGGTGA
AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTGG TAAGGATGGA TGTGGTAGGG TGTTGAATGG AAATCGGGCT	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GAGGGCTGGT GGATGGGTTG GTTTTCCGGG AATGGGAAGG TTTGGGATGG GGGGTGGAAA	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGATGTGGG GGAGCAAGGT AGCCAAGGAT AGGTGGAATT TGAAGATAGC	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTG AAGTGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA GGGAGGATGA GGGTTGGATT GGGATTGGCT ATGGAGATAG	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTGG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTGTCA GGTTGGAGAG TGGGGTTAGG TTAGAATTGG GGTTGAGATT	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGGTGA GGGAGGTGA GGGAGAGGTGT AGCATATATT GGGTGGGTGA GGGAGAGTGT AGCATATATT GGGTGGGTGA
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AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTGG TAAGGATGGA TGTGGTAGGG TGTTGAATGG AAATCGGGCT ATAGAATGAA TGAGAATGAA	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GGATGGGTTG GTTTTGCGGG AATGGGATGG TTTGGGATGG GGGTGGAAA GGGATGGGAAT TATGGTGATG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGATGTGGG GGGACCAAGGT AGCCAAGGAT AGGTGGAATT TGAAGATAGC TGAAGTTTTG GCTTCTGGGT	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA GGGAGGATGA GGGATTGGATT	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTGGGGGGGTGTCA GGTCGAGTTG GGTTGAGAG TGGGGTTAGG TTAGAATTGG GGTTGAGATT GAGATGGTTG TAGAGTTG	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTG TGGAAGGTGA GGGAGAGTGT AGCATATATT GGGTGGGTGA GGGAGCAGAT GATTTGGGCT GAATGGGATG
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AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTAGG TAAGGATGGA TGTGGTAGGG TATGGAATGG AATCCGGGCT ATGAATGAA TGAGAATGCA GGTTTGAAT GGATTGCAT GGATTTCA CAGATGTTCA ACGACCTCA ATCAACCAAGA GCCTTCCATC CCTCCAGTGC ACGGACACT TTGCCAAATT	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GTGGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GGATGGGATG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGACGAGGT AGCCAAGGAT AGCCAAGGAT AGGTGGAATT TGAAGATAGC TGGAGTTTTG GCTTCTGGGT ATGGGGACAG ATGGGATCA CGGCCACTAC ACCATCCCC ACTGAACAGA TCCCTCTGCT TGAGTGTCCA TCCTCTGCT TGAGTGTCCA TCCTCTGCT ACCATCCCA ACCACTACC ACCACTACC ACTGAACAGA TCCCTCTGCT TGAGTGTCCA TCTCATTGTG GCGTGCTCAGG AGCAGATACA AGCAGATACA AGCAGATACA	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA GGGAGGATGA GGGTTGGATT AGGAATAG GGTGGGGTTG AGGAAAGAA GCATGGGATT GGGTGGGTTG AGGAAAGAA GCATGGGATT GGGTGGGTT GGTTGTCAC CACCCTGGCT AGAATTCGTC GGGTCATCT TTCCTGTTTG TCAGAAAAGC TCACAAAAGCA CACTGAGTGC AGACAAAGCA	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTTTCA GGTCGAGTTG GGTTGGAGAG TGGGGTTAGG TTAGGGTTGG GGAGACCAAG GGGCTGGGT TGACCACCC CCACTAAAGA GCTTGGTGT GATTCGTGTC GATTGCGTT GACTGCCC CACTAAAGA GCTTGGTGT GACTGGTCC CACTAAAGA GCTTGGTGT GACTGGTGT TGCGAGGACT TGCGAGGACT TGCGAGGACT TGCGAGGACT GGTACCGTA GGTACCGTA GGTACCGTA GGTACCGTA GGTACCGTA GGACCCCTGT	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTGA TGGAAGGTGA GGGAGAGTGT AGCATATATT GGGTGGGTGA GGGAGCAGAT GATTTGGGCT GAATGGGATGA GGGAGTTGA CTGGGCAG TGGCCACTCT TGTCAGACCC TGCCTGGGGG CATCTCTCCC TCCCTAAGGT CTTACCCGAG CCTGCCAGGT ACATGGACCG TCTCACAGAG TCTCACAGAG TCTCACAGAG
AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTAGG TAAGGATGGA TGTGGTAGGA TGTGGAATGCA ATGAATGCA GGTTTGGAAT GGATTGGAT GGATTGGAT GGATTGCAT GATTGCGTT AGAGTTTCA ACGACCTCA ATCAACCACA GCCTTCCATC CCTCCAGTGC ACGGATAGAT GAGGATAGAT GAGGATAGAT GAGGACACCT TTGCCAAATT CTCATACCCT	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GAGGGCTGGT GGATGGGATG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGACGAGGT AGCCAAGGAT AGCCAAGGAT AGGTGGAATT TGAAGATAGC TGAGGTTTTG GCTTCTGGGT ATGGGGATGA ATGGGATGA ATGGGGATGA ATGGGGATGA ATGGGGATGA ATGGGGATGA ATGCCTCTGCT TCATTGTGT TCTCATTGTG GCGTGCTAAG AGCAGATACA AGCAGATACA AGCAGTTACC TCTTGTGT	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA GGGAGGATGA GGGTTGGATT AGGGAATAG GGTGGGGTTG AGGGAAAGAA GCATGGGATT GGGTGGGGTT GGGTTGTGC TCCCTGTCAC CACCCTGGCT AGAATTCGTC TCCTGTTTT TTCCTGTTTT TCCTGTTTG TCAGAAAAGC ACACTGAGTGC AGACAAAGCA CACTGAGTCA AAATAATGCT AGACAAAGCA AAATAATGCT	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTGTCA GGTCGAGTTG GGTTGAGAG TGGGGTTAGG TTAGAGTTG GGTTGAGATTG GAGATGGTTG GAGATGGTTG GAGACCAAG GGGGCTGGGT TGACCTGCC CACTAAAGA GCTTGGTGT GATACCGACC TGCGAGACT TGCGAGGAT TGCGAGGAT TGCGAGGAT TGCGAGGAT TGCGAGGAT TGCGAGGAT TGCGAGGAT GGTACCGTT GAGCCCTGT GAGCCCTGT	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTGA TGGAAGGTGA GGGAGAGTGT AGCATATATT GGGTGGGTGA GGGAGCAGAT GATTTGGGCT GAATGGGATGA GGGAGGTTGA CTGTCCTC ATCTGGGCAG TGGCCACTCT TGTCAGACCC TGCCTGGGGG CATCTCTCCC TCCTAAGGT CTTACCCGAG CCTGCCAGGT ACATGGAGCG TCTCACAGAG TCTCACAGAG TCTCACAGAG TCTCACAGAG TCTCACAGAG TGTCATTCC
AGCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTAG TGTAGTAGGA TGTGGTAGGC AAATCGGCT ATGAATGCA ATGAATGCA GGTTTGAATCC GATTGGAAT GGATGGTTT GGATTTCA CAGATGTTC ACGACTCA ATCAACGTCT ACCACACC CCTCCAGTGC ACGACACCT TGGCAATT CTCCAACT AGGTTTTTTAG	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGACG GAGGGCTGGT GGATGGGATG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGACGAGGT AGCCAAGGAT AGCCAAGGAT TGAAGATAGC TGAAGTTTTG GCTTCTGGGT ATGGGGACAG ATAGAGATCA CGGCCACTAC ATCCATCCCC ACTGAACAGA TCCCTCTGCT TGAGTGTCCA TCTCATTGTG GCGGCTAAG AGCAGATACA AGCAATTGCC AGCAGTTACA AAACAGGTA	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA GGGAGGATGA GGGTTGGATT GGGATTGGCT ATGGAGATAG GGTGGGGTTG AGGGAAAGAA GCATGGGATT GGGTTGGTGT CCCTGTCAC CACCCTGGCT AGAATTCGTC TCCTTCTT TTCCTGTTTG TCAGAAAAGCA CACTGAGTGC AAAAAGCA AAAAAGCCTG AAAAAGCTCA AAAAAAGCCTG AAAAAAGCCTG AAAAAGCCTG AAAAAAGCCTG	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTGTCA GGTCGAGTTG GGTTGAGAG TGGGGTTAGG TTAGAATTGG GGTTGAGATTG GAGATGGTTG GAGATGGTTG GAGACCAAG GGGGCTGGGT TGACCTGCCC CCACTAAAGA CCTTGGTGTC GATACCGACC ACAGTGCACT TGCGAGGATG TGCAGGATG CGAGGATG CGACTGCTC CACTAGGATG GGTAGAGACT GGGAGGACT CAACTCGGTA GGGCCCTGT GAGCCCCTGT GGGCCCCTGT GGGCCCAGTGCACT GAGCCCCTGT GGGCCCCTGT	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTGA GGGAGAGGTGT AGCATATATT GGGTGGGGTG
AGCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTAGG TAAGGATGGA TGTGTAATGG AAATCGGGCT ATGAATGA TGAGAATGA GGTTTGAAT GGATTGCAT GGATTGCAT GGATTTCA CAGATTTCA ACGACCTCA ATCAACGTCT ACAACCAAGA GCCTTCCATC CCTCCAGTG ACAGATAGAT TGAGAATAGAT TGAGAATAGAT TGCCAACT ACACCAACT ACAGATAGAT TTGCCAACT TTGCCAACT AGTTTTTAG TAATCCCAGC	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GAGGGCTGGT GGATGGGATG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGACGAGGT AGCCAAGGAT AGCCAAGGAT TGAAGATAGC TGAAGTTTTG GCTTCTGGGT ATGGGGACAG ATAGAGATCA CGGCCACTAC ATCCATCCCC ACTGAACAGA TCCCTCTGCT TGAGTGTCCA TCTCATTGTG GCTGCTAAG AGCAGATACA AGCAGTACA AGCAG	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA GGGAGGATGA GGGTTGGATT GGGATTGGCT ATGGAGATAG GGTGGGGTT AGGGAAGAA GCATGGGATT GGGTAGGATT GGGTAGGATT GGGTAGGGTT GGGTTGGTGC TCCTGTCAC CACCCTGGCT AGAATTCGTC TCCTGTTCT TTCCTGTTTG TCAGAAAAGG TGACAAAAGCA CACTGAGTGC AAGACAGTCA AAAAAGGCTG GCAGATCACC GCAGGTCAC GCAGATCACC	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTTCA GGTCGAGTTG GGTTGAGAG TGGGGTTAGG TTAGAATTGG GGTTGAGATTG GAGATGGTTG GAGACCAAG GGGCTGGGT TGACCTGCCC CCACTAAGA ACTCCCACCC CCACTAAGA GCTTGGTGT GATACCGACT TGCGAGGATG GGTAGAGACT GGGAGACT TGCGAGGATG GGTAGAGACT GGACCCTGT GGGCCCTGT GGGCCCTGT GGCCCAGTCAGG TTTGGTCAGG TTTGGTCAGG	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTGA GGGAGAGGTGA GGGAGAGGTGA AGCATATATT GGGTGGGTGA GGAGAGGTGA GGAGAGGTGA GGAGAGGTGA GATTTGGGCT GAATGGGATG AGCGAGTTGA AGCGAGTTGA ACTGGGCAG TGGCCACTCT TGTCAGACCC TCCCTAAGGT CTTACCCGAG CCTGCCAGGT ACATGGAGCG TCTCACAGGA TGTCATTCCC TCCCTAAGGT CTTACCCAGAG TCTCACACAGG TCTCACACAGAG TGTCATTTCC AGTTTTCACACCTG AGTTTTGAGAC
AGCCGTGGCA TGCATCCACA GAGGAGGGTT TCATGGAGGT GGGTTGGTAGG TAAGGATGGA TGTGTAATGG AAATCGGGCT ATGAATGA TGAGAATGA TGAGAATGA GGTTTGAAT GGATTGCAT GGATTTCA CAGATTTCA ACACCAAGA GCCTTCCATC CCTCCAGTG ACAGATAGAT TGAGAATAGAT TGAGACCTCA TCCAGTCT ACACCACTC ACAGATAGAT TGCCAACT TTGCCAACT TTGCCAACT TTGCCAACT TTGCCAACT TTGCCAACT TTGCCAACT AGTTTTTTAG TAATCCCAGC TAGCCTGGCC	GGCCGCGCTG GTGGCTGCTC GTGGCTGCTC GGTGGGGACG GAGGGCTGGT GGATGGGATG	TTGCTAAGGC ACGGCCGCCC GGGAAGTGGG GGGACGAGGT AGCCAAGGAT AGCCAAGGAT TGAAGATAGC TGAAGTTTTG GCTTCTGGGT ATGGGGACAG ATAGAGATCA CGGCCACTAC ATCCATCCCC ACTGAACAGA TCCCTCTGCT TGAGTGTCCA TCTCATTGTG GCTGCTCAGG AGCAGATACA AGCAGTACA AACACGGTA AACACGGTA AACACGGTA AACTCTGTCT	CCAACCAGCT ACTGCAGGAA GGTGGGGGTT AGCAGGAGGA GGGAGGATGA GGGTTGGATT GGGATTGGATAG GGTGGGGTT AGCAGAGAA GCATGGGATT GGGTAGGATT GGGTAGGATT GGGTAGGGTT GGGTAGGGTT GGGTAGT GGTTGGTG TCCTGTCAC CACCCTGGCT AGAATCGTC TCCTGTTT TTCTTGTTTG TCAGAAAAGG TGACAAAGCA CACTGAGTGC AAGACAGTCA AAAAAAAAAA	CTACTGCGGG GAAGTGAGTG GGGAAGTGGG GGGGGTTCA GGTCGAGTTG GGTTGAGAG TGGGGTTAGG TTAGAATTGG GGTTGAGATTG GAGATGGTTG GAGACCAAG GGGCTGGGT TGACCTGCCC CCACTAAGA ACTCCCACCC CCACTAAGA GCTTGGTGT GATACCGACT TGCGAGGATG GGTAGAGACT GGGCCCTGT GGGCCCTGT GGGCCCTGT GGGCCCTGT GGGCCCTGT GGCCCCTGT GGCCCAGTCAGG TTTGGTCAGG ATACAAAAAT	GCGGTGTTGG GGAGTTCCAA GGTGGGGGTGA GGGAGAGGTGT AGCATATATT GGGTGGGGTG

FIGURE 3 (cont'd)

CCCAGGAGGT GGAGGTTGCA GTGAGCTGAG ATCGTGCCAC TCACTCCAAC CTGGGAGACA GAGTGACACT TTTGTCTCAA AAAGAAAAAA AAAAACAAGT AAAAAAGAAA CAGGTGAAGT TAACTTTAAT AACCCAATGT ATCCCAAATA CAATCATTTC AAAGTGTAAT TAATATAAAA CAATTATGAA. TGAGATACTT TACATECTTT TCTTGTTTTC ATATTAAGTC TTTGAAAGTG AGTATATATG TTATGCTGAC AGCACATCTC AATTTGGACT AGCTACATTT CAGGTGCTCA GTAGCCACAT GTGGCTAGCA GTTACTGTAT TGGATGGCAC GGATCTAGAG GGAAAGATCA GGGCTGTTTT GTATGGTTGG GCAGGTTGTG CACTGCATAA AGATACCATA TCTAATAGGG~ GCACTCCGTG TTACAGATGT CAGTTTTGGC AGTTTTCAGG CGTGTGGTAG TTAAGTGTCT TGTTTCAACA AAATCTGTAA TATGACAGTT TTCTAGCAAG TGCTGGTAAA ATATCTTGAG... GAAGGAAAAG AGAAATCTGG TAGGTATTTT TACAAGAGAA TATTTAATAC AGGGGATTAA TTGCAAAGCT GCTGGAAGGG CTGGAGGAAC AAAGTTAAAA AATAAAAAAC TCTGTGGTCA AGAATCTGCA TAAATAGGGC AATTTCAGAG AGTGGTAAAG GTTAACCCCA AAATAAAACA TGGTTTTAGG ATAGTAAACA ATAAGGGCCA ATATTCAAAA AGGTGGTCAG GGGAGCCTCC TTGGAGAGGT GGCATTTGAG CAGAGAATGG ATGACACAAA GAAGCTAAAC TCGTGAAGTT TAAGGGGAAA GAAAAGGCAC GTGCAAAGGC CCTGAGGCAG TAAGGAATTT GGCTGATTCA AAGAAGAAGA GGAAACCAAT GCAACTGGAG AACAAAAGTG GGGGCAACAG TAGAAAGTGA CGCTGGAGGT GTAGGCAGGG GCGAATGCTC TGCAAGTATT TCTTGGTCAC CAACACAGAG CTTCCCTATG TTCTAATGGA AGCTGTATCT GTTGAGGAAG ACAGAATTTA AAATCAAACT GTTACATCAA CCAGCACCCT TCTCTGTATT CAGGCTCCCA AGGGATCTAG AAGGACGTAA GTTAACAAGC TCTCATTAGC AGGGTGTGTG TTTCAACAGT AGTTAGGAAG CTGGGGATTC AGGAGTACTC CAGTCCCATG GCTATGAAAA GCTCCCCCA AATTGTACAA ACCTGACAAA TGCAACACCT CCCCAGCTCT CCCCATTTCT TCTCTGTGCC CTGGGTGTGG GGGGGTGGGT TGCGAGGGGG AAAACTTTTA ACAGAAGAAA GCACATCTCG GCCGGGCGTG GTGGCTCAGA CCTGTAATCC CAACACTTTG GGAGGCCGAG GCGGGTGGAT CACTAGGTCA GGAGATGGAG. ACCATCCTGG CTGACACGGT GAAACCCTGT CTCTACTAAA AACACAAAAA ATTAGGGGGG CGTGGTGGCA GGCGCCTGTA GTCCCAGCTA CTCGGGAGGC TGAGGCAGGA GAATGGCCTG AACCCGGGAG-GCGGAACTTG-CAGTGAGCCG, AGGTTGCACC, ACTGGACTCC AGGCTGGGCA AAGTGGTGGC ATTTAAAACT ATTTAGCCTT TCTGTAGGCA AGGTTAGTAT CTTGTTTTC CAGACCTCAA GGTGTTTTTT TGTTTGTTTT TTCATACCGG TGTGTGGTCT GGGTGTGGCC ACTAAAAGCT ACAAGCAAGA AATAATAACA ACTACAACAA TACTAATACC AATAGTATAA ANATAATAGC ATCTGGCTAA TTGCTGGACA CTGTTTTAAG TGGTTTGCAT GCCTCAGCTC ATTACTCAT TTACCTGTTA-TTATTGGCCC TATTTTACAA ACAAGGAGCC AAGGCTCAGA* GCAGTTAACT AACAGCCTCT CAAAAGAAAC TCTGCAGAGA TATTAAATTF AAAAAATAAT* GAGAGAAATT AAACCACAAG AAAGTTGAAA TTTAGAGGTA CAGGCAGCTA AGCTTGTTTG CTTTGAAACA GTGTCTGCTA CTGGGAAAAA GGCAAGTCTT GGCTTTCCTA ATAATTGATA CCAGGACTCT GTAATTCATA TTTTGCATGC ATGTAAGTAA GAAATGAAGC CGGGTGCAAT GGCACATGCC AGTAATCCCA GCACTCTGGG AGACTGAAGT GGGAAGATCA CTTGAGCTCA GGAGTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGG GCAACTAAAA ATTAAAAAAA TAAAAATACT AATTGTTTTT ATTTTAGTAG ATTTTATTCA TACCACTTAC ATCATTATTG TAGTATGTAC ATATTTATTT CTTTTCTTTT CTTTTCTTTT CTTTTTGAG ACGGAGTCTC GCTCTGTCAC CCAGGCTGGA GTGCAATGGC ACCATATCAG CTCACTGCAG CATGCGCCTC CTGGGTTCAA GCATTTCTTC CACCTCAGCC TCCCAAGTAG CTGGGATAAC AGGCACCCAC CACCATGCCT GGCTATTTTT TTTTTTCCGT AGAGATGGGG TTCCACCATG TTGGCCAGGC TGGTCTTGAA CTCCTGACCT CCAGTGATCT GCCTGCCTCG GCCTCCCAAA TTGCTGGTAT TACAGGTGTG AGCCACCGTG CCCAGGTGGG AGATAGACAT TTCTCTCTAC CTCAAACAGA GGTCCACTCA AGCTACTTTT CATTTTCTTC ATAAATATTA GCCGAGTGGC TATTTTGCAC CAGGAATGGT TCCAGGTGCT GTGGATATGG CATCAGGCAA AACAGACCAA AAACTTCCTG CCGCGTGGAC CTCATGTTCC AATTAGCCGG GTGTGGTGGC TTGCACCTGT AGTTCCAGCT ACTTGGGAGG CTGAGGTGGG AGAATTGCTT GAGCCCAAAC GTTTGAGGCT GCGGTAAGCC ATGACTGCAC TGCTGCACTC+ CAGACAGCAG CCTGGGTGAC AAAGCAAGAC GTTTTTGTGA GAAAGAAAAA AAAAAGAGAC ... GAAGGGAGGA AGGAGAGGA AAGGAAGGAA GGAAGGAGAA AGAAAGGAAG GAAGGAGAAA *** DAYADDA'KADAAADAAADA. DODAAADAAADA. DODAAADAAA - DOADAAADAAADA GTTGAAGAGC AGTGAGTATT ATTATAGGAG GGTAATTATA GGGAGGTATG GGGAATTGAA GACAGGAAAC ACAAATTAGT CCAAGCGAAT GGATTTCTAT TGGGAGTGAT TCTGCCCCTA

FIGURE 3 (cont'd)

GAAGACACTG GCAATACCAG GAGACATTTT TGGTTGTCAC AACTATATGG AGGGGCATTA CTGGCAACTA ATGGATAGAT GCCAAGTGTG CTGTTCAACA TGCTATGATG CACACGGCAG GCCTCCACAA CAAACCATTA TCCAGCTTCA GATGCCCACA GTGCCCAGAT CGAGGAACCC TCATCCAGGG GCTGAGAACC GTATTTTTGC AGAAGGGAGG TATAAGGATG GGTTGGTGGA GAATGGGGAA GGAAGGTGTG TGTCCAGTAA GAGAAATAAG GCCTGCACAG GCTGGAGGGG AGAGTGAGAG AGAAAGGGAG GCGGAGAGAT ACACGATGAG GGAGACAGGC TGGAACAGAA AGTAGAGACG AAGATTCGAG ATGTGGAGAG GAAGGGTCAC AGACCCCCCC GAAATGATGT GTGGACAACA GGAATCTGGA AGAGGAAGAT GGAGTGGAGA GTGACAAATG GGGTCTAAAG GTTGAACTTG GAGGCCAGGC ATGGTGGCTC ACGCCTGTAA TCCCAACACT TTGGAGGCTG AGGTGGGCGA ATCACTTGAG GCCAGGAGTT CGAGACCAGC CTGGCCAACA TGGTGAAACC CCGTCTCTAC AAAAAAAATA CAAAAATTA GCCGGGTGTG GTGATGGACA CCTGTAGTCA CAGCTACTTG GGAGGCTGAG GCAGGAGAAT TGCTTGAACC CGGGAGATGG AGGCTGCAGT GAGCTGAGGT CAGGCCACTG CGCTCCAACC TGGGCAACAG AGTAAGACTC CATCTCAAAA AAAAAAAGC TGGATTTGGA GTGAAATATT AATAACATTC TCCCTCTCT TCCTTTTGCC TGTGTCTCCA TCTCTGTCTT TTTCTGCATT TCTTCATCTC TGTACTTTCC ATCTCTGTGT GTCTGTTCCC ATCTGCTTCT CCATCTATGG GCATCTCTGG GTCTCTCATG TCTCCTTCTG CCCACTTTGC CACATCTCTG CCTCTCTCAT GCCCCCCTTT CTCTCCTGCA GGGTGATTCT GGGGGGCCTG TGGTCTGCAA TGGCTCCCTG CAGGGACTCG TGTCCTGGGG AGATTACCCT TGTGCCCGGC CCAACAGACC GGGTGTCTAC ACGAACCTCT GCAAGTTCAC CAAGTGGATC CAGGAAACCA TCCAGGCCAA CTCCTGAGTC ATCCCAGGAC TCAGCACACC GGCATCCCCA CCTGCTGCAG GGACAGCCCT GACACTCCTT TCAGACCCTC ATTCCTTCCC AGAGATGTTG AGAATGTTCA TCTCTCCAGC CCCTGACCCC ATGTCTCCTG GACTCAGGGT CTGCTTCCCC CACATTGGGC TGACCGTGTC TCTCTAGTTG AACCCTGGGA ACAATTTCCA AAACTGTCCA GGGCGGGGT TGCGTCTCAA TCTCCCTGGG GCACTTTCAT CCTCAAGCTC AGGGCCCATC CCTTCTCTGC AGCTCTGACC CAAATTTAGT CCCAGAAATA AACTGAGAAG

KLK-L 3

CTTGAACCCA GGAGGCAGAG GTTGCAGTGA GCTGAGATCG CGCCACTGTA CTTCAGCCTG
CCTCTCACAC CAATACTCCG TTTTGGAAAA CAAACAAACA AACAAACAAA CAAAAAACAG
ATGGAGCAAC TGAGAGAGGT CTTGTGACTT GCCCAAAGTC ACACACCTCA TCACTAATCA
CACCTAATCA TTGAGATTTG GACACACATG GTTCAGTTCC AGAGTCCATG CTCCAAACCA
TCACCACACA CTCACAGAC ATTCAAGGGG AGCCCAGACC CAGCTTCATA ACCAGGCUTG
TCACCACCAC AAACTCCAAG CGATCCTAAG TGCCCAGGGG AGGCAAAGAT GGACTCTGCC
TCACCATCTC AGAGATTTCC TGGAGGAGGG AGAATTGAGG TTGGGTGTTG AAGGATGAGT
GGCACTTCAC CACGAAAAGA AGGATATGGA GAAAGACATT CACTCATTCA ATGAACATCT
CCTCACCACT TCTCCAACCC CTGTTCCGCC TGGAACGGGG TGATGCTGGG ACACAGAGAT
CACTUAGACC TEGGCCCAGC CCTCCAGAAG CTGTCCACCT GGTGAGAAGG AATGATGAGG
AGAGAGGCAG GGAGGATGGG GTGATGGAAG GGACAATGGG GTGGGGGGCA GGGAGATGGA
TCAAAAAAT ATATACCAAA TGTTCTCAGG ATTTGGCAAA GATCAGGATG TATTAAGAGA
CACCACACAC CACTTGCTAC CTGGAAGGTT GGGCACCTGG GTCCTTGGGT GGTGGAGCCG
TCCCCARCCC CCCACCTTAT CACAGAGTG GGTTAATCCA GATGGAACCA GATTTCTCAA
CATTOTAGGA GAGGGCCTTG TCCTTGTGGG AAGAGGCCCA AATCCCCAGG GCAGGGAAGG
THOUGH AGG TOTOTA A CO TOTOCAGOTO COTOTOGTOT CTGCCTCACT CCACCIGGAT
TTCCCTCAAT CTTTCCCCTC TTCTGTGTCTCTCCTCCACT CCTCCGTCTCAATCTTGGGTCC
TTCTCTCCCT CTACCTCCCT CTCTTTGTAT CTTTTGCTCT TGTGTCTGAG TCCTGACTCT
GTCTTCCACC CCTCGCTCC TTTCTGGGTG~GTCCCCCTGC~ACATCCCTCC~AGGCTGCCGC
CCCACCTTCC TCTCTCCACA CCACTGCTTT ATCCAAAATA~AACCTGCTGG~ACCCCAGGACE
CTTDAGGCTTC+DAGGATCTCC CTCCTTTTCCTAGGAGAAA&AGATTCTGTA&TCTTGTAGGC®
TARGETCATE ACCARTEACE TETECCACTE TGAAGACCCE AGAGGAGGTG CCCAGAGCCI.
CTCCACACCC CCACCACTCC TCCTCCATTC AGTCAAGGTC®TGGCCCAGGA®AGCCGCCAGT®
TONTOGON NO ACCCCCCTCC CCCTCCACTT ACCTCCTCTCCCAAGGCCCCCTGTCACACCCCCC
CCAGGGCTTE CCCTCCCC AGGTACATTT CCCAACCCCG ATTAATCACA GGGGCGGCCC
CATCGACGAC CAACGACATG GCATGGCTTA CCATAAAGAA GCACTGGACG CCGGGTGCAC
GTTCCAGGAT CCAGGTGCCC AGGGGTCATG AAGCTGGGAGATCCTCTGTGC TCTGGTCTCT
CTGCTGGCAG GTGAGGCTCC CAGGCTGGCT GCCCCTTCAC GGCTGTAGTA-AGGTCACCTT
GCTCTTCCCT CCCATCCCAG GCTTCTGCCT CCTGCCCTCT AGGCTTCTCA GCATCCTCTC
CCTGCCCTCC CAGCCTGCTC TTCGCTGACC CCTTTGTCCC TCATCCCCAC CCCAGGCCAT
GGCTGGGCAG ACACCCGTGC CATCGGGGCC GAGGAATGTC GCCCCAACTC CCAGCCTTGG
CAGGCCGGCC TCTTCCACCT TACTCGGCTC TTCTGTGGGG CGACCCTCAT CAGTGACCGC
TGGCTGCTCA CAGCTGCCCA CTGCCGCAAG CCGTGAGTGA CCCAGGCTGG CCATGCTGGG GAGGGACAGA GGCTGGGGGT CAGGAGAGGG TGAGGGGTGC TTTAGGCCAG AAGTGCGGAG
GAGGGACAGA GGCTGGGGGT CAGGAGAGGG TGAGGGGTAGC TTAGGAGTAG GAAGGGTAGC CTCCCAAATC
CCTCCACTTC TGATACCACA AGTTCAACTC TIAGAAGTAG GAAGGGTAGC CTAAAATTCT AGAGACCAGC AATATCTCAT TTGAGAAGTC TAAGATTCGA AACTTAGGCT
CTAAAATTCT AGAGACCAGC AATATCTCAT TIGAGAAGTC TAAAATTCTAAA ATCTTGAATT CTTCGAATCC GAGACTGACC CAGAGAAATC CAGAATCGTA GAATCCTAAA ATCTTGAATT
TATGAAATC TGCAATAGCC TCAGCAAATT TTAGAATCAT AGATTCGCAG ACTATTAGAA
TATGAAATTC TGCAATAGCC TCAGCAAATT TTAGAATCA ACCCAGCCAC ATGTGTAAGT TCTTAGCAGT CTGGGTCAGC ACTGCCCAGA GGAATTATGA TGCCAGCCAC ATGTGTAAGT
TCTTAGCAGT CTGGGTCAGC ACTGCCCAGA GGAATTATAT TCTAATAGAT TTAAATTTCT GGTGGACACA TTTAAAAAAT AAGGAATGAG TAAAATTAAT TCTAATAGAT
TTAAATTTCT GGTGGACACA TITAAAAAAT AAGGAATGAA AATTTTTAAA TACGTATGAA TTAACTTGAC ATACCCAAAA ACTTATTTTG ACATGTAATC AATTTTTAAA TACGTATGAA
CGATACAGTT TACTTTTGTT TTGGTACTAA GCCTTTGAAA TCTGTTCTGT
CATACAGTT TACTITIGIT TIGGTACTAR GCTTAGTGT-TCAATAGCCA TAATGGCTAG
TGTGATCCTA GAATCTTAAA TTCAGAGCTT TCTAGATTCA TTGAATATTG AAACTCAGAG
TACTAGAATC TITGATTCAC AGTATCCTAG AATATTGAGA TICAGATAAT TCTGTAGTCT
TARACTATT GARTCCCAGA CTCTTARATT TCTARGGTTA-TAGATTTATA GARTGATGAG
ATTCTAGTCT TTCTTTTTT TTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTGAG-ACAGAGTCTC CCTCTATCTC
CCAGGCTGGA*GTGCAGTGGC*ACAATCTCAG CTCACTGCAA*CCTCTGCCTC*TCGGGTTCAA*
CCAGGETGGATGTGCAGTGGGATACTCTCAGTCTCAGTGCACCCATGCCAGCCA
GCAATTCTCC TGCCTCAGCC TCCTGAGTAG CTGGGATTAG AGGACGGGG GTTTCACCAT ATTGGCCAGG
CTGGTCTTGA ACTCCTGACC TTGTGATCTG CCCGCCTCGG CCTCCCAAAG TGCTGGGATT
CIGGICIIGA ACICCIGACO IIGIGIIGIO

FIGURE 4 (cont'd)

ACAGGCGTGA	GCCACCGCGC	CCAGCCAAAA	TTCTAGTCTT	TTTGTCCTAG	AACATTAAAA
TTCTATGTTC	AAATCTTAGA	TTTAATTCAG	ATAATGTTAG	AATCCTGGAG	TTTTTTTGAT
CCAGGGGAAT	CTGGAATGTT	AGAATCTTGG	ATTCATAAAA	CTCTAAACCT	TGAGCCTCTA
GATTCTAGAA	TCATGGATAA	TAGTGTGTCG	GAATCTGAGA	ATTCTAGAAT	CTTAGGTTCT
CCCCATTCTA	ΔΤΑGΤΑΤΟΟΤ	GGAATCCACC	TGATGCAGGA	ATCCTCTCTC	CATTGCCTCT
CAAAAGTGAC	САТССАТАСТ	GTTCCAATTT	TCTTCCCTCC	ATGAGTAAAG	CACTGATTGT
CCTAACACAT	CCTCTCTCCC	AATTTCCCAT	CATGCATTGC	TCCATGATGG	AACCTCCTTT
D D COMPA D C C C	TATACATCAC	ACTECEAGAA	CGATGTTCAG	ATTTCAGCCG	AAAGTGAAGC
AACTIAAGCC	CACACATATC	ACCOCCAGAG	AGAGTGAGAG	GCAGGGGAAG	GGTAGGGGGA
MCA ACCCAMC	CAGAGATATG	CACTACTTT	CCAGATCCAG	AGCCAAGACA	GCAAGAATGA
TGAAGGGATG	CACACACACA	TOTOTOTOTO	TCCCCAACCC	TGAATTCGCA	GTCATTAGCC
CAGAGAGAGA	CAGACACAGA	CACACCCTCC	GGAATGGACT	TGTCATCCCC	GAAAGGATCC
TGCTGCCTAA	TGTCAGAGGI	CAGAGGCIGG	ACAAGTGCGC	TGAGACTGTG	GTGAGGGCTT
CAGCTGTCTA	GGGCATGGAC	CAGAAAIGAA	AGGGTGAAGG	ATATCATAGA	CAGGAAAAGC
AAGGTTAGAC	ACCAGGAAGA	CAIGCAIIGA	TTTTCCATAT	CCCATCCCCT	TTCATACACA
TGAGGCCAGA	GATGACCCCC	AAIIIGGGGA	ATACAGAGCC	CCTCCCACAG	AAGCCACCAG
CGCACACGTA	TACACACACA	CCACTTAGAC	ATGTGGTAGG	TECECTECE	CGTGCCCACA
ACCTGTGGGG	GCAGGGGTGG	GGCGGTTGTT	GCTCCAGGTG	ACTACCCACC	AACCTCCCTC
CCGTTCCTAG	GGACCCAAGT	CACCACCAAG	GTGGGGAGAG	CTACAAACAT	CCACACACAC
ACTCAGCCTG	GGACTAGGAG	CGGGGGCTTT	AGGAGGTGTG	CIACAAAGAI	NANATCACAG
AAAACATCAG	AGTGGGGACC	AGGGACCCAG	AGGAGGIGIG	mcmcmccccrr	CCACACCCTC
TACCCTGGGC	CAGACATAGA	TGATGAGGGT	GCAGAGAGGG	ANACCACTET	TACCTTTCCC
ACACAGCACC	CTGATGGACA	GGAAAAGAGG	GCTGGGGCTG	AAAGGACIII	CCACACCACC
CCAGCTTGAC	CTCTGAGGCC	TGTCCCAGCA	GCTATCTGTG	TACCCACTTC	TTCCCCCACC
ACCTCTGGAA	ATGGGAGGGT	CCGGAGCAGC	TGTTCCGGGT ACCACAATGA	TACGGACIIC	CTGATCCGCC
CTGGCTTCAA	CAAGGACCTC	AGCGCCAATG	TGCAGCCCCT	CAACCTCAGC	CAGACCTGTG
TGCCCAGGCA	GGCACGTCTG	AGTCCTGCTG	GCTGGGGGGC	CCTCTCCAGC	CCCAAGGGTA
TCTCCCCAGG	CATGCAGTGT	CTCATCTCAG	GC 1 GGGGGGC	CGIGICCAGE	CCCALIOC
		MOMORA & A COMM	COMCCOMONO	CCCTCTCTCTCT	
TGACCTGGCC	CAGAACTCTC	TCTGAAACTT	GCTCCCTCAC	CCCTCTGTCT	CTGCCTTTTC
TGACCTGGCC	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC	TCTCTCCTCT	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTGT	CCCTCTGTCT	CTGCCTTTTC ATCTGCCAAT
TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT	TCTCTCCTCT AAGATGCTAG	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTGT CATTTTTAAG	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT	CTGCCTTTTC ATCTGCCAAT ATTTCATGAA
TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG	TCTCTCCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTGT CATTTTAAG AGAAGAAAAA	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG	CTGCCTTTTC ATCTGCCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC
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TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT	TCTCTCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTTT	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTGT CATTTTTAAG AGAAGAAAAA TTTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATTCT TCTCGCTTTG	CTGCCTTTTC ATCTGCCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC
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TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG TGGAGTGCAG CTCTCCGCTT GGGGTCATTT GTAGAGACAG	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT CGGTGTGATC AACCTCCCAA TTTTATTATTATT AGGTTTCACC	TCTCTCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTT ACGGCTCATT GTAGCTGGGA TATTATTATTATT ATATTGGCCA	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTGT CATTTTTAAG AGAAGAAAAA TTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG GCAGCTTTGA TTACAGATAT ATTATTATTA GGCTGGTCTC	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATTCT TCTCGCTTTG ACTCCTGGGC GCACCACCAC TCTTTTTTTT AAATTCCTGA	CTGCCTTTC ATCTGCCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC TCAAGTGATC ATCCCACACC TGTATTTTTA CCTGGTGATC
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TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG TGAGTGCAG CTCTCGCCTC GGGGTCATTT GTAGAGACAG TGCCCGCCTT AATTCTAGTC CTGGAGTTTT AACGTTGAGC AGAATCTTAG CTCTCCATTG TAAAGCACTG GAGGTCTTG TACAAGTGTG AGAATGGGACAT AACAGTGTG AGAATGGGAA	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT CGGTGTGATC AACCTCCCAA TTTTATTATT AGGTTTCACC GGACTCCCAA TTTTTTAAAT TTGATCCAGG CTCTAGATTC ATTCTGGCA ATTCTGGTAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTCTGAAAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTTTAACTT TATGTTGTCC AGCCACTGTA TAAGACCATG	TCTCTCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTT ACGGCTCATT GTAGCTGGGA TATTATTATT ATATTGGCCA AGTGCTGGGA CTAGTCATAT GGAATCTGGA TTCTAATAGT GTGACCATCC AAGATGCTGG AAGCCTTATG AGGCTTATG AGGCTTATG CCTGGCCCAG TCCTCAGAG TCTCTCAGAG	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTT CATTTTAAG AGAGAAAAA TTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG TTACAGATAT ATTATTATTA GGCTGGTCTC AAACAGGCAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT ATCTGGAAT ATCCTGGAAT ATACTGTTCC GTGGGAATTT CTAAAAATTT CTAAAATCTT AGATTTAAAATCTT AGATTTAAAATCTT AGATTTTAAAATCTT AGATTTTAAAATCTTT AGATTTTAAAATCTTT AGATTTTAAAATCTTT AGATTTTAAATCTTTAAAATCTTTAAAATCTTTAACCTGATCACCTCACCTCACCTCACTCA	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATCT TCTCGCTTTG ACTCCTGGGC GCACCACCAC TCTTTTTTTT AAATTCCTGA GAGCCACTGC ATTCAGATAA CTTGGATTCA CACCTGATG AATTTCTTC CCCATCATG CCATCATGT GCTCCCAAA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCATT	CTGCCTTTC ATCTGCCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC TCAAGTGATC ATCCCACACC TGTATTTTTA CCTGGTGATC ACCCAGCCAA TGTTAGAATCT TAAAACTCTA TGAGAATCT CAGGAATCCT CCTCCATGAA ATTGCTCCAT ATTGCTCCAT TGGCAAAGAT GTGCTGAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAATTG
TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG TGAGTGCAG CTCTCGCCTC GGGGTCATTT GTAGAGACAG TGCCCGCCTT AATTCTAGTC CTGGAGTTTT AACGTTGAGC AGAATCTTAG CTCTCCATTG TAAAGCACTG GATGGGACCT GATGGGACCT GATGGGACCT GATGGGACCT GATGGGACCT GAGGTCTTGC TACAAGTGTG AGAATGGGAA GGTCAGTGGA	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT CGGTGTGATC AACCTCCCAA TTTTATTATT TAGGTTCACC GGACTCCCAA TTTTTTAAAT TTGATCCAGG CTCTAGATTC ATTCTGGCA ATTCTGGTAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTTTAACTT TAGTTGTCC AGCCACTGTA TAGACCATG TTAGACCATG	TCTCTCCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTTT ACGGCTCATT GTAGCTGGGA TATTATTATT ATATTGGCCA AGTGCTGGGA CTAGTCATAT GGAATCATG TTCTAATAGT GTGACCATCC AAGATGCTGG AAGCCTTATG AGGCTTATG AGGCTAGTCA CCTGGCCCAG TCTCTCAGAG AGTCTGAATT	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTGT CATTTTAAG AGAGAAAAA TTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG GCAGCTTTGA ATTATTATTA GGCTGGTCTC AAACAGGCAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT ATGCTGGAAT ATACTGTTCC GTGGGAATTT CTAAAAATTT CAAACTCCTG AGATGTTCA AGATGTTTAA TCACGGATCA TCACGGATCA TGTTGCTGCC	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATCT TCTCGCTTTG ACTCCTGGGC GCACCACCAC TCTTTTTTTT AAATTCCTGA GAGCCACTGC ATTCAGATAA CTTGGATTCA CCACCTGATG AATTTCTTC CCATCATGC TTATTATTTT GCCTCCCAAA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCAATAA ATGTGAAATG	CTGCCTTTC ATCTGCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC TCAAGTGATC ATCCCACACC TGTATTTTTA CCTGGTGATC ACCCAGCCAA TGTTAGAATCT TAAAACTCTA TGAGAATCT CAGGAATCCT CCTCCATGAA ATTGCTCCAT TAGCAAAGAT TAGCAAAGAT TGGCTGAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAATTG ACTTGGAAAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAATTG ACTTGGAAAG
TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG TGAGTGCAG CTCTCGCCTT GTAGAGACAG TGCCCGCCTT AATTCTAGTC CTGGAGTTTT AACGTTGAGC AGAATCTTAG CTCTCCATTG TAAAGCACTG GATGGGACCT GATGGGACCT GATGGGACCT TACAAGTGTG AGAATGTTAG AGAATGTTAG AGAATGGGAA TTTATACAA	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT CGGTGTGATC AACCTCCCAA TTTTATTATT TAGGTTCACC GGACTCCCAA TTTTTTAAAT TTGATCCAGG CTCTAGATTC ATTCTGGCA ATTCTGGTAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTTTAACTT TATGTTGTC AGCCACTGTA TAGACCATG TTGGAAAAAC AAGCCAGGTT	TCTCTCCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTTT ACGGCTCATT GTAGCTGGGA TATTATTATT ATATTGGCCA AGTGCTGGGA CTAGTCATAT GGAATCTGGA TTCTAATAGT GTGACCATCC AAGATGCTGG AAGCCTTATG AGGCTAGTCT CCTGGCCCAG TCTCTCAGAG AGTCTGAATT TCTGGATTCA	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTCT CATTTTAAG AGAGAAAAA TTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG GCAGCTTTGA TTACTGATAT ATTATTATTA GGCTGGTCTC AAACAGGCAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT ATGCTGGAAT ATACTGTTCC GTGGGAATTT CTAAAATTT CAAACTCCTG AGATGTTTAA TCACGGATCA TGTTGCTGCC CCTGAAAAAG	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATCT TCTCGCTTTG ACTCCTGGGC GCACCACCAC TCTTTTTTTT AAATTCCTGA GAGCCACTGC ATTCAGATAA CTTGGATTCA CCACCTGATG AATTTCTTC CCCATCATG TATTATTTT GCCTCCCAAA ATGTGAAAAC CTGGACCATT ATTATTTTATT	CTGCCTTTC ATCTGCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC TCAAGTGATC ATCCCACACC TGTATTTTTA CCTGGTGATC ACCCAGCCAA TGTTAGAATCT TAAAACTCTA TGAGAATCCT CCTCCATGAA ATTGCTCCAT ATTGCTCCAT TGGCAAAGAT TGGCAAAAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAATTCT AGCCAAATTCT ACCCAAATTCC
TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG TGAGTGCAG CTCTCCGCTT GTAGAGACAG TGCCCGCCTT AATTCTAGTC CTGGAGTTTT AACGTTGAGC AGAATCTTAG CTCTCCATTG TAAAGCACTG GATGGGACCT GAGGTCTTGC TACAAGTGTG AGAATGGGAA GGTCAGTGGA AGAATGGGAA AGAATGGGAA AAATAGCAA	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT CGGTGTGATC AACCTCCCAA TTTTATTATTAT TTGATCACC GGACTCCCAA TTTTTTAAAT TTGATCCAGG CTCTAGATTC ATTCTGGCA ATTCTGGTAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTTTAACT TAGTTGTCC AGCACTGTA TAGACCATGT TAGACCATGT TAGACCATGT TAGACCAGGTT GCATTGGCCT GCATTGGCCT GCATTGGCCT TTGGAAAAAC TTGGAAAAAC TTGGAAAAAC TTGGAAAAAC TTGGAAAAAC	TCTCTCCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTTT ACGGCTCATT GTAGCTGGGA TATTATTATTAT ATATTGGCCA AGTGCTGGGA CTAGTCATAT GGAATCTGGA TAGAATCATG TTCTAATAGT GTGACCATCC AAGATGCTGG AAGCCTTATG CCTGGCCCAG TCTCTCAGAG AGTCTGAATT TCTGGATTCA AGGTCTGAATT TCTGGATTCA GAGTCTAATGG	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTCT CATTTTAAG AGAAGAAAAA TTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG GCAGCTTTGA TTACAGATAT ATTATTATTA GGCTGGTCTC AAACAGGCAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT ATGTTAGAAT ATACTGGAAT ATACTGGTCC GTGGGAATTT CAAACTCCTG AGATGTTCAAACTCCTG AGATGTTAAA TCACGGATCA TCACGGATCA ATGTTGCTCCC CCTGAAAAAG AGGCTGCCCC	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATCT TCTCGCTTTG ACTCCTGGGC CCACCACCAC ATTCAGATAA CTTGGATTCA TGTCAGAATC CCACCTGATG AATTTCTTC CCCATCATGC TATTATTTT GCCTCCCAAA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCAT ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCAT ATTTGAAGAAC CTTCAGCCAA CTTCAGCCAA	CTGCCTTTC ATCTGCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC TCAAGTGATC ATCCCACACC TGTATTTTTA CCTGGTGATC ACCCAGCCAA TGTTAGAATCT TAAAACTCTA TGAGAATCCT CCTCCATGAA ATTGCTCCAT ATTGCTCCAT GTGCTGAGAT GTGCTGAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAATTG ACTTGGAAAG TCACATTCCC GATAAGTTCT GACATTCCC GATAAGTTCT
TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG TGAGTGCAG CTCTCGCCTC GGAGTCATT GTAGAGACAG TGCCCGCCTT AATTCTAGTC CTGGAGTTTT AACGTTGAGC AGAATCTTAG CTCTCCATTG TAAAGCACTG GATGGGACCT GAGGTCTTGC TACAAGTGTG AGAATGGGAA GGTCAGTGGA TTTTATACAA AAAATAGCAA CTGATTCACT	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT CGGTGTGATC AACCTCCCAA TTTTATTATT TGGTTCACC GGACTCCCAA TTTTTTAAAT TTGATCCAGG CTCTAGATTC ATTCTGGCCA CCTCTGAAAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTTTAACTT TATGTTGTC AGCCACTGTA TATGTTGTC AGCCACTGTA TAGGACCATG TTGGAAAAAC AAGCCAGGTT CCAATGGGCC	TCTCTCCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTTT ACGGCTCATT GTAGCTGGGA TATTATTATT ATATTGGCCA AGTGCTGGGA CTAGTCATAT GGAATCTGGA TAGAATCATG TCTAATAGT GTGACCATCC AAGATGCTGG AAGCCTTATG CCTGGCCCAG TCTCTCAGAG AGTCTGAATT TCTGGATTCA GAGTCAATGG CAAATGGCTCA	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTCT CATTTTAAG AGAAGAAAA TTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG GCAGCTTTGA TTACAGATAT ATTATTATTA GGCTGGTCTC AAACAGGCAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT ATGTTAGAAT ATACTGTTCC GTGGGAATTT CAAACTCCTG AGATGTTCAAACTCCTG AGATGTTAAA TCACGGATCA TCACGGATCA CCTGAAAAAG AGGCTGCCCC CTGTCTCCCT	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATCT TCTCGCTTTG ACTCCTGGGC TCTTTTTTTT AAATTCCTGA GAGCCACTGC ATTCAGATTC CCACCTGATG AATTTCTTC CCATCATGC TTATTATTT GCCTCCCAAA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCATT AATATCTAAA TTTGAAGAAC CTTCAGCCAA GCACAGCCCC	CTGCCTTTC ATCTGCCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC TCAAGTGATC ATCCCACACC TGTATTTTTA CCTGGTGATC ACCCAGCCAA TGTTAGAATCT TAAAACTCTA TGAGAATCCT CCTCCATGAA ATTGCTCCAT GTGCTGAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAATTG ACCTAGAAAGAT CGTTCATCTC CCTCCATGAAAC CGTTCATCTC CGTCAGAATTG CGTTCATCTC CGTCCCCGAC
TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG TGAGTGCAG CTCTCGCCTC GGGGTCATTT GTAGAGACAG TGCCCGCCTT AATTCTAGTC CTGGAGTTTT AACGTTGAGC AGAATCTTAG CTCTCCATTG TAAAGCACTG GATGGGACCT GAGGTCTTGC TACAAGTGTG AGAATGGGAA GGTCAGTGGA TTTTATACAA ACAATAGCACT TTCTGTTTAC TTCTGTTTAC	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT CGGTGTGATC AACCTCCAA TTTTATTATT TGGTTCACC GGACTCCCAA TTTTTTAAAT TTGATCAGG CTCTAGATTC ATTCTGGGCA CCTCTGAAAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTTTAACTT TATGTTGTC AGCCACTGTA TAAGACCATG TTGGAAAAAC AAGCCAGGTT CCAATGGGCC CCAATGGACC CCAATGCACT CCAATGGACC CCAATGCACT CCAATGGACC CCAATGCACT CCAATGCACT CCAATGGACC CCAATGCACT CCAA	TCTCTCCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTTT ACGGCTCATT GTAGCTGGGA TATTATTATT ATATTGGCCA AGTGCTGGGA CTAGTCATAT GGAATCATG TTCTAATAGT GTGACCATCC AAGATGCTGG AAGCCTTATG AGGCTAGTC CCTGGCCCAG TCTCTCAGAG AGTCTGAATT TCTGGATTCA GGGTCAATT TCTGGATTCA GGGTCAATGG CAAATGGCTC TATCATATCC	GCTCCCTCAC CTCTCTCTCT CATTTTAAG AGAAGAAAAA TTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG GCAGCTTTGA TTACAGATAT ATTATTATTA GGCTGGTCTC AAACAGGCAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT ATGTTAGAAT ATACTGTTCC GTGGGAATTT CAAACTCCTG AGATGTTAA TCACGGATCA TCACGGATCA TGTTGCTGCC CCTGAAAAAG AGGCTGCCCC CTTGATGCAT	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATCT TCTCGCTTTG ACTCCTGGGC TCTTTTTTTT AAATTCCTGA GAGCCACTGC ATTCAGATTC CCACCTGATG AATTTTCTTC CCCATCATGC TTATTATTTT GCCTCCCAAA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCATA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCATA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCATA ATTTCAAGAAC CTTCAGCCAA GCACAGCCCC CGGAGCCTGC	CTGCCTTTC ATCTGCCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC TCAAGTGATC ATCCCACACC TGTATTTTTA CCTGGTGATC ACCCAGCCAA TGTTAGAATCT TAAAACTCTA TGAGAATCCT CCTCCATGAA ATTGCTCCAT GAGAATCT TAGCAAAGAT GTGCTGAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAATTG ACCTAGAAATTG ACCTAGAAATTG CGTTCATCTT CGTCCATGAAAG TCACATTCCC GATAAGTTCT CGTCCCCGAC ACCCATGTCT
TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG TGGAGTGCAG CTCTCGCCTC GGGGTCATTT GTAGAGACAG TGCCGCCTT AATTCTAGTC CTGGAGTTTT AACGTTGAGC AGAATCTTAG CTCTCCATTG TAAAGCACTG GATGGGACTT GATGGGACTT ACAAGTGTG AGAATGGGAA GGTCAGTGGA TTTTATACAA AAAATATCAAC TTCTGTTTAC TATATAGATG	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT CGGTGTGATC AACCTCCAA TTTTATTATT AGGTTTCACC GGACTCCCAA TTTTTTAAAT TTGATCCAGG CTCTAGATTC ATTCTGGCA ATTCTGGTAA ATTCTGGTAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTTTAACTT TATGTTGTCC AGCCACTGTA TAGACCATG TAGACAAAC AAGCCAGGTT CCAATGGGCC CCAATGGGCC CAATTCTGTT CACATGTGTA CCATTGGTAT CCAATGGTAT CACATGTGTA CCATTGGTAT CACATGTGTA	TCTCTCCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTTT ACGGCTCATT GTAGCTGGGA TATTATTATT ATATTGGCCA AGTGCTGGGA CTAGTCATAT GGAATCATG TTCTAATAGT GTGACCATCC AAGATGCTGG AAGCCTTATG AGGCTAGTCT CCTGGCCCAG TCTCTCAGAG AGTCTGAATT TCTGGATTCA GAGTCTGAATG CTAGTCAATGG CTATTGAATGC TCTTCAGAG AGTCTGAATT TCTGGATTCA GAGTCAATGC CTATCATATCC TATCATATCC	GCTCCTCAC CTCTCTCTCT CATTTTAAG AGAAGAAAA TTTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG GCAGCTTTGA TTACAGATAT ATTATTATTA GGCTGGTCTC AAACAGGCAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT ATGTTAGAAT ATACTGTGC ATACTGGAAT ATACTGTTCC GTGGGAATTT CAAACTCCTG AGATGTTAA TCACGGATCA TCACGGATCA TGTTGCTGCC CCTGAAAAAG AGGCTGCCCC CTTGATGCAT ATATCCACAT	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATCT TCTCGCTTTG ACTCCTGGGC GCACCACCAC TCTTTTTTT AAATTCCTGA ATTCAGATAA CTTGGATTCA TGTCAGAATC CCACCTGATG AATTTCTTC CCCATCATGC TTATTATTTT GCCTCCCAAA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCAT AATATCTAAA TTTGAAGAAC CTTCAGCCAA GCACAGCCCC CGGAGCCTGC CTATACTGAC CTATACTGAC	CTGCCTTTC ATCTGCCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC TCAAGTGATC ATCCCACACC TGTATTTTTA CCTGGTGATC ACCCAGCCAA TGTTAGAATCT TAGAAATCT CAGGAATCCT CCTCCATGAA ATTGCTCCAT TAGCAAAGAT GTGCTGAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAATTC ACCCAATTCCC GATAAGTTCT CGTCCCCGAC ACCCATGTCT TACACTGTAT
TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG TGGAGTGCAG CTCTCGCCTC GGGGTCATTT GTAGAGACAG TGCCGCCTT AATTCTAGTC CTGGAGTTTT AACGTTGAGC AGAATCTTAG CTCTCCATTG TAAAGCACTG GATGGGACCT GAGGTCTTGC TACAAGTGTG AGAATCGGAA CTGATCACA TTTTATACAA AAATAGCAC TTCTGTTTAC TTCTGTTTAC TTATATACAT CTGGTTTTAC CTGGTTTTAC CTGGTTTTAC CTGGTTTTAC CTGGTTTTAC CTGGTTTTAC	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT CGGTGTGATC AACCTCCAA TTTTATTATT AGGTTTCACC GGACTCCAA TTTTTTAAAT TTGATCCAGG CTCTAGATTC ATTCTGGCA ATTCTGGTAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTTTAACTT TATGTTGTCC AGCCACTGTA TAAGACCATG TTGGAAAAAC AAGCCAGGTT CCAATGGGCC CCAATTCGGTTA CCATTGGTTA TCACTGTTACTT CACATGTGTA TCACATGTTACTT CACATGTGTA TCACATGTGTA TCACATGTGTA TGTCATTGTTC CACATGTGTA TGTCATTGTTT	TCTCTCCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTTT ACGGCTCATT GTAGCTGGA TATTATTATT ATATTGGCCA AGTGCTGGA CTAGTCATAT GGAATCATG TTCTAATAGT GTGACCATCC AAGATGCTGG AAGCCTTATG AGGCTAGTCT CCTGGCCCAG TCTCTCAGAG AGTCTGAATT TCTGGATTCA GAGTCAATGG CAAATGGCTC TATCAATGG CAAATGGCTC TATCAATGG CAAATGGCTC TATCAATGC TATCATATCC TTTATATATCC	GCTCCTCAC CTCTCTCTCT CATTTTAAG AGAAGAAAA TTTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG GCAGCTTTGA TTACAGATAT ATTATTATTA ATTATTATTA ATGTTAGAAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT CTAGAATTTC GTGGGAATTTC CTAAAAATTT CAAACTCCTG AGATGTTTAA TCACGGATCA TCACGGATCA TGTTGCTGCC CCTGAAAAAG AGGCTGCCCC CTGTCCCCT CTTGATGCAT ATATCCACAT TCAGTGACCA	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATCT TCTCGCTTTG ACTCCTGGGC GCACCACCAC TCTTTTTTT AAATTCCTGA ATTCAGATAA CTTGGATTCA CTAGATAC CCACCTGATG AATTTTTTT GCCTCCCAAA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCATT AATTCTAAA TTTGAAGAAC CTTCAGCCAC GCGAGCCTGC CTATACTGAC CTGACCCCC CTGATGC CTTCAGCCAC CTCAGCCCC CTGAGCCCCC CTGAGCCCCC CTGAGCCCCC CTGAGCCCCC CTGAGCCCCC CTGAGCCCCC CTGAGCCCCC CTGAGCCCCC CTGAGCCCCC CTGAGCCTGC CTTTCCTGCA	CTGCCTTTC ATCTGCCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC TCAAGTGATC TCACTCACCC TGTATTTTTA CCTGGTGATC ACCCAGCCAA TGTTAGAATCT TAAAACTCTA TGAGAATCCT CCTCCATGAA ATTGCTCCAT TAGCAAAGAT GTGCTGAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAATTG ACTTGGAAAG TCACATTCCC GATAAGTTCT CGTCCCCGAC ACCCATGTCT TACACTGTAT AATCTCTTTC
TGACCTGGCC ATCTCTGTCT CGATATATTT CTGCGAAGAA CCATTAGATC TGTTTGTTTG TGGAGTGCAG CTCTCGCCTC GGGGTCATTT GTAGAGACAG TGCCGCCTT AATTCTAGTC CTGGAGTTTT AACGTTGAGC AGAATCTTAG CTCTCCATTG TAAAGCACTG GATGGGACCT GAGGTCTTGC TACAAGTGTG AGAATGGGAA CTGATCACAC TTTTATACAA AAAATAGCAC TTCTGTTTAC TATATACAC TTCTGTTTAC CTGTTTACTC CTGTTTACTC CTGTTTACTC CTTTTATCTC	CAGAACTCTC TCTCCTTTTC AACCAAATAT GTGGAAGAAG CCATTGATTA TTTGTTTGTT CGGTGTGATC AACCTCCAA TTTTATTATT AGGTTTACCAGG CTCTAGATTC ATTCTGGCA ATTCTGGCA ATTCTGGTAAAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTCTGAAAA ATTCTGGTAA CCTTTAACTT TATGTTGTCC AGCCACTGTA TAAGACCATG TTGGAAAAAC CAGGTTCAGATTC CCAATGGGCT CCAATGGGCT CCAATGGGCT CAATGGTTA AGTCTGTT CACATGTGTA AGTCTATGTC AGCTGTTA CCATTGTTC CACATGTGTC ACTGCTTCA	TCTCTCCTCT AAGATGCTAG GAGGAGGAGG TATAACACCA TGTTTGTTTT ACGGCTCATT GTAGCTGGA TATATTATT ATATTGCCA AGTGCTGGA CTAGTCATAT GGAATCTGGA TTCTAATAGT GTGACCATCC AAGATGCTGG AAGCCTTATG CCTGGCCCAG TCTCTCAGAG AGTCTGAATT TCTGATTCA GAGTCAATG CCAATGCCCATCC TATATATCC TATATATCC TTATATATCC TTTCCACCCCT	GCTCCTCAC CTCTCTCTCT CATTTTAAG AGAAGAAAA TTTTCTGGAA TGAGACAGGG GCAGCTTTGA TTACAGATAT ATTATTATTA ATTATTATTA ATGTTAGAAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT CTTAGATTTA ATGTTAGAAT CTTAGATTTA CATACTGTGC GTGGGAATTT CTAAAAATTT CAAACTCCTG AGATGTTTAA TCACGGATCA TGTTGCTGCC CCTGAAAAAG AGGCTGCCCC CTGTCTCCCT ATATCACAT TCAGTGACCA TCAGTGACCA TCAGTGACCA TCAGTGACCA TGAGGTCTGG TGAGGGTCTGG TGAGGGACCA TGAGGGTCTGG TGAGACCA TGAGGGTCTGG TGAGGACCA TGAGGGTCTGG TGAGGACCA TGAGGGTCTGG TTTTTTTTAGAGGACCA TGAGGGTCTGG TGAGGGTCTGG TGAGGACCA TGAGGGTCTGG TTTTTTTTTAGAGACA TGAGGGTCTGG TGAGGACCA TGAGGGTCTGG TTTTTTTTTT	CCCTCTGTCT CAGTCTATCT ATGTGCCATT AAGGAGGAGG GACACATTCT TCTCGCTTTG ACTCCTGGGC GCACCACCAC GCACCACCAC ATTCAGATAA CTTGGATTCA TGTCAGAATC CCACCTGATG AATTTCTTC CCCATCATGC TTATTATTTT GCCTCCCAAA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCATA ATGTGAAATG CTGACCCAT AATATCTAAA TTTGAAGAAC CTCAGCCAC CCGGAGCCTGC CGGAGCCTGC CTATACTGAC GCTTTCTTCCTGCA GTCTTTTTCT GCTTCCTGCA GTCTTTTTCT CTGTCTGCA GTCTTTTTCT CTGTCATTCACC CTTTCCTGCA GTCTTTTTCT	CTGCCTTTC ATCTGCCAAT ATTTCATGAA AGGAAAGATC AATTTCAGAG TTGCTCAGGC TCAAGTGATC ATCCCACACC TGTATTTTTA CCTGGTGATC ACCCAGCCAA TGTTAGAATCT TAGAAATCT CAGGAATCCT CCTCCATGAA ATTGCTCCAT TAGCAAAGAT GTGCTGAGAT CGTTCATCTT AGCCAAATTC ACCCAATTCCC GATAAGTTCT CGTCCCCGAC ACCCATGTCT TACACTGTAT

FIGURE 4 (cont'd)

ATCTCGGCTC ACTGCAACCT CCACCTCCTG GGTTTTAAGT GATCCTCCTG CCTCAGCCTC CCGAGTAGET GGGAETACAG GTGTGCAACA GCATGCCCAG CTGATTTTTT GTATTTTCAG TAGAGACGGA GTTTCACCAT GTTGGCCAGG ATGGTCTCAA TCTCTTGAGG~TTGTGATCCG~ CCCGCCTCAG CCTCCCAAAG TGCTAGGGAG TTATATATGC ATCTCCTGTT ATCTCTTGGC TTTTTTTTT TTTTTTGAGA CGGAGTCTTG CTCTGTCTCC CAGGCTGGAG TGCAGTGACC AGTCTCGGCT CACTGCAAGC TCCACCTCCC AGGTTCAAGT GATTCTCGTG; CCTCAGGGTC CCGAGTAGCT GGGATTACAG GCGCCTGCCA CCATGCCTGG CTAATTTTTG TATATTTAGC AGAGATGGGG TTTCACCATG TTGGCTGGGC TGGTCTCAAA CTCCTGACCT CAAGCGATCC GCCGGCCTCG GCCTCCAAAA CACTGGGATT ACAGGCATGA GCCACGGTGC CCGGCCAGCC TCTCTCTCTA CTTGGCCCTC TTCCTCCTTG TCTCCATTTG TTTCTCTTGT GTGCTATGAC TGTCTGTCTG TCACTGTCTC TTGTCTCTAT CTTTGAGAGT CCTAAATGTG GCTCCATTGG TCCTTTGGAA AAGCTGCAGG GAGGACTCAG GGCAGTGGGG TGCTGAGTGT GTTGGAGACA GTTGCAGATC CTTGACAGTT CTCTTCCCTG ACAGCGCTGT TTCCAGTCAC ACTGCAGTGT GCCAACATCA GCATCCTGGA GAACAAACTC TGTCACTGGG CATACCCTGG ACACATCTCG GACAGCATGC TCTGTGCGGG CCTGTGGGAG GGGGGCCGAG GTTCCTGCCA GGTGAGACCT TACTCTGGGG AAAATGAGGC TGTCCTGCCA AGTTTTCTAG GATTTAGGGG AGCAGAGGGG TCGGCCCCCA GCCTTCCTGG GTCAAAATGA GAAGGAGACT GGGATACCTG GTTCCTGGGA GAGGACGGGA CCAGGGCCTG GACTCCTTAG TGTAAAAGAG AAAAGGTCTG GAGGTCCAGA CTTCTGGATC TACAGGAGGA GTGGGCTGGG CGTCCAGAGT CTGAGTCCTC GGGGAGGAGG AGGTTAGGTC CTGEGGGGAG GTGGGCCCTC TGAGCTTTTA CTCCTGGGTC TGAGGAAGAA GAGGCTGGAG* ATGGAGGACT CTCGGATGTT GGAGGAGGAA GGGGCTGGGG CCTTTCTGGG AGGGAGGAAG TGGECCGTGT AATTGTCATG AACAGAGTGG*CCTAACAGTT CCTCTGCCGT** TCTCTCGCGT ACAGGGTGAC TCTGGGGGCC CCCTGGTTTG CAATGGAACC TTGGCAGGGG TEGTETCTEG GEGTECTEAG CCCTECTCCA GACCCCGGCGACCCCGCAGTC-TACACCAGCG TATGECACTA CCTTGACTGG ATCCAAGAAA TCATGGAGAA CTGAGCCCGCCAGCGCCACGGG GGCACCTTGG AAGACCAAGA_GAGGCCGAAG GGCACGGGGT_AGGGGGGTTCT-CGTAGGGTCCC CAGCCTCAAT GGTTCCCGCC CTGGACCTCC AGCTGCCCTG9ACTCCCCTCTGGACACTAAG ACTCCGCCCC TGAGGCTCCG-CCCCTCACG AGGTCAAGCA AGACACAGTC GCGCCCCCTC GGAACGGAGC AGGGACACGC CCTTCAGAGC CCGTCTCTAT GACGTCACCG ACAGCCATCAT CCTCCTTCTT GGAACAGCAC AGCCTGTGGC TCCGCCCCAA GGAACCACTT ACACAAATAWA GCTCCGCCCC TCGGAACTTT GCCCAGTGGG ACTTCCCCTC GGGACTCCAC_CCCTTGTGGC CCCGCCTCCT TCACCAGAGA TCTCGCCCCT CGTGATGTCA GGGGCGCAGT AGCTCCGCCC ACCTGGAGCT CGGGCGGTGT AGAGCTCAGC CCCTTGTGGC CCCGTCCTGG GCGTGTGCTG GGTTTGAATC CTGGCGGAGA CCTGGGGGGA AATTGAGGGA GGGTCTGGAT ACCTTTAGAG CCAATGCAAC GGATGATTTT TCAGTAAACG CGGGAAACCT CA

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ATTAAGAAGG	ACCCAGACAT	ACAACCTCTA	AATTCTGAGG	GTCATCCAGT	AGAATATTCC
ATATATGTAT	ATATGAAATA	TCCTATATCT	GTGCTGTCCA	ATTATCCACT	AGCCCCTTCA
GGCTATTGAA	CATTTGAAAT	ATGGCTGGTG	TGACTTAAGA	ACTGAATTTT	TAATTTAGTT
TTACTTCATT	TTAATTAGTT	TAAATTTAAA	TAGCCACATG	TAGCTAGTGG	CTACCATATT
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TGAAGAACAG	GCCCATGAGG	CTGGACTAGA	GGAAGTCAGA	AGAAAGAGGT	TGGAGATGGG
GTCAAAGAGG	CTGGCAAGGG	CCAGACAGCA	CAGAGTCCTG	CACACCTTGG	GAAGGCTTTT
TCCATTTAT	TTTAAAGAAA	GTTGAGCCTG	GGAACAACAT	CTGACTTTCT	TTGTTTGAAG
AGTCCTCAGC	CTACTTTGAG	AAGACTGGAT	CGGAGGGATG	TAAAAGTGGA	AGGATTTAGG
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TCTCCACATA	ACTGGATATT	TGGGAGATAA	AACCAATAGG	AACTGGTTGT	GAGTGATGAA
CCDARCARCA	GAAGCAAAGA	TGACTCCCAG	GTTTGGGGCT	GAGCACTGAG	GTGGGAAATA
CTGCAGCGAA	CAGTTTTGAT	TGAGAAGAAT	CAAGTTGGGA	ATACAAAGCT	TAAGATGCCT
CTOOACCOATC	CAAATCAACA	GTGTTTGAGT	TTTGAGCTTA	AAGAAGAGTT	CAGGGCTGGA
CATCATTACC	CTATAGCTGG	TATTTAAAGC	CATGGAGGCA	ACCAGTATAT	ATGCAGTGAA
ACCATACACA	GATGGGTGGA	AAGATGATTG	GATGGATGCA	TGGATGGATA	TATGGATAGA
TCCATCCATC	GATGGTTGGA	TTGGATGGAT	GGATGGATGG	ATGGATGGAT	GGATGGATGG
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TCDAATCCAT	CTTCTGGTAG	AATGATATAA	AAAATGCATG	TGGAGAGAAA	GTCAGGCTCC
	TCAGCAACAT				
TOCITACCIA	CCTGAGAAAA	TAATGTCACC	CCTTTGCCCT	AATTCATCTC	CACTTGGTCA
	CTGCCATAGG				
AATCCGACCC	mm> cccca3 3 3	6667677766	A CA A CCCCCAC	CCCTCCTCTC	CCCCCTCCAT
	TTACCCCAAA	CCCAGAAACC	MCMMCCCCMG	CCCTCCTCTC	CCCCIGGMI
CCCAGTTTTC	TAACAATCTC	TCTTCTTTAC	CAGGTGTCTC	CCAGGAGTCT	TCCAAGGTTC
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CCCAGTTTTC TCAACACCAA AGCCCTGGCA ACCCCAAATG CATGGGGTAG TGGAGTTGGA TATGGGGAT GGATGGGGAA ATGGGGAAGAC CTTCTTTCTG TGGAAGCTGG GAAGCCCCA GTCCAGCTCA GCACCACCT CACAGGTGGC AGGTCTGAGG TAGGTTCCTT TGTATCCTTT GAATATATAG ATTATATAGA	TAACAATCTC TGGGACCAGT GGCTGCCCTA GGTCCTCACT GGATGAGAAT GTTAGGGTTG GGTATGGGA GATGTATTTG GTTGGGGCTG CACCCACAGG TGAGCAGGTG CCCACCTGAA CAGGCTACAT GTCGGGTGTC CTGAGGCCCC TATATATAAA ATATAAAATAT AAATATAATAAT TATATAAATTTTATCAATT	TCTTCTTAC GGGTTTCTCC CTAGTGCAAG GCCGCACACT GGGACTGGACA ATAGAATCAA GGGATGGACA ATAGAATCAA GGGATGGGGAT GGGCTCAAAG AGGGAAGTTG CCACGACCAT CCAAACCCTG TGGCTGGGGC ATAGGAGTGG AATATAAATA AAATTCATGA AAGTCTAATA TATATTATAC ATGTATTTTA	CAGGTGTCTC CAGGTGGCTA GGCGGCTACT GTCTAAAGGA TTGTGGATGG TGGGAGTGAG AGTAGGGGAT AGGTAGGATG GGAAATGGGC TTTACCTAGG TCCACTCTAT GACATCATGC CCCCTTTCCC ACCACCACA ACTACAACAA ATATATAAAA TATGAATATA AAAAAGTATA AATATGTATT	CCAGGAGTCT CACCTGCTTC CTGTGGGGGA GTATGTGGGG GTAGAGTTG AATGAGGTTT TTGGATGGGA GAGAAGAAGT TCATCTTCTT CAAGCACGCC CCCCCACCCT TTCTGGAGCT ACAACAACCG GCCCCAGGG AGGGGCAGAG TATATATATT ATATGAGTAT TTATATGATGT CAAATTAAAT TCTGCATAAT	TCCAAGGTTC CCCCACTCTC GTCCTGGTCC GCCGGGGGAG GATTTGAGGA TTGAAGTTGA TTGAAGTTGA TCCTAACCAC CTAGGGCGTG GAATACCGGA GCAGTCCCCG TATGCACCCA ATGGGAGGGA TAAAGTTAGC ATAAATTCAT TATATTATGT GTATTTATA GTATATTATTA
CCCAGTTTTC TCAACACCAA AGCCCTGGCA ACCCCAAATG CATGGGGTAG TGGAGTTGGA TATGGGGAT GGATGGGGAA ATGGGAAGAG CTTCTTTCTG TGGAAGCTGG GAAGCCCA GTCCAGCTCA GCCACCACT CACAGGTGGC AGGTCTGAGG TAGGTTCCTT TGTATCCTTT GAATATATAGT AATTATAAAA TATATAAAAT	TAACAATCTC TGGGACCAGT GGCTGCCCTA GGTCCTCACT GGATGAGAAT GTTAGGGTTG GGTATGGGA GATGTATTTG GTTGGGCTG CACCCACAGG TGAGCAGGTG CCACCTGAA CAGGCTACAT GTCGGGTGTC CTGAGGCCCC TATATATAAA ATATAAATAT AATATAAAT ATATATAATT ATATTAAAT ATATTTAAAT	TCTTCTTAC GGGTTTCTCC CTAGTGCAAG GCCGCACACT GGGACTGGACA ATAGAATCAA GGGATGGGCAT GGGCTCAAAG AGGGAAGTTG CCACGACCAT CCAAACCCTG TGGCTGGGGC ATAGGAGTGAGA ATATAAATA AAATTCATGA AGATCTAATA TATATTATAC TATATTATAT	CAGGTGTCTC CAGGTGGCTA GGCGGCTACT GTCTAAAGGA TTGTGGATGG TGGGAGTGAG AGTAGGGGAT AGGTAGGATAGGCC TTTACCTAGG TCCACTCTAT GACATCATGC CCCCTTTCCC ACCACCACCA CTGGGGAAAC AGTAAATAAA ATATATAAAA TATGAATATA AAAAGTATT AAATGTATTT	CCAGGAGTCT CACCTGCTTC CTGTGGGGGA GTATGTGGGG GGTAGAGTTG AATGAGGTTT TTGGATGGGA GAGAAGAAGT TCATCTTCTT CAAGCACGCC CCCCCACCCT TTCTGGAGCT ACAACAACCG GCCCCCAGGG AGGGGCAGAG TATATATATT TTATATGATTAT TTATATGATTAT TCTGCATAAT TCTGCATAAT TATAAATGTA	TCCAAGGTTC CCCCACTCTC GTCCTGGTCC GCCGGGGAG GATTTGAGGA GTGAGTTGAGA TTGAAGTTGAG TCCTAACCAC CTAGGGCGTG GAATACCGGA GCAGTCCCCG CCTAACCCCT TATGCACCCA ATGGGAGGGA TAAAGTTAGC ATAAATTCAT TATATTATGT GTATTTATA TACATTTATA TACATTTATA
CCCAGTTTTC TCAACACCAA AGCCCTGGCA ACCCCAAATG CATGGGGTAG TGGAGTTGGA TATGGGGATT GGAATGGGGAA CTTCTTTCTG TGGAAGCTGG GAAGCCCCA GTCCAGCTCA GCCACCACCT CACAGGTGGC AGGTCTGAGG TAGGTTCCTT TGTATCCTTT GAATATATAG ATTATATAAAA TATATAAAACT TATTTATATA	TAACAATCTC TGGGACCAGT GGCTGCCCTA GGTCCTCACT GGATGAGAAT GTTAGGGTTG GGTATGGGA GATGTATTTG GTTGGGCTG CACCCACAGG TGAGCAGGTG CCACCTGAA CAGGCTACAT GTCGGGTGTC CTGAGGCCCC TATATATAAA ATATAAATA AATATAAATA AATATAATTA AATATAAATA TTTATCAATT ATATTTAAAT CTGTAAATGA CTGT	TCTTCTTAC GGGTTTCTCC CTAGTGCAAG GCCGCACACT GGGACTGGACA ATAGAATCAA GGGATGGACA AGGATGAGGA AGGGAAGTGGGCAT CCACACCAT CCACACCAT CCACACCAT ATAGAATCAA AATATAAATA AAATTCATGA AGGATCTAATA TATATTATACAT ATATTATATAT ATATTATATAT ATATTATATAT ATATTAT	CAGGTGTCTC CAGGTGGCTA GGCGGCTACT GTCTAAAGGA TTGTGGATGG TGGGAGTGAG AGTAGGGGAT AGGTAGGATGGC TTACCTAGG TCCACTCTAT GACATCATGC CCCCTTTCCC ACCACCACCA CTGGGGAAAC AGTAAATAAA ATATAAAAA TATGAATATA AAAAGTATT AAATGTATT TTATAATATA	CCAGGAGTCT CACCTGCTTC CTGTGGGGGA GTATGTGGGG GGTAGAGTTG AATGAGGTTT TTGGATGGGA GAGAAGAAGT TCATCTTCTT CAAGCACGCC CCCCCACCCT TTCTGGAGCT ACAACAACCG GCCCCAGGG AGGGGCAGAG TATATATATT ATATGAGTAT TTATATGATAT TTATATGATAT TCTGCATAAT TCTGCATAAT TATAAATGTA TATAAATGTA TATAAATGTA TATAAATGTA TATAAATGTA TATAAATGTA TATAAATGTA TATAAATGTA TATAAATGTA	TCCAAGGTTC CCCCACTCTC GTCCTGGTCC GCCGGGGAG GATTTGAGGA GGGGTTGAGA TTGAAGTTGA TAGGTTGGGG TCCTAACCAC CTAGGGCGTG GAATACCGGA GCAGTCCCCG CCTAACCCCT TATGCACCCA ATGGGAGGGA TAAAGTTAGC ATAAATTCAT TATATATATG GTATTTATA ATATAAATG
CCCAGTTTTC TCAACACCAA AGCCCTGGCA ACCCCAAATG CATGGGGTAG TGGAGTTGGA TATGGGGATT GGATGGGGGA CTTCTTTCTG TGGAAGCTCG GAAGCCCCA GTCCAGCTCA GCCACCACCT CACAGGTGGC TAGGTTCCTT TGTATCCTTT GAATATATAG ATTATATAGT AATTATAAAAT TTTATATATTT	TAACAATCTC TGGGACCAGT GGCTGCCCTA GGTCCTCACT GGATGAGAAT GTTAGGGTTG GGTATGGGA GATGTATTTG CTGCCCCCACAGG TGAGCAGGTG CCCACCTGAA CAGGCTACAT GTCGGGTTC CTGAGGCCCC TATATATAAA ATATAAATAT AATATAAAT AATATAAAT TTTATCAATT ATATTAAAT CTGTAAATGA TATATATATA TATATATATA TATATATA	TCTTCTTAC GGGTTTCTCC CTAGTGCAAG GCCGCACACT GGGACTGGGA ATAGAATCAA GAGATGAGGA AGGATGAGGA AGGGAAGTTG CCACACCAT CCACACCAT CCACACCAT ATAGAATCAA AATATAAATA AAATTCATGA AGGATCAGAC ATATATATATA TATATTATA ATTTTATCAT ATATTATCAT AAAATGTTTA	CAGGTGTCTC CAGGTGGCTA GGCGGCTACT GTCTAAAGGA TTGTGGATGG TGGGAGTGAG AGTAGGGGAT AGGTAGGATGGC TTACCTAGG TCCACTCTAT GACATCATGC CCCCTTTCCC ACCACCACCA CTGGGGAAAC AGTAAATAAA ATATATAAAA TATGAATATA AAAAGTATA AAAAGTATT TATAAATATA ATATGAATATA ATATGTATT	CCAGGAGTCT CACCTGCTTC CTGTGGGGGA GTATGTGGGG GGTAGAGTTT TTGGATGGGA GAGAAGAAGT TCATCTTCTT CAAGCACGCC CCCCACCCT TTCTGGAGCT ACAACAACCG GCCCCAGGG AGGGGCAGAG TATATATAT TATATATAT TTATATGAGTAT TCTGCATAAT TCTGCATAAT TATAAATGAT TATAGGTTATT	TCCAAGGTTC CCCCACTCTC GTCCTGGTCC GCCGGGGAG GATTTGAGGA TTGAAGTTGAGA TTGAAGTTGAGA TCCTAACCAC CTAGGGCGTG GAATACCGGA GCAGTCCCCG CCTAACCCCT TATGCACCCA ATGGGAGGGA TAAAGTTAGC ATAAATTCAT TATATTATTA GTATATTATTA GTATATTATA ATATAAAATG AATGAAATGT
CCCAGTTTTC TCAACACCAA AGCCCTGGCA ACCCCAAATG CATGGGGTAG TGGAGTTGGA TTGGGGGGA ATGGGGGAA ATGGGGAACAG CTTCTTTCTG TGGAAGCTGG GAAGCCCA GTCCAGCTCA GCCACCACCT CACAGGTGGC TAGGTTCCTT TGTATCCTTT GAATATATA ATTATATATA TATATATAT TTTATATATA CTAATATATTC CTAATAATTC	TAACAATCTC TGGGACCAGT GGCTGCCCTA GGTCCTCACT GGATGAGAAT GTTAGGGTTG GGTATGGGA GATGTATTTG GTGGGGCTG CACCCACAGG TGAGCAGGTG CCCACCTGAA CAGGCTACAT GTCGGGTGTC CTGAGGCCCC TATATATAAA ATATAAATA AATATAAATA AATATAAATTA TTTATCAATT ATATTAAAT TTTATCAATT ATATTAAAT ATATTAAATAA	TCTTCTTAC GGGTTTCTCC GGGTTTCTCC CTAGTGCAAG GCCGCACACT GGGACTGGACA ATAGAATCAA GAGATGAGGA AGGATGAGGA AGGGAAGTTG CCACGACCAT CCACACCTG TGCTGGGGC ATAGAGTAAA AAATTCATAA AAATTCATAA TATATTATA TATATTATA TATATTATA TATATTAT	CAGGTGTCTC CAGGTGGCTA GGCGGCTACT GTCTAAAGGA TTGTGGATGG TGGGAGTAGG AGTAGGATG GGAAATGGGC TTTACCTAG TCCACTCTAT GACATCATGC CCCCTTTCCC ACCACCACCA CTGGGGAAAC AGTAAATAAA ATATATAAAA TATGAATATA AAAAGTATA AAAAGTATT TTATAATATA ATATATAT	CCAGGAGTCT CACCTGCTTC CTGTGGGGGA GTATGTGGGG GGTAGAGTTT TTGGATGGGA AATGAGGTTT TTGGATGGGA TCATCTTCTT CAAGCACGCC CCCCACCCT TTCTGGAGCT ACAACAACCG GCCCCAGGG AGGGGCAGAG TATATATATT ATATGAGTAT TTATATGAGTAT TCAAATGAGTAT TCAAATGATAT TATAAATGATAT TATAAATGATAT TATAAATGATAT TATAAATGATAT TATAAATGATAT TATAGATTAT TATAGAGTATA TATAGATTAT TATAGATTAT TATAGATTAT TATAGATTAT TATAGATTAT TATAGATTAT TATAGATTAT TATAGATTATAT TATAGATTATA	TCCAAGGTTC CCCCACTCTC GTCCTGGTCC GCCGGGGAG GATTTGAGGA TTGAAGTTGAG TTGAAGTTGAG TCCTAACCAC CTAGGGCGTG GAATACCGGA GCAGTCCCCG CCTAACCCCT TATGCACCCA ATGGGAGGGA TAAAGTTAGC ATAAATTCAT TATATTATTA GTATATTATA ATATAAAATG ATGAAATGT ATGAAATGT ATGAAATGT ATGAAATGT ATGAAATGT ATGAAATGT ATGAAATGT ATGAAATGT ATGAAATGT
CCCAGTTTTC TCAACACCAA AGCCCTGGCA ACCCCAAATG CATGGGGTAG TGGAGTTGGA TATGGGGGAT GGATGGGGGA ATGGGAGACAG CTTCTTTCTG TGGAAGCTGG GAAGCCCA GTCCAGCTCA GCCACCACTT CACAGGTGGC TAGGTTCCTT TGTATCCTTT GAATATATAG ATTATATATA TATATATAT TATATATA	TAACAATCTC TGGGACCAGT GGCTGCCCTA GGTCCTCACT GGATGAGAAT GTTAGGGTTG GGTATGGGA GATGTATTTG GTTGGGGCTG CACCCACAGG TGAGCAGGTG CCCACCTGAA CAGGCTACAT GTCGGGTGTC CTGAGGCCCC TATATATAAA ATATAAATA AATATAAAT TATATAAAT TATATAAAT TATATAAAT CTGTAAATGA TATATATAA TATATATAA TATATATAA TATATTAAAT AATATTAAAT AATATTAAAT AATATTAAAT AATATTAAAT AATATTAAAT AATATTAAAT AATATTAAAT AATATTAAAT AATGTAAATGA TAAAGTTGAT	TCTTCTTAC GGGTTTCTCC CTAGTGCAAG GCCGCACACT GGGACTGGGA ATAGAATCAA GAGATGAGGA GGGATGGGGA GGGATGGGGA CCACACT CCACACCAT CCACACCAT CCACACCAT ATATAAATA AAATTCATGA AGATCTAATA TATATTATA ATTTATATAT ATTTATACAT ATAATTATAT ATTTATCAT ATAATTATAT ATTATATAT ATTATATAT ATAATTATAT ATAATTATAT ATAATTATAT ATAATTATAT ATAATTATAT ATAATTATAT ATAATTCATA ATAATTCATA ATAATTCATA ATAATTCATA ATAATTCATA TAAATTCTAT TAAATTCTTAT GTATATACCG	CAGGTGTCTC CAGGTGGCTA GGCGGCTACT GTCTAAAGGA TTGTGGATGG TGGGAGTAGG AGTAGGGAT AGGTAGGATG GGAAATGGGC TTTACCTAT GACATCATGC CCCCTTTCCC ACCACCACCA CTGGGGAAAC AGTAAATAAA ATATATAAA ATATATATA AAAAGTATT TTATAATATT ATATATAT	CCAGGAGTCT CACCTGCTTC CTGTGGGGGA GTATGTGGGG GTAGAGTTT TTGGATGGGA ATGAGGTTT TTGGATGGGA TCATCTTCTT CAAGCACGCC CCCCACCCT TTCTGGAGCT ACAACAACCG GCCCCAGGG AGGGGCAGAG TATATATAT TATATATAT TATATATAT TATATATAT TCTGCATAAT TATAAATCTA TATAAATCATAC TATGGGTTATT AGTAAGTAT TATGGGTTATT AGTAAGTA	TCCAAGGTTC CCCCACTCTC GTCCTGGTCC GCCGGGGAG GATTTGAGGA TTGAAGTTGAGA TTGAAGTTGAGA TCCTAACCAC CTAGGGCGTG GAATACCGGA GCAGTCCCCG CCTAACCCCT TATGCACCCA ATGGGAGGGA TAAAGTTAGC ATAAATTCAT TATATTATTA GTATATTATTA GTATATTATA ATATAAAATG AATGAAATGT

(7)

FIGURE 5 (cont'd)

CTACCATTET ATCEAACTET CCGTAACTC TTGCCATCCC TGTTCCTGCT TTTCCCATCTC TTAATTCTCT ATTTCTGAGG ATCTCCCTAT TCCAACTCCC*TCTCTCGAAC TTTCTGTCGC*. CACCGCTGGC TCCACCACTC TCCTTATCAA CCTTCCATTC TCTTGTCCCT TCCCTCCTTG TCCTTCCCTC CACTTTTCTC CTCATCTCTC CCTTCGCCTC TCTCCCATGT CCCTCCATAT TTCTGTCACT TCCGTTGCTT TACCCAGATA GGTGCTCATC TCTTCTCCCA TCTTTCTCTT CCCATCTCAA TTTTCTATCT ACTCTTTACC CATTCAACTC GCCTATTTCA CCTTCATCCC ATATCCTATC CAGGTCGGAT ACCTTAGACC TTCTCTTTCT TCTCCCCAGT GAATTACCCC AAAACTCTAC AATGTGCCAA CATCCAACTT CGCTCAGATG AGGAGTGTCG TCAAGTCTAC CCAGGAAAGA TCACTGACAA CATGTTGTGT GCCGGCACAA AAGAGGGTGG CAAAGACTCC <u>TGTGAG</u>GTGA GGCCGGGAGG CTGGTGGGTG CCTTGGACAG GATAGAAAGC CAGAATGGAA GTGACAGATG CTGGGGAAAA AGCTTTGTTT CCAGCCTTAG GGGAACCAAT CTTTATAAGA TACAATGTCC CCTCACATAG GAGGTCAAGA CAAAAAGGGG TACCCAGGGA TGGCAGGAAT AATTCATCAT AAGCCCCAGC TTTGACTGAG TGGCTGCCAA GATCCCTGTG TTGAGATGCA TAAAGGTTGG TATTCTTTCA CTTGTGAGTG ATAGACAACC AACTCAAACT GGCTTAAACA. AAATGCAGGC TITTGTAACT GAAAATCCAG GTTGTCTGGC TTTAGGCACA GATGGATCCA GGTATGCAAA TTGTGTGTTT GGAATTCTGT CTTTCTTTTA ACTCTCAGCT CTTCTTTATT CTGTTTTGGC TTCATTCTCG GTTAGATTCT TCCCATGACA AGATGGCCCC AGCAGCTTTG AGCTTACATC CTACCCTCTA GGCAACCCTA TTAGAAAGAG AACCTCTCTT TTCCAATAGT TCACACAAAA GTCTTAAGCA TGATTCTCAC TAGGCTGACC TAAGTCATGT GTCTTGAGCC ATCACTECAC. CAGAGCTGTG GGATTCTCTG ATGGGCCAAG CCTGAGTCAC ATAGTTÄÄGT GTGGGTGGTG GAGAGGGGCA GGGACAAACT GCATGGATTG GAAGTGGAGA-AGGGGAGTTC CCCAAATGAA AAAATCAGGA GAGGCTGTTA CCAAAATAAG GGGAAATGGG&CAAGTAGAGT#: AGTTCATGCC TGTAATCCCA GCACTTTGGG AGGCTGAGGT GAGAGGATTA CTTGAGGCGA-GGAGTTTGAG ACCAGECTGG GCAACATAGT GAGACTGTGT CTCTACAAAA AGAAAAAAAA GTTTTTAAAT TAGCCAGGTG TGGTGGAGTA CAACTGCAGT CCTAGTTACT CGGGAGGCTG AGGCAGAAGG ACTATTTGAA~CCCAGGAGTT~CAAGGGTGGA GTGAGGTATGÄATCATGCCAC** TGCACTCCAG**CCTGGGTGAT**AGAGGCA*CCTGTCTCTA**AAACAAAAAG**AAATAAATAG*** AGCAAGACAC TGTCTCTAAT. AAAAAAAAAAAAAAATTT AAAAAATGAAT. MGTTTAATTTT 🦟 TTAAAAATAA GAGGAAATGG ATACTACATG AGCAAAAAAT AGCGTTCATG*AATAAAGAAG 🤏 TTGAGATTGG: ATTCAGTGAG: AAAGAGTATG ATACTATATT "AATGATATGT" GCCTTGATGG: #* ATTAGTGATG TCTGCCTTGG GCCCAGGAAG AGAAATAGAC TTACACGTGT GTTGCATACC* CTGCCCAGAT ATGAATGGGT TCACTCAATA GTGAGAGACA CAAATGAGCC TTAAATAGGA GCAGGGTCAG CTGGTGTGGG GCAGGGGGTG ATTTAGTACC AGGGAAACAA AAATGGGTAT GAAGTAAGTT GTTACCATTT TAATGAAACT GAGGAACAGA GAAAAACACA GAAATTTCTC TGTGTCTCTC TTTCTCTGGG CCTATCTCTG TCTTTCTGTC CCTATTTCTG TCTCTTGCTG TCTGTCCCTC TGTGTTTGTC TTCTTGTCTG TTTCTCACTG TCTTCATTGC TTTCTCTCAC ACTGTGTGTG TCTGACTCTG CCTCTCTGAG TCTCCTTCTC TGTGTGTGTC TCTCTCCATC TTTCACTCTC TCCCCACACC TCCCTGTCCC TGCCTTGTTT AGCCCCAGCA AGGACCCACC TCTCTCTCTC TTTCTTTCCC CAACTCAGGG TGACTCTGGG GGCCCCCTGG TCTGTAACAG AACACTGTAT GGCATCGTCT CCTGGGGAGA CTTCCCATGT GGGCAACCTG ACCGGCCTGG TGTCTACACC CGTGTCTCAA GATACGTCCT GTGGATCCGT GAAACAATCC GAAAATATGA <u>AACCCAGCAG CAAAAATGGT TGAAGGGCCC ACAA</u>TAA

KLK-L 5

GTCATATTACATGAGGGCTCTGCTAGACTCCGAAAAACAAAAAACAGCAC AAAGTTCCCTTGTCCTGTGACTCATTCTCTCTCTCTCTTTCTACCATTTC AGAAGTTCTTAGCAAAGAAAAACTTTATGGAATTAGATTGATCCACTTCA TCACCTATTTGGAAGTCTGTTCCTTCAACTCTTCTTCTCTCTGGGACT CTTTCTAGCTTGGGCTTCCTGCCCCTCCCGTCCACTCTCCTGCTTTCACA GCCTCTCCTTCCCCTGCCCCTCCCCTGCACTGCATGGGGATGGGCCCCA GGTGTCCAAGGTCTCCCCACCCTCCTTTGTCACTGGAGTCAGGATTAGAA CCCAGCTCCCTAGTCACCTTGAGTCATCAGTCCTGGGGCTGCTGACGGGC TTGCAGAGGAGAGAGGGAGTGGGGCTGGGTCTTCCCACCCTGGGTCCTTT CCTCCTTCCCCACTCCGTTTAGCTGTAAAGCTCAATTAAGTGTGATTAGC TGAGAAGAGTTTCTGCAGAATTAGAGCACGCCCCACCCCTGTCTTCGTGG TCCCCTTCCCTTAACCCGGAAACTGGATGGGCCAGGACAAAGAGAGTTAA GTTGAGCAACATGACAGGTGGCTGAGGAGCCAGGTGCAGAGTGGTAGAGT AGAGATAGCAGCGACGAGGACAGGCCAAACAGTGACAGCCACGTAGAGGA TCTGGCAGACAAGAGACAAGGTGAGAAGGAGGTAGGCGACTGCCAATGA GGGAGTGACACACAGGGGAGCAGGTAGAGAGAGACAAGCAGGTCATCCC CTTGGTGACCTTCAAAGAGAAGCAGAGAGGGCAGAGGTGGGGGGCACAGG GAAAGGGTGACCTCTGAGATTCCCCTTTTCCCCCAGACTTTGGAAGTGAC CCACCATGGGGCTCAGCATCTTTTTGCTCCTGTGTGTTCTTGGTGAGTTC TCCCGGAGCAGGAGAGGGCAGGACTGCGACTGGATCCCTTCACCCCCAT GAGGAGGCCCACCACCTCCCCATCTCAGCTCTGGCCCCCAGCCTGGTG GTGAGGAGGAGGGGCTTTCTCTGTGCCTCCATTTACCTGCAGCTCTCA GGGTACTGCTCACCTCGGTCTCCCCTATTTTTTGATCCCTCTTCCCTTCT GTCCCTCTGAATCTCTGTCTCTCCATTTCCCTCCTATGTGTAAGCATC TTTCTCCCTGGGTGTCTTTGATGTTTCATGGTCTTTTTCTATCACTGGGT CTCTCTCTTTTCTCTCTTTTCTCGTCTCTTTTCTCCTCTCTCTCTCCC TGCCTGTTTCTCTCTCACTCTGTGTGTCTCTCCATCTCTGTATCTTTT CTTCCTCTCTGACCCATGCCCTGTCTGTCTCCAGGGCTCAGCCAGGC AGCCACACCGAAGATTTTCAATGGCACTGAGTGTGGGCGTAACTCACAGC CGTGGCAGGTGGGGCTGTTTGAGGGCACCAGCCTGCGCTGCGGGGGTGTC CTTATTGACCACAGGTGGGTCCTCACAGCGGCTCACTGCAGCGGCAGGTA AGTCCCTTCCTGGGGTGGGCGAAGGGAGGACTATGGGAAGGCAAGCGCTG GGGGTAGGATCACAAGGGAGGGTGGTGCCCACTGGGAAGAAGCTGATCCT GCAACAAGAGAGTCTGAGGTTAGACCAGGAGTGGAACTTCCTTAGCAGTG GGCCTGGGGTGCTGGCCAGGGTGAGGTATGTTGGGTGGAGGCCCGGG GAGGGTCCTGGAACCTGCCTCCTGCCTCTCCCATTCCTGCATGTACCCT TTCTTTCCTATATGACATCTGCCACTCACCCCAGCCATTCCTTGACCCAG TCTGGGCCCGGGGCCCAGGTCTCACCCAAGCTCTTTTTCTTTTTCTTTTT TTTATTTTTTGAGACAGGGTCTCGCTCTGTCGCCCAGGCTGCTGTGCAA TGGCGTGATCACAGCTCACTGCTGTCTCTGCCTCCCAGGTTCAAGTGATT

FIGURE 6 (cont'd)

CTCCTGCCCCAGCCTCCTGAGTAGCTGGGATTACAGGCACCCGCCACCAT GCCCAGCTAATTTTTGTATTTTTTGTAGAGACAGGGTTTTGCCATGTTGG CCAGGETGGTCTCGAACTCCTGGCCTCAAATGACCTGGCCGTCTTGGCCT CCCAAAGTGCTGGGATTACAGGTGTGAGCCACTGGAGCCGGCCAAGATGA CCCAAACTCTTTGTGCAACTTCAGAATCTATGCCTGGGACCTCTCTGGGC TTTTTTGGAGACAGAGTCTTGCTCTTTCTGTCATCCAAGCTGGAGTGCAG TGATGCTATCTTGGCTCACTACAGCCTCAACCACCTGGGCTCAAGTGATC CTCACACCTCAGCCTCCCAAGGAGCTAAGACTACAGGCCTGCGCCACCAC ACCTGGCTAATTTTTAAATTTTTTTTTGTAGAGACAGGGTTTTGCTATGTT ACCCAGGCTGGTCTCAAACTCCTCAGCTCAAGCAATCTTCCTGCCTTGAC CTCCCAAAGTGCTGGGATTACAGGCATGAGCCACTGTGCCTGGCCTGGAA CTTTTTTTGTGAAAGGGGAGATCAGATGCAAAGAAACAGAGACTCAGGGA GAGAGAGGCCAGCAGCAGGATGCAGAGAGGCCATTCATCAACCCACTCG TTCAATCATGAACCCACTCGTCCACGCATGAGCATGGAGGGCACATGCTC CGTGCCAGGCGGTGGGAATAAGGCAGTGAACAAGGTCCACTGATGTCCCT GCCTTCATGGGCTTCACCAGCCGAGAGAATCAGAAAGAGAGGCCTGGCGC TCACTTGAGGTCAGGAGTTTGAGACCAGCCTGACA@ACATGGTGAAACCT TATCTCTACTAAAAATACAAAAATTAGCTGGGGATGGTGGCATGCTTCTG TAATCCCAGCTACTTGGGAGGCTGAGGCAGGTGAATTGCTTGAACCTGGG AGGTGGAGGTTGTAGTGAGCCAAGATGGTGCCAGTGCACTCCAGGGTGGG GAGAGAGACACAGATGGAGGGACATGGTAGGAGAAACAGGGAACACCCAA GATGGAAAGAGGTGATGGAGGTTGGGAATAAGAGCCTGTAAGAGAGACT CGGAGAATGAGAGTTGCGGGTGAGAGGACAGACAGTGAGGGGGAGAACAG TGGGGAGCGCAGGAGCGCCTGAGTGTCCGTGGAGGGGGTGCAAGGTGGGGC** GACTGCGTGCCTGCCACCGCTCAGCCGTCGCCACCGGCAGCAGGTACTG 3592-3851 GGTGCGCCTGGGGGAACACAGCCTCAGCCAGCTCGACTGGACCGAGCAGA (2) TCCGGCACAGCGGCTTCTCTGTGACCCATCCCGGCTACCTGGGAGCCTCG ACGAGCCACGAGCACGACCTCCGGCTGCTGCGGCTGCCCGTCCG CGTAACCAGCAGCGTTCAACCCCTGCCCCAATGACTGTGCAACCG AGTAAGGGGCCCAGGGCCAGGGGTCAGGGTCAGGATGGGTACAAGTCTG AAGGGTCAGGGTGTGGGATGGGACATCAGGATCATGGTTTGGGGTCAGAG ATTATGGTGGATTGGGGTCTTGGGAGCCAAAGGGGTTAAAGGACTGGGTA TGAAGTCAGGGATCAGAGGTCAGAGGTCAGAGTGTCAGAGGTCATCAC ACTGGAGCAAAAGGCATATATATATATATATGTATGTATAGGATATGGGC ATTGTGGGTCATGGGGTCTGGGGTTAGAGGTCACCGTAGAATTAAGGTCAT... GGGATCCAGAGGTTGTACAATCTGGTCAAAATCTGAGGATGGAAATTGGG ATTCTATCCAAAATCACATATCTGAGATTGGAGGTCATAGCGTTTGGGGT GTGGGGCCCGAAGTTTGGGGTCATGGAGGGTGGGGGCCCAATAAACTAGGA TCAGGGGACACTGGCGTTGGAAGCAGTGAGGTTTGGAAGATGCAGAGCTG AGGTTGGAGGTTAAGGTAAAGACAGGGACATGGGGTCAGGAGACAGAAGA TATGAGATCAAGCTGGGATCATAAGGTAATAAGACAGAAGGTCAAAGATC

FIGURE 6 (cont'd)

ACAGTAGCTGGCATTGAAGAGGGTCAGGTCTGGATTCGTTGTCTCTGACG
CTGGAGAGACAAGAAAGTTCTTGAGTTATGCCACTCAAAGTCAAATGTCA
AAGATCAAAGAGACCGTCAATCATCTGGGGTCATGATTCATATGAAATTA
AGTCATAAATATGTAACTTGGAGGTTTCGGGATTGTAGTACAGGTCGGTG
AGGGGCAGGGGTATTGACATGGATGGGCCACATCCAGGGAAGAGGGACGT
GGCCTCAAAGTGGGGAGATTTAGGGGACCCTGCAGCACGCATGTTCTCTC
TCCAGACCCATTCCCGGATCTGCTCCAGTGCCTCAACCTCTCCATCGTCT
CCCATGCCACCTGCCATGGTGTGTATCCCGGGAGAATCACGAGCAACATG
(3)
GTGTGTGCAGGCGGCGCCCCGGGGCAGGATGCCTGCCAGGTGAGCCAGTG

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